

O.K. SAUCE



Served in the best places

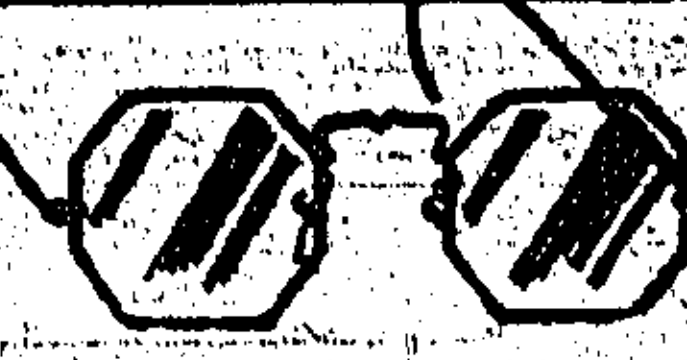
TO-DAY'S WEATHER FORECAST—North East Winds, Fresh To Moderata; Cloudy.

Hongkong Daily Press.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General Post Office in the United Kingdom.

ESTABLISHED 1857

General Manager



45 Years
of
Reliable Optical Work
N. LAZARUS

No. 24120. 號拾貳佰壹千肆萬貳第 玖初月壹拾年亥乙 HONG KONG, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1935. 叁拜禮 日曆月式拾年伍拾佰玖仟壹英 Price Single Copy, 10 cts. Per Month. \$3.

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY

WE SELL TRANSPORTATION.

IF YOU HAVE GOODS TO TRANSPORT,

DIAL 58071,

ASK FOR 583.

SPEAK TO THE TRAFFIC MANAGER,

ASK HIM TO SEND A SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE TO HELP YOU WITH YOUR PROBLEM.

IT'S QUICKER BY RAIL.

WHY NOT SEE IF IT'S CHEAPER.



Hector, Cat About Town
Notorious Gossip

"I want a shave," said the sergeant as he climbed into the barber's chair. "No haircut, no shampoo, no rum, with hazel hair-tons, hot towels, or face-massage. I don't want the manicurist to work on me, nor the bootblack to handle my feet. I don't want to be brushed off, and I'll put on my coat myself. I just want a plain shave, with no trimmings. Understand that?"

"Yes, sir," said the barber quietly. "Lather, sir?"

Bobby and his mother were taking a railroad trip and in the sleeper they had an upper berth. In the night Bobby awakened and sat up. "Do you know where we are, Bobby?" his mother asked. "Sure I do," replied Bobby. "We're in the top drawer."

The applicant for a position approached the banker. "I have three college diplomas," he began. "I'm sorry, sir," snapped the banker, "but we're not accepting such things as collateral for loans these days."

Guest (who has over-stayed his welcome at party): "Well, good-bye. I hope I haven't kept you out of bed."

Host (politely): "That's quite all right. We should have been getting up soon in any case."

"Yes, our Alfie has a wonderful ear for music. Show him any of those gramophone records, and straight away he'll tell you what's on the other side."

"I'm thinking of becoming a debt collector. What do you think of the idea?"

"It's a good idea. All you need is practice. You lend me \$5, and I'll let you practice on me for nothing."

The suburban banker was leaving for his office one morning when his four-year-old granddaughter, following him to the door, inquired:

"Where are you going?"

"Going to work," he said.

"What do you work with, grandpa?"

The only answer he could think of was:

"With my hands 'n' head."

"Oh," said the child, "you mean with a hairbrush?"

ROYAL AIR FORCE

New Staff College Instructor

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Nov. 19.

Squadron Leader R. P. M. Whitlam, O.B.E., M.C., from the command of No. 16 (Army) Cooperation Squadron at Old Sarum, Salisbury, has been appointed an instructor at the R.A.F. Staff College, Andover, in succession to Wing Commander W. R. Dyke Acland, who has had three years there. He will have acting rank as wing commander in this appointment.

Wing Commander Whitlam, on leaving Manchester University, held a commission in the Northumberland Fusiliers from June, 1915, and joined the R.F.C. in France as an observer in January, 1917. Nine months later he qualified as a pilot. He graduated at the Staff College in 1928, and has since been employed on staff duties at home and in Iraq.

SPECIALIST APPOINTMENTS

Squadron Leader P. J. Barnett, hitherto armament officer at headquarters of the Coastal Area, is appointed for armament duties at No. 1 Flying Training School, Leuchars, where all the initial training of pilots for Fleet Air Arm is conducted. Although formerly in the Royal Fusiliers, from which he was appointed to the R.F.C. in November, 1916, Squadron Leader Barnett has in recent years held appointments on the marine side of the Force, and for two years from February, 1933, was with the air units in H.M.S. Eagle in China.

Squadron Leader C. N. Ellen, D.F.C., who returned recently from the command of No. 5 (Army Cooperation) Squadron in India, is joining No. 22 Group headquarters, South Farnborough, for signals duties in succession to Squadron Leader C. P. Brown, D.F.C. Squadron Leader Ellen gained his D.F.C. as an observer officer with the R.N.A.S. in the Eastern Mediterranean. He specialized in wireless duties in 1924.

DR. TENG VISITS T'KOON LEPROSARIUM

In preparation for the construction of a large leprosarium at Ngai Kai Shan, suburb of the city, Dr. C. T. Teng, Director of the Bureau of Public Health, inspected the Shau Tam Leprosarium in Tung Koon District last week. He was accompanied by Messrs. Ng Ming Chi Bok. The party took morning express train to the Canton-Kowloon Railway to Chong-mook-tow and travelled by car to Tung Koon and returned to the city in the evening.

In response to the invitation of Dr. A.R. Wellington, Director of Public Health and Sanitary Services at Hong Kong, Dr. Teng will make a trip to the British Colony to study public health there.—"Canton Daily Sun."

JOURNALIST DEAD

Mr. A. W. Ross's Busy Career In Dingwall

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Nov. 18.

Mr. Alexander M. Ross, a well-known Highland journalist, died at Dingwall yesterday after a short illness, aged 80. He commenced his journalistic career in his teens as a reporter with the "Inverness Advertiser," and 42 years ago founded the Dingwall weekly, the "North Star," which he conducted for many years.

In his retirement he retained his journalistic connection with southern publications, being an authoritative writer on agricultural subjects.

He was the "father" of the Inverness Wool Fair, which he attended for 58 successive years, and was also the author of a history of the Clan Ross.

Only a few days ago he was active in support of the candidature of Sir Ian Macpherson for Ross and Cromarty Division.

DIARY OF LOCAL EVENTS

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4
Anniversaries and Holidays.—
St. Peter Chrysologus, Bp. and D.
Cinema—

King's:—"Call Of The Wild"
Queen's:—"The Case Of The Curious Bride."
Central:—"Chinese Picture"
Oriental:—"West Of The Pecos."
World:—"Chinese Picture."
Alhambra:—"No Greater Glory."
Majestic:—"The Bride Of Frankenstein."

Star:—"The Secret Bride."
Meetings.—Annual, Sandakan Light and Power Co. (1922) Ltd., at National Bank Building, 12.30 p.m.; Meeting at Volunteer Headquarters to discuss formation of Harmonica Band; Chinese General Chamber of Commerce, Monthly Committee Meeting, Chamber's Headquarters, 2.30 p.m.

Miscellaneous.—Kowloon Union Church Women's Guild, 10 a.m.; Hong Kong Fire Brigade Annual Drill Display, at New No. 2, Police Station, Lockhart Road, 4 p.m.
Social.—Cheero Club Social Night; Tombola on board H.M.S. Tamar, 7.15 p.m.; "At Home" and Games Afternoon, Ladies' Section, European Y.M.C.A. West Lounge, 3.30 p.m.

Sports

Badminton.—Men's Doubles, Kowloon Tong v. Fire Brigades; Club de Recreio "B" v. Talkoo R.C. Hockey.—Triangular Tournament, Royal Navy v. Army (Navy Ground, King's Park), 4 p.m.
Rugby.—Club "A" v. a Navy Fifteen (Happy Valley), 4.45 p.m.
Moon.—XI Moon, 9th Day.
Sunrise.—4.48 a.m. Sunset.—5.39 p.m.
Tides.—High at 4.29 and 17.35; Low at 10.54.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5.
Anniversaries and Holidays.—
St. Sabas, Abb.

Cinema

King's:—"Dressed To Thrill"
Queen's:—"The Case Of The Curious Bride."
Central:—"Young Eagles Part II."
Oriental:—"West Of The Pecos."
World:—"Chinese Picture."
Alhambra:—"No Greater Glory."
Majestic:—"The Bride Of Frankenstein."

Star:—"The Secret Bride."
Dances.—Cheero Club Dance.
Entertainments.—Song and Piano Recital at Helena May, 5.30 p.m.
Meetings.—Victoria Chess Club, Gloucester Hotel, 5.30 p.m.; Theosophical Society, 6 p.m.; Supper Meeting of To H at Peninsula Hotel, 7.30 p.m.; H.K. Teachers' Association, English Section, at Garrison School, 5.15 p.m.

Miscellaneous.—Women's Fellowship, St. Andrew's Hall, 2.45 p.m.; Women's League of Health and Beauty Class, Sailors' and Soldiers' Home, 5.30 p.m.

Social.—Civil Service Cricket Club Whist Drive, 8.45 p.m.; "Get-Together," Australian and New Zealand Association, Gloucester Hotel.

Sports

Badminton.—Men's Doubles, St. Andrew's "B" v. St. Andrew's "A"; Sailors and Soldiers' Home v. Fire Brigade.
Miscellaneous.—Hockey Lecture (St. Andrew's Church Hall), 8.30 p.m.

Racing.—Entries close for Fourteenth Extra Race Meeting, noon.
Snooker.—Steel Coulson's League, Naval Dockyard Police v. Royal Engineers; Garrison Sergeants v. St. Patrick's; Dockyard R.C. v. Prison Officers; Chief and Petty Officers v. Civil Service; Catholic Union v. Fusiliers.

Moon.—XI Moon, 10th Day.
Sunrise.—4.49 a.m. Sunset.—5.39 p.m.
Tides.—High at 4.29 and 17.35; Low at 10.54.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 6.

Cinema

King's:—"Dressed To Thrill"
Queen's:—"The Girl From 10th Avenue."

(Continued on Previous Col.)

THE HONG KONG PENINSULA HOTEL;
HONGKONG HOTEL; REGULAR BAY HOTEL;
YAK HOTEL & SHANGHAI
ANTON HOUSE; PALACE HOTEL; HOTELS LIMITED.

In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking.

A GLASS OF KIRIN BEER

A NECESSARY REFRESHMENT WHEN GOOD COMPANIONS MEET.

SOLE AGENTS:
H. HONDA & CO.
TEL. 20720. 40, JOHNSON ROAD, HONG KONG.

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY OF HONGKONG, LIMITED.

BUILDERS OF ALL CLASSES OF SHIPS.
BUILDERS OF RECIPROCATING STEAM ENGINES.
BUILDERS OF MARINE AND LAND BOILERS.
BUILDERS OF TURBINE MACHINERY
Under License From Messrs Parsons.
BUILDERS OF DIESEL ENGINES
Under Special License From Messrs. Sulzer Bros. "Winterthur."
Licensed To Manufacture Lanz Perit Iron, Specially Suitable "For Internal Combustion Engine Working Parts."

DOCK & SLIPWAYS.
FOR DOCKING VERY LARGE AS WELL AS SMALLER VESSELS, ON ANY TIDE.

ALL CLASSES OF SHIP, ENGINE AND BOILER REPAIRS AND EXTENSIVE WELDING, BOTH ELECTRICAL AND OXY-ACETYLENE SKILFULLY AND PROMPTLY CARRIED OUT.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.
HONG KONG, CHINA & JAPAN.

TEL. ADDRESS: "TAIKOODOCK," HONG KONG.
TELEPHONE: 30311.
CALL FLAG: "NUMERAL ONE" OVER "FERNHAT ANT."

USE OUR SPECIAL AEROMAIL LETTER PAPER & ENVELOPES

PAY LESS ON POSTAGE

Letter Paper ... \$1.00 per 100 Sheets
Envelopes ... \$1.75 per 100

ON SALE AT HONGKONG DAILY PRESS
11, Ice House Street. Telephone 30251.

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO. LTD. & THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

TRAVEL THE SHORT SAFE SEA WAY

by the **British Line**

CANTON LINE

From Hong Kong.
8.00 A.M.
10.00 P.M.
(Sundays at 10.00 P.M. only)

From Canton.
8.00 A.M.
4.30 P.M.
(Sundays at 4.30 P.M. only)

MACAO LINE

CURTAINED SAILINGS

FRIDAY, 6th Dec., 1935.
From Hong Kong: 8.00 A.M.
From Macao: 3.00 A.M.
From Macao: 3 a.m. only. 2.0 P.M.

★ SPECIAL BACK MEETING EXCURSION TO MACAO —
SUNDAY, 8th DECEMBER, 1935
s.s. "KINSHAN" will leave Hong Kong at 9.30 A.M. and Macao at 5.30 P.M.

Note:—All Steamboat Company's Steamers are equipped with Wireless.
QUEEN'S BUILDING, CONNAUGHT ROAD.
Telephone 20101. APS.

THE JAPAN HOTEL ASSOCIATION,

(Affiliated with the FAIRMONT HOTEL COMPANY of the Pacific Coast and the UNITED HOTELS COMPANY of America.)

MEMBER HOTELS

(45 IN ALL)

IN JAPAN

ATAMI:— ATAMI HOTEL MEMENTO HOTEL	KOSHUEN (near Osaka and Kobe) KOSHUEN HOTEL KOBEL:— ORIENTAL HOTEL TORI HOTEL	NAGOYA:— NAGOYA HOTEL NARA:— NARA HOTEL NIKKO:— KANAYA HOTEL	SHIMONOSEKI SANTO HOTEL TAKABAZUKA TAKABAZUKA HOTEL
CHUZENJI (Nikko) LAKESIDE HOTEL	KYOTO:— KYOTO HOTEL MITSUKI HOTEL KYOTO STATION HOTEL	OSAKA:— DONUT HOTEL HOTEL NEW OSAKA OSAKA HOTEL	TOKYO:— INTERNATIONAL HOTEL MEMENTO HOTEL OMORI HOTEL TOKYO RAILWAY HOTEL
GIFU:— NAGARAGAWA HOTEL	MATSUSHIMA:— PARK HOTEL	OTSU (near Lake Biwa) HOTEL LAKE BIWA	UNZEN:— KYUSHU HOTEL YUKU HOTEL SHUNTO HOTEL YOKOHAMA:— HOTEL NEW GRAND
KAMAKURA:— KAMAKURA HOTEL	MIYAJIMA:— MIYAJIMA HOTEL	SAPPORO:— SAPPORO GRAND HOTEL	
KAMIKOCHI (Japan Alps) KAMIKOCHI HOTEL KARUIZAWA:— KARUIZAWA HOTEL	MIYANOSHITA (Hakone) FUNYA HOTEL		

IN TAIWAN (FORMOSA)

TAIPEI:—
TAIPEI HOTEL

IN MANCHURIA

CHENGDE:—
CHENGDE HOTEL

* Open in Summer Only.

For information, please apply to Secretary,

THE JAPAN HOTEL ASSOCIATION

Care of Traffic Bureau Department of Railways, Tokyo.

COATES & Co's.

Plymouth
GinIs and always has
been absolutely
DRY
and is eminently
suitable for
COCKTAILS.

Sole Agents—

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

The leading Wine & Spirit Merchants in the Far East
PRINCE'S BUILDING. TELEPHONE 20075.

The Proven STOMACH REMEDY for Bad Cases

Amazing evidence of the remarkable speed with which indigestion and stomach pain can be stopped has been revealed by medical experiments and X-ray photographs of actual cases. These prove the ingredients of 'Bisurated' Magnesia to be the quickest-acting and most effective known to medical science. Within 5 minutes a teaspoonful of 'Bisurated' Magnesia in a little water produced complete relief in cases where numerous other remedies had failed entirely.

Its Action Explained—

Simply take a teaspoonful of the powder in a little water. The moment this soothing draught reaches the tormented stomach it begins to soothe the sour, fermenting undigested food. The contents of the stomach become as bland and soothing as milk to the sensitive stomach lining. The pain quickly lessens and presently disappears. By following up the treatment after each meal, your harassed stomach will soon become as supple and grow strong, until you can eat whatever you like and enjoy every meal, without fear of wind and pain.

A NOTED ENGLISH DOCTOR SAYS:

"I find that 'Bisurated' Magnesia taken after my meals is the only thing that keeps me free from pain and discomfort, and I take it regularly. I often prescribe it for my patients, and have had very good results."

H.C. — M.A., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

ANOTHER DOCTOR SAYS:

"'Bisurated' Magnesia gives excellent results and is the ideal remedy for stomach pains and acidity. It is particularly recommended for Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Stomach Pains, Flatulence, and even Stomach Ulcers."

H.L. — Faculty of Medicine, Paris.

'BISURATED' Magnesia
quickest stomach relief known
Always see the oval 'BISURATED' trade mark on every package.

DIRECTORY & CHRONICLE OF THE FAR EAST

CHINA, JAPAN, MALAYA, PHILIPPINE
ISLANDS, INDO-CHINA, NETHERLANDS
INDIA, ETC.

(Published by The Hong Kong Daily Press, Ltd.)

First Edition 1862, revised and enlarged annually

1936 Edition Now in Course of Preparation

IF YOU HAVE NOT SENT IN PARTICULARS OF YOUR
FIRM FOR THE 1936 EDITION WILL YOU PLEASE DO
SO AT YOUR EARLIEST CONVENIENCE?

Firm Name	Telephone Number
Class of Business	Cable Address
Address	Name of Staff

AGENCIES HELD BY YOUR FIRM.

N.B.—Firm name printed in BLACK TYPE \$5.00

Agencies printed under Firm name \$1 per agency.

The Directory and Chronicle of The Far East

11, Ice House Street,
Hong Kong.

AUTONOMY IN NORTH CHINA

National Government Will Not Sanction Move

Nanking, Nov. 23.
The National Government will not sanction the much-publicized so-called "Autonomous Movement" in North China it is reliably learnt from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. This statement is contained in identical replies sent by the Walchiapou to inquiries made by the various Chinese Embassies and Legations abroad regarding the present North China situation. Appropriate measures, the Foreign Office declares in the replies, have been worked out by the Central authorities to effectively cope with the situation.

Meanwhile, strong opposition to any movement aiming at the detachment of North China from the Nanking Government is expressed in a circular telegram issued to-day by the chancellors and deans of four Government universities including the Tsinghua and National Universities in Peking.

EDUCATIONISTS OBJECT

The telegram, which, among others, is signed by Dr. Chiang Mon-lin, Chancellor of the National University, Peking, and Dr. Hu Shih, the famous philosopher and educator, and also urges the National Government to do everything possible to maintain the territorial and administrative integrity of China.

"Since there have appeared statements in the press purporting to represent the people in this region as favouring the so-called autonomy movement, we, members of universities and other cultural institutions in Peking, do solemnly declare that we are utterly opposed to any movement tending to detach any region of China from the jurisdiction of the Central Government, or to upset the special political organ for such region."

"We urge the Central Government to use the energies of the entire nation to maintain the territorial and administrative integrity of the country."

China United Press (by mail).

F. J. RAVEN ASKS FOR DISCHARGE

COUNSEL'S CLAIM FOR \$10,000 AGAINST BANKRUPT CLIENT

Mortgage On Hungjao Road Property

In a petition filed with the U.S. Court for China, in Shanghai on Nov. 27, Mr. Frank J. Raven asked for an order granting him a full discharge from all debts against his estate. At the same time, Mr. R. J. Evans, his counsel, filed by means of an affidavit details of a claim for \$10,000 against his client for legal fees.

In his petition, Mr. Raven stated that, on October 25, 1935, he was adjudged a bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy. He had now surrendered all his property and rights of property, and had fully complied with all the requirements of the Act and all the orders of the Court touching his property.

COUNSEL'S FEE IN ADVANCE

He therefore asked that "he may be decreed by the Court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate," under the Bankruptcy Acts relating to such debts, and which may be accepted by law for such a discharge. The case was immediately set for hearing by Judge Milton J. Helmick at 10 a.m. on December 28.

Mr. Raven, said Mr. Evans in his affidavit, was, both before the filing of the petition and up to the present moment, indebted to him in the sum of \$10,000. In consideration of this amount, Mr. Raven agreed, on July 27, 1935 to employ Mr. Evans as counsel in respect of all cases then pending in the U.S. Court for China, or which might be filed later, for a single fee of \$10,000 payable in advance. This agreement was to be in force for a period of two years from July 27, 1935. No part of this debt, continued the affidavit, has been paid, nor has there been any set-off or counterclaim filed.

As security for this sum, Mr. Evans was given a second mortgage on the land and house of Mr. Raven at 555 Hungjao Road, more particularly described in a deed of mortgage dated July 27, 1935, and which deed is now in the hands of Mr. Frank L. Hough, liquidator of the A-O. Banking Corporation, A-O. Finance Corporation, and the Raven Trust Co.

YOUNG FIDDLER TO RETIRE

Artist's Two Years' Discipline

(By A Special Correspondent of the "Telegraph")

London, Nov. 19.

A young man, not yet 19, with a fair moustache, an American accent and a colossal income talked to me yesterday of his impending retirement. His name is Yehudi Menuhin.

Yehudi has just fiddled his way for 50,000 miles across the world. In the past year he has given 100 concerts in 63 cities and 13 countries, including the U.S.A., Hawaii, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa. It was a triumphal tour. Now, at the peak of his fame and success, he is to retire—for two years.

His father, Moshe, has bought a 100-acre estate in the mountains ten miles from San Francisco. The plans, evolved by a negro architect, await final approval in Paris. There is a 3-mile private road, a sumptuous swimming-pool, and a Chinese wall built all round to give us privacy.

TO DEVELOP INNER SELF

There Yehudi will stay for two years of "study, contemplation, and greater development." He wants to "broaden and deepen" his music. He has "absorbed contacts from outside; now I want to develop my inner self. I feel that far greater things still lie dormant within me."

After two hours in London yesterday Yehudi left, with his father, mother and sisters, Hephaizah and Yalta, for Paris, where he will give a concert. Then he goes to Holland, returns for an Albert Hall concert on December 1, then to Spain, Portugal and Italy.

His final appearance before the retirement will be with Hephaizah at the Queen's Hall, on January 14.

DE HAVILLAND BIPLANES

THE MORE EXPENSIVE MODELS

Better Accommodation For Singapore Route

(Continued From Yesterday)

London, Oct. 29.

HIGHEST "CEILING"

The more expensive model carries 4,800 lbs. in disposable load, of which 2,192 lbs.—almost exactly one ton—is available for payload when there is sufficient fuel in the tanks for a flight of 749 miles in still air. Its continuous operating speed at a height of 7,000 feet is 155/160 m.p.h.—some 15 m.p.h. faster than the original D.H.88.

The increases in operational speed and payload are sufficient to offset the added first cost of the aeroplane and its greater power: cost per ton/mile's, therefore, less than in the older model. Climb with full load on board from sea-level to 5,000 feet takes 6 minutes and to 10,000 feet fourteen minutes. Highest attainable "ceiling" fully laden, is 19,000 feet. On the power of any three engines the full load "ceiling" is 13,500 feet, and in the worst two-engine cases, with both motors on one side of the fuselage stopped, full-load "ceiling" is 2,500 feet. These figures imply wide margin of security in the event of engine trouble.

Take-off in calm air is unusually good. In the distance of 600 metres from the start of the take-off run the D.H.88A reaches a height of 33.5 metres (110 feet), as against the limit of 20 metres prescribed by international airworthiness regulations. Maps can be fitted to the wings to steepen gliding angle and thereby to facilitate landings on flying fields of restricted area. Using flaps and wheel brakes the landing run, in a flat calm, is only 240 yards.

FOR EMPIRE ROUTES

The Gipsy-Six Series II motor embodies new features that enable it to burn leaded fuel. Compression ratio in the cylinders is higher than in the standard engine. There is hydraulic mechanism for the control of the airscrew blades. In anticipation of the likelihood that an automatic pilot may be installed as part of the aircraft's equipment the engine is designed to be fitted with an oil served pump to provide the necessary driving power.

Five more aircraft of the D.H.88 type are under construction for Imperial Airways. This batch represents the fourth order placed through Imperial Airways to D.H.88 machines. Names have been chosen for the five, conforming with the titles bestowed on the other D.H.88 machines in the fleet of Imperial Airways; they will be Dardanus, Dido, Danae, Dione and Dryad. I understand that this batch will be made up of D.H.88A machines fitted with standard Gipsy-Six engines and fixed-pitch airscrews.

(To Be Continued)

WELSH HILL FOR THE NATION

London, Nov. 19.

The National Trust have accepted from Lady Rhonda and the Dowager Lady Rhonda some 2,130 acres of the Sugar Loaf, just north of Aberystwyth, together with covenants over Park Lodge, the farm in the hollow below.

This magnificent hill, well known in South Wales and Monmouth, is at the south end of the Black Mountains, while to the west is Mynydd Llanguatwg. To the south-east the view extends towards Usk and Monmouth, where the Kymyn, another property of the National Trust, can be seen. Close by on the east is the well-known Skirid Flower, where is the site of St. Michael's Chapel.

Hitherto there have been very few Trust properties in this neighbourhood, and the National Trust are very glad to have this opportunity of preserving so magnificent a stretch of country as a memorial to the first Lord Rhonda and on the occasion of the Silver Jubilee of their present Majesties.

bert Hall concert on December 1, then to Spain, Portugal and Italy. His final appearance before the retirement will be with Hephaizah at the Queen's Hall, on January 14.

THE WONDERFUL HERBAL OINTMENT

IF your skin is sore, injured or diseased, Zam-Buk is the one remedy that can be depended upon to soothe and cure. Smarting pain, soreness and irritation are quickly ended by this famous Zam-Buk ointment. It has powerful (yet perfectly safe) antiseptic properties that destroy poison germs in wounds, sores, abscesses, ulcers, etc. It expels all bad matter and grows new skin.

Zam-Buk is so highly-refined that it soaks readily into the tiny pores, purifying and healing in deeper tissues as well as the surface skin. The marvellous soothing and curative powers of Zam-Buk are due to its rare herbal origin, refinement and guaranteed freedom from animal fat. Never before without a box of Zam-Buk.



Singapore—Messrs. Gilman & Co., Ltd., 44, Des Voeux Road, Hong Kong.



TRUCULENT TAILPIECES

by

NO QUARTER

AN AMUSING BOOKLET CONTAINING EXTRACTS
FROM "STRAIGHT FROM THE SHOULDER"
REPRINTED FROM HONGKONG DAILY PRESS.

A SURE SPECIFIC

FOR
DESPONDENCY & DYSPEPSIA

PRICE:—\$1.00

NOW ON SALE

AT
HONGKONG DAILY PRESS OFFICEAND
ALL BOOK STORES.

IF only every mother knew

Tears cease and baby's pain is soon soothed away with a teaspoonful of Woodward's Gripe Water. Woodward's checks fermentation and ensures complete digestion. It removes the cause of discomfort in a natural way. Woodward's contains no opiates, and is safe to give babies of any age.



**WOODWARD'S
GRIPE WATER**

KEEPS BABY WELL

B-W-W 20-14

Sole Agents—W. B. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA), LTD

PREMISES TO LET

PEAR MANSIONS:
5-roomed flats.
PRINCE EDWARD ROAD DISTRICT.
14 roomed flats.
4-8 roomed residences.
CANBAY BUILDINGS:
2 & 3-roomed flats.
CHEUNG SHA WAN:
1-3 roomed flats.
KOWLOON CITY:
1-roomed flats.

APPLY:
CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREME ORIENT

FRENCH BANK BLDG.,
5, Queen's Road, Central.
Phone: 21063.

PREMISES TO LET.

GODOWNS TO LET.—One large concrete 2-story godown, floor space about 14,000 sq. ft. at No. 20, Hennessy Road. Two large godowns each about 8,000 sq. ft. at Nos. 145 & 147, Gloucester Road. Occupation from 1st Jan., 1936. Two large godowns each about 2,000 sq. ft. in King Ming Road, Causeway Bay, opposite Messrs. Butterfield & Swire's Coal Godown. Apply:—Kwong Sang Hong Ltd., P. O. Box No. 320.

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET.—Furnished European Dwelling House No. 11, Mountain View, The Peak & Bed Rooms with Drawing, Dining, Billiard and Dry Rooms. Servants Quarters. Suitable for bachelor Mess. Reasonable rent will be considered. Apply to Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., P. & O. Building, 4000

ARGYLL
MORRISON HILL ROAD
HAPPY VALLEY

SINGLE, Double & Suites of Rooms. Modern Sanitation, Convenient for Tram and Bus. Special Rates on Application. Garage and Parking Space. Under the Personal Supervision of Mrs. J. RUSSELL, Telephone 23848.

FLATS TO LET

TO LET.—FLATS At "TIA MANSION" 16, Macdonnell Road, with modern conveniences, desirable locality. Apply: XAVIER BROS., LTD., Tel. 32722 or 23716.

The Most Comprehensive Survey Yet Compiled of
Reconstructional Progress in Modern China

RECONSTRUCTION IN CHINA

Edited By TANG LEANG-LI

CONTENTS

- | | |
|--|--|
| Chap. I—Political Rehabilitation. | X—Railway Development. |
| II—Aims and Machinery of Reconstruction. | XI—Road Construction. |
| III—Industrialization. | XII—Commercial Aviation. |
| IV—Educational Reform. | XIII—Mercantile Marine. |
| V—Athletic Progress. | XIV—Posts, Telegraphs, and Telephones. |
| VI—Public Health and Social Relief. | XV—Rural Rehabilitation. |
| VII—Cultural Reconstruction. | XVI—Town Planning and Municipal Development. |
| VIII—The Law and Its Enforcement. | XVII—National Defence. |
| XI—The Banking System. | XVIII—Miscellaneous Progress. |

Royal 800.—440 pages—Cloth Cover
With 130 pages of Half-Tone Illustrations and 3 Maps
Price: In China \$15 (postage 50 cents)
Abroad \$20 (post free)

(PRE-PUBLICATION ORDERS RECEIVED AT \$12 & \$13)

READY ON JULY 30th

Orders received at:

THE HONG KONG DAILY PRESS OFFICE

Publishers:

CHINA UNITED PRESS
299 Szechuen Road, SHANGHAI

Courtesy, Comfort, Service
and Luxuries of Modern Hotel
Construction

THE HOTEL RIVIERA

MACAU

Cable Address:—"Biviera, Macan."

PRE-PAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below:—

SITUATIONS VACANT. HOUSES AND APARTMENTS WANTED. MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

When so required replies to box numbers will be posted to advertisers daily. Extra stamps for postage should be remitted.
All advertisements must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender

Announcements not exceeding 25 Words are inserted under this heading at a Pre-paid Rate of One Dollar for FOUR INSERTIONS. If Charges collected, \$1.50.

THIS FORM MAY BE USED.

1	2	3	4

Please insert.....times. Enclosed.....in payment

Signature.....Address.....

Address:—The ADVERTISEMENT MANAGER, "Hongkong Daily Press,"
11, Ice House Street, or P.O. Box 1

ALBIL

10 c & 20 c.
STORES

1c D'Aguilar Street
and
228 Nathan Road,
Kowloon

WANTED KNOWN.

FINEST Selections English and American sweets just unpacked. Fancy Buses Presentation Packaged. Marzipan Assortment. Chewing Chocolates. Variety Candies. Nuts, California Fig. BRITISH-AMERICAN ANDY STORE, 15, Pottinger Street. [4014]

BIE Jolie Perfect Foundations (Garment also Corsets, Brasieres. Medical Belts made to order, quality and fitting guaranteed. ROLANDE BARRAULT. Bayamally Building, Fifth Floor. [401]

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED—3 or 4-roomed furnished flat in Kowloon near Chatham Road. Write with full particulars to Box No. 3896, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [3896]

If It's anything in
PHOTOGRAPHY We have it
CAMERAS
for Stills and Movies.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
of every Description.

A. TACK & CO.
29 Des Voeux Road, Central.

THE "SILENT GUIDE"
TELLS THE WORLD!

FOR SALE.

A Selection of the best varieties of
Reliable and Tested
FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS

from
Messrs. Sutton & Sons, Reading,
and
Messrs. Arthur Yates & Co., Ltd., Sydney

The opportunity of serving you will be a pleasure and your commands will have our best attention.

GRACA & CO.

No. 19, WYNDHAM STREET,
P.O. Box No. 622, HONG KONG.
Established 1896.

CLUB MATCHES
AT HOME

Metropolitan Police
Beat H.A.C.

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Nov. 19.
The Honourable Artillery Company were giving away a lot of weight to the Metropolitan Police on a wet ground at Armoury House and, pluckily though they played, failed to score in reply to a dropped goal, a penalty goal, and two tries (13 points).

There was no scoring in an evenly contested first half, but after the interval changed tactics by the Police bore fruit. At the end of 10 minutes a dribble took the ball right down the field and from the ensuing scrummage D. D. Thomas put the Police ahead with a try. Next came a clever punt ahead by H. J. Kemble which caught the opposition on the wrong foot and C. H. Harris increased the lead with a try in the corner. The kick hit the crossbar, but H. C. Fryer made amends at once when he landed a penalty goal from 25 yards. The Police were definitely on top and just before "no-side" Kemble dropped a goal.

LLOYDS BANK WIN AGAIN
Lloyds Bank beat Civil Service at New Beckenham by two goals and a try (13 points) to a dropped goal and a penalty goal (7 points) and by so doing held their unbeaten record. R. L. Ellis sent away J. S. Moll, who made ground before putting R. L. Crimp across for F. J. Hodges to kick a goal. In the second half a clever punt ahead by Hodges was smartly gathered by Moll, who outpaced the defence and scored in an easy position, but the kick went wide. Ellis was responsible for the next movement, which resulted in a try by J. W. Hoad after Moll and Hodges had handled the last named converting. The Civil Service forwards improved subsequently and the Bank line was in danger more than once. Following one rush S. Hart picked up and dropped a great goal from 30 yards. This was followed by a good penalty goal by A. E. Keens, kicked from near the touchline, but although the Service continued to attack the Bank defence held out to the end.

LENSBURY HOLD WOODFORD
Lensbury did well to hold Woodford at Woodford Green all through a keen game and were only beaten by a try, the one score of the game. They were considerably below strength owing to illness and accident, but the team rose to the occasion in good style. Weather and ground conditions were all against back play, but nevertheless both sides showed good combination. At half-time the score-sheet was blank and it was some time after change of ends that a breakaway and kick ahead by A. D. Walker-Arnott yielded a try for Woodford. The forwards were well matched and both defences proved sound under pressure, the visitors repeatedly gaining ground with good touch-downing.

THREE TRIES IN EACH HALF
Westcombe Park had the initiative from the start of their game with the Exiles at Twickenham, and won by a goal and five tries (20 points) to a try (3 points). They had some advantage in the tight, but it was their greater finish behind the scrummage that gave them most of their points. Despite a wet and heavy ball the three-quarter backs all handled well, ran hard and straight, and lost no time in snapping up their chances to score three tries in each half. In the first F. G. Tardif, R. R. Small, and R. W. Fairley got across for tries, and although the Exiles showed better combination after the change of ends T. A. Sparrow, R. Wykes, and H. G. Lillycrop added three more and Tardif kicked a goal. In a final rally just before "no-side" W. E. Steele scored for the Exiles, but the kick failed.

FREE SCORING GAME AT LEE
In an open game at Lee Old Tauntonians beat Old Eathamians by two goals and four tries (22 points) to five tries (15 points). The winners were below strength, but this was counter-balanced in the second half, when Old Eathamians were two short owing to injuries to A. H. Stacey, and H. Vander. At the interval Old Eathamians led by 12 points to 11, but with Stacey off the back division fell away and Old Tauntonians took the lead with two tries. L. H. Pinkham sent away G. W. Buttar, who outpaced the opposition, but in the last minute the visitors scored again. Tries for the Tauntonians were scored by G. M. Castle (2), D. E. Teden

INQUEST ON DR.
ERIC REID

CORONER'S VERDICT OF
DEATH THROUGH
MISADVENTURE

Perfectly Friendly
And Fair Game

Saying that he deeply regretted a young man with such a promising career before him should die as the result of an accident during a friendly game of football, Mr. C. H. Haines, the Shanghai Coroner, brought in a verdict of death by misadventure at the inquest on November 30 in H. M. Police Court on the body of Dr. Eric Reid. The deceased died at the Country Hospital last Sunday. Dr. F. T. Ranson said he attended Dr. Reid at the Foreign Y. M. C. A. about 10.30 p.m. on October 25, and came to the conclusion that he was suffering from a ruptured liver. The deceased told him he had been playing a game of football that afternoon, and on jumping up to head a ball, received a blow on the right side of his body. It was not until 6 p.m., however, that he began to feel violent pains in the abdomen. Two operations were performed, and it was thought both were successful. The injury sustained could have been caused by a comparatively slight blow; there were no external marks.

Witnesses Who Played in Same Game
Evidence was then given by Mr. C. H. Mahon, secretary of the Shanghai Football Club, that he played in a friendly practice game with the deceased on Thursday, October 24. He noted nothing extraordinary about the game, nor did he see Dr. Reid receive any injury. Mr. G. F. Swettenham said he, too, played in that game, and failed to see anything untoward happen. He visited the deceased some three weeks later in the hospital, when Dr. Reid said he thought he had been injured in a collision with some other player. He did not know who that player was.

Dr. J. H. Blacklock who performed a post-mortem examination, said death apparently was due to an embolism in the pulmonary artery secondary to a subcapsular hematoma of the right lobe of the liver. In laymen's language, this meant that a clot of blood or foreign body had blocked the pulmonary artery. Giving his verdict, the Coroner said he was quite satisfied from the evidence that the game of football in which Dr. Reid was injured was a perfectly friendly and fair one, and that he was hurt in an accident. He accordingly brought in a verdict of death by misadventure.

OBITUARY

Mr. J. D. D. La
Touche

News has just reached Shanghai of the sudden death in May last of Mr. J. D. D. La Touche, who retired from his post as Commissioner of Customs in 1919, after a long period of service in China.

With his departure sixteen years ago, China lost one of her leading zoologists, for the late Mr. La Touche's chief claim to fame, perhaps, was that he was a great collector of birds and a leading authority on the birds of China. He had only recently finished his greatest work in the form of a "Handbook of the Birds of Eastern China," in two volumes, which has been held to be the most important work on Chinese ornithology since the publication of David's and Oustalet's "Les Oiseaux de la Chine" in 1877.

Previous to this, Mr. La Touche had published numerous papers in various British scientific journals, and not only did he describe a large number of new species of Chinese birds, but he had many named after him. A few years ago, he disposed of his magnificent collection of Chinese birds by sale to a large museum in the United States. In addition, he was the discoverer of many new mammals, amphibians, reptiles and insects, not a few of which also bear his name. His work in this connection was of untold value to science in China.

(2) L. W. Warren, and E. V. Staples, two of which W. G. Carter converted, and for Old Eathamians by Buttar (2), A. C. Elder, Stacey, and Pinkham.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received Instructions

To Sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

FRIDAY, DEC. 6, 1935

COMMENCING AT 5.15 P.M.

At Their Sales Room,
DUDELL STREET

A VALUABLE
COLLECTION OF POSTAGE
STAMPS

ON VIEW FROM THURSDAY,
THE 5TH DECEMBER, 1935,

TERMS:—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMBERT BROS.
AUCTIONEERS.

SCOTS PEERS
ELECTED

Ancient Ceremony
At Holyroodhouse

London Nov. 16.
In the Picture Gallery of the Palace of Holyroodhouse, where the portraits have evoked so much discussion recently among the artistic and historically minded, Scotland's Peers met yesterday forenoon to elect 16 of their number who will act as Representative Peers in the new Parliament. Three new representatives were chosen. Lords Saltoun and Sempill fill the vacancies caused by the deaths of their fathers, while Lord Carnwarth takes the place of the late Earl of Morton.

The result of the voting was as follows:—
Earl of Rothes 38
Earl of May and Kellie 38
Earl of Haddington 39
Earl of Lauderdale 38
Earl of Lindsey 38
Earl of Arle 29
Earl of Carnwarth 39
Earl of Leven and Melville 37
Earl of Breadalbane 39
Lord Saltoun 39
Lord Sinclair 39
Lord Sempill 24
Lord Balfour of Burleigh 37
Lord Fairfax of Cameron 39
Lord Belhaven and Stenton 38
Lord Polwarth 39

OPEN VOTING
Voting was on the open principle, each Peer present reading out the list of those whom he wished elected. One proxy vote, and the signed lists sent in by 13 absent Peers, were also read out. The 25 Peers present to record their vote were:—The Duke of Buccleuch, the Duke of Atholl, the Marquis of Tweeddale, the Earl of Mar, the Earl of Mar and Kellie, the Earl of Home, the Earl of Haddington, the Earl of Galloway, the Earl of Lauderdale, the Earl of Elgin, the Earl of Lindsey, the Earl of Arle, the Earl of Carnwarth, the Earl of Dundonald, the Earl of Breadalbane, the Earl of Aberdeen, the Earl of Glasgow, Lord Saltoun, Lord Sinclair, Lord Sempill, Lord Elphinstone, Lord Fairfax of Cameron, Lord Belhaven and Stenton, Lord Polwarth, and Lord Rollo.

A ceremony occupying almost an hour and a half, followed traditional lines. While the Peers sat around the table in the centre of the long gallery in ordinary clothes, colour was lent to the scene by the presence of the blue and silver uniformed Holyrood Constables, who formed a picturesque and imposing "guard" upon the doors. The Lord Provost, Mr. L. S. Gumley, and a number of the magistrates, in their robes of office, occupied seats immediately behind one row of Peers, to see to it, in terms of the Royal Proclamation anent the Peers' election, that there was no "rioting or tumult."

In the absence of a Lord Clerk Register, and office held by the late Duke of Buccleuch, the chair was taken by the Principal Clerk of Session, Mr. William Mill, at whose table sat the Keeper of the Registers and Records of Scotland, Mr. George A. J. Lee, W.S. The Very Rev. Dr. Charles L. Warr, Dean of the Thistle and Chapel Royal, opened the proceedings with prayer, and after the reading of the Royal Proclamation the business of voting was proceeded with.

LAMBERTS AUCTIONS

PUBLIC AUCTION

THE Undersigned have received Instructions

To Sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

WEDNESDAY,
DEC. 4, 1935

COMMENCING AT 11 A.M.

At Their Sales Room,
DUDELL STREET.

A QUANTITY OF
MISCELLANEOUS GOODS

Comprising:—

- 9 Cases Alum Stewpans
- 14 Cases Enamel Mugs
- 30 Doz. Felt Hats
- 10 Doz. Razors
- 4 Cases Piece Goods
- 1 Case Iron Buckles
- 1 Bale Insulation Boards
- 1 Bale Wool
- 15 Bales Handkerchiefs
- 1 Bale Cotton Rags
- 2 Cases Cottons
- 1 New Air Compressor with Motor and Spray Gun
- 4 Rolls Furnishing Materials
- 8 Pieces Woolen Twills

A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE and

1 Herring-Hall-Marvin Safe & Stand

ON VIEW FROM DAY OF SALE

TERMS:—CASH ON DELIVERY.

LAMBERT BROS.
AUCTIONEERS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received Instructions

To Sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

FRIDAY, DEC. 6, 1935

COMMENCING AT 2.30 P.M.

At Their Sales Room,
DUDELL STREET

A Selection of Cut Crystal
Glass Ware & Demi-Crystal
Table Ware

One Very Fine Set of Blackwood and Cloudwood (Chee Tan) Tables and Chairs and One Pair Famille Rose Plates (Estate of the late Lady Chater).

A Few Pieces of Fine Cherrywood Furniture and Select Lot of Old Chinese and Japanese Curios.

One Bagatelle Table—almost new

ONE SET OF OLD ETCHINGS OF HONGKONG

ON VIEW FROM THURSDAY,
THE 5TH DECEMBER, 1935.

TERMS:—AS CUSTOMARY.

LAMBERT BROS.
AUCTIONEERS.

What do
you want?

If there is anything you want to buy or sell, try a small Classified advertisement.

25 words \$1.00 prepaid for 3 insertions.

QUEEN THEATRE

TO-DAY ONLY at 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30
THRILLING EXCITEMENT!
Warner's
"The Case of the Curious Bride"
with
WARREN WILLIAM
and
WINIFRED SHAW—MARGARET LINDSAY

ORIENTAL THEATRE

2 DAYS ONLY TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
RICHARD DIX IN A TAILOR-MADE ROLE!
A FIGHTING MAN
IN THE LAND OF FIGHTING MEN.
A SUPER-WESTERN PRODUCTION
FAR SUPERIOR TO ANYTHING
THE SCREEN HAS EVER PRESENTED.

RICHARD DIX
in **ZANE GREY'S**
WEST of the Pecos
A woman's love pours
fire into the veins of
a fighting man on the
new frontier!

Prices Matinees 20 c.—30 c. Evenings 20 c.—30 c.—50 c.—70 c.

STAR THEATRE

SHOWING TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.

BARBARA STANWYCK in
"THE SECRET BRIDE"
with Warren William

COMMENCING DEC. 6TH
OEOIL B. DE MILLE'S
"THE CRUSADES"
A Paramount Super-production

Advance booking now available,
Daily from 11 Noon.
Shows to commence at 2.30, 5.10,
7.20 & 9.30 p.m.

PROPAGANDA FILMS
(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Nov. 8.

In readiness for an intensified winter campaign on behalf of the National Government, new editions of the propaganda films which are exhibited by the travelling cinemas are now being prepared. I hear, writes a correspondent, and it is expected that they will be ready for the road by the first week in October. These films will bring up to date the screen story of the general progress in trade and industry throughout the country. There are two reels specially descriptive of the advance towards prosperity in Scotland, but as they were made later than the others, and are still on tour north of the Tweed, they are not being withdrawn meantime. They will be revised in due course when it is considered that they are no longer thoroughly topical.

"THE GIRL FROM 10th AVENUE"
A Preview

Showing from Friday, at the Queen's Theatre is a new Bette Davis picture "The Girl From 10th Avenue." This is an old story of a drunken millionaire, disappointed in love, who turns to a poor shop girl and marries her. The girl, well acted by Bette Davis, tries to win her husband's love while braving his snobbish friends, as well supported by Alison Skipworth as the land-lady, Ian Hunter, the husband is fair in his part.

Just before the main picture is an exceptionally good short in technicolour "The Gipsy Sweetheart" with Winifred Shaw, who again delights one with some new and pretty songs.

"The Girl From 10th Avenue," a First National Picture with Bette Davis in the stellar role, which opens at the Queen's Theatre soon. Miss Davis' part is far more pathetic than the one she played in "Of Human Bondage," but it is anything but a sweet girly-girly role. She portrays a 10th Avenue shop girl who marries a drunken society man following a champagne party. He had gone to the dogs when jilted by a gold digger. Bette makes a man of him and is smart enough to separate him from the woman he formerly loved.

"BONNIE SCOTLAND"

The team of Laurel and Hardy, deservedly a necessary institution in the entertainment world, tops any past performance with their "reunion" feature comedy, "Bonnie Scotland," which plays at the Alhambra from Saturday to Tuesday. The deluge of protesting mail which poured in on the producer, Hal Roach, when it became known that Laurel and Hardy planned to part several months ago, is understandable, for this duo has few rivals in universal popularity.

In their current production, pompous Oliver Hardy accompanies his meek friend, "Stanley McLaurel," to Scotland to claim his share of the magnificent estates of a deceased uncle. To their chagrin and discomfort, the uncle has bequeathed to Stan only some valueless heirlooms. The bulk of the estate has been willed to Lorna McLaurel, the deceased relative's grand-daughter, played by June Lang.

TO-DAY AT THE CINEMA

Hong Kong

KING'S:
"Call of The Wild"
QUEEN'S:
"The Case of The Curious Bride"
ORIENTAL:
"West of The Pecos"

Kowloon

ALHAMBRA:
"No Greater Glory"
MAJESTIC:
"Bride of Frankenstein"
STAR:
"The Secret Bride"

Coming

KING'S:
"Dressed To Thrill"
QUEEN'S:
"The Girl from 10th Avenue"
"Bright Lights"
ORIENTAL:
"Bride of Frankenstein"
MAJESTIC:
"Transient Lady"
STAR:
"The Crusades"
ALHAMBRA:
"Bonnie Scotland"

"THE CASE OF THE CURIOUS BRIDE"

"The Case of The Curious Bride," latest of First National's melodramatic thrillers to be filmed under the auspices of the Clue Club, was shown at the Queen's Theatre yesterday for the first time locally, and held audiences in the grip of its tremendous suspense. Based on the popular story by Eric Stanley Gardner, which features the brilliant criminal lawyer and detective, Perry Mason, the picture carries him through a series of astounding adventures in his attempt to clear the "curious bride" of the charge of murdering one of her husbands.

"DRESSED TO THRILL"

Two brand new hit songs by Lew Pollack and Paul Webster serve to introduce the rich contralto singing voice of Tutta Rolf, the glamorous new Fox Film star, in "Dress to Thrill," at the King's Theatre on Thursday.

"My Heart Is A Violin" is sung by Miss Rolf in the big production number of the picture, while "My One Big Moment" is the song written for the picture's romantic climax.

Among the most recent of the Pollack-Webster hits is: "Two Cigarettes in the Dark"

"THE SECRET BRIDE"

In "The Secret Bride," Warner Bros. gave the famous screen star every opportunity to display her fine dramatic talent, and she rises to new heights in her characterization of a secret bride of the man who is obliged to prosecute her own father on a bribery charge, is now showing at the Star Theatre.

In the role of the wife, Miss Stanwyck visits her husband's apartment secretly at night, and sees his chief investigator shot down in the courtyard. The man's sweetheart, who is secretary to her husband, is arrested for the murder and prosecuted in a sensational court trial.

"CALL OF THE WILD"

A picture that every movie fan in town raves about is having its run at the King's Theatre, is "Call of the Wild," the immortal Jack London classic of the Yukon gold rush.

Rich in rugged drama and clean fun, the picture exerts a powerful appeal for every member of every family, the youngsters and their fathers won't have to be told for they're all thrilled to this most famous of Jack London's tales, and the love story, beautifully played by Clark Gable and Loretta Young, will insure the feminine contingent of a grand time.

Jack Oake contributes the comedy and has never been better. And there's a new dog star, a huge, soft-eyed St. Bernard named Buck who makes his screen debut in "Call of the Wild," and looks like the logical contender for the canine cinema crown.

BEHIND THE SCENE IN HOLLYWOOD

Hollywood has the world's smallest and most versatile army. Numbering about 150 officers and men this land force now stands ready to bear the arms of any nation at rates ranging from \$7.50 per day per man. Military experts respect their knowledge; film directors bless them for their ready services; motion pictures become more real because of them.

It was eleven years ago, on location near Hollywood, when this cinematic army was born. A director was encountering considerable difficulty in attempting to make a motley group of untrained extras look military. "Look at that life—as ragged as a beggar's coat!" he moaned bitterly. "I'd give my shirt for some honest-to-goodness soldiers!"

There were two honest-to-goodness soldiers in the line, and that night they formulated a plan—a plan that eleven years later has made them the leaders of one of Hollywood's most unusual, efficient and profitable organizations.

"THE BIG PARADE"

Carl Voss and Walter Vogler, with the memory of their World War service and training still fresh in their minds, sympathized

with the director and every other maker of pictures in which there were soldiers. Why, they wondered, should there be any difficulty in getting expert soldiers for the movies? There were plenty of ex-army men around Hollywood, good soldiers, eager for jobs, who wanted those pay checks.

Voss and Vogler spread the word, called in their buddies, explained the plan and their "army" of cinematic soldiers of fortune was born. Its first assignment was in "The Big Parade" and they have been at war (on the screen) ever since.

Its organizers have made a thorough study of the uniforms, weapons, drills, routines and customs of the world's armies. The "army" gives military scenes the necessary stamp of authenticity, for its members know that soldiers have to be soldiers, even on rolls of celluloid.

In the next appearance of this well-drilled peacetime army its members will be seen as thoroughly authentic British "Tommys," as Scottish Highlanders and as Aztecs. This will be in Samuel Goldwyn's forthcoming production, "The Dark Angel," starring Fredric March, Merle Oberon, and Herbert Marshall.



Merle Oberon in Samuel Goldwyn Production "Dark Angel"

Coming to the King's Theatre Shortly.

WHIST DRIVES

R.E. Old Comrades Association's Function

A very enjoyable evening was spent in the Dining Hall, Wellington Barracks, on Monday. The function still held its reputation of being the most popular in the Colony as it was very well attended. Nineteen tables were filled.

The prizes were presented by Mrs. Fowles and were won by: Gents.—1, Mr. Maddox; 2, Mr. Yates; 3, Mr. Mercer; Boobie, Mr. MacGahan.

Ladies.—1, Mrs. Newnham; 2, Mrs. Moss; 3, Mrs. Alderman; Boobie, Mrs. Mitchell.

After the refreshments were served, Tombola was played until 11.30 p.m.

The R.E. Old Comrades Association are holding their next Fortnightly Dance in the Phoenix Ballroom, Hotel Cecil, on Saturday, December 7. Music will be rendered by the Band of the 1st Bn. Lincolnshire Regt. by kind permission of Lt.-Col. J. A. A. Griffin, D.S.O. and Officers.

Extra spot prizes presented by an anonymous donor will be an additional attraction, and refreshments are included in the programme.

Service men in uniform will be admitted, but all rights of admission are reserved.

HOCKEY

Police-Lines In Friendly Match

In a friendly hockey game at Shamshulpo yesterday, the Police "A" trounced the Lincolns "B" by five goals to one. The game was very ragged and the standard of hockey extremely poor.

The Police turned up with only eight men but the Soldiers very sportingly supplied them with three substitutes. The victory was thoroughly deserved.

In the first half the score was one all, both goals being registered a few minutes before the whistle blew for the lemon. Pte. Barnsley netting for the Soldiers and W. W. for the Police.

At the resumption, the Police attacked strongly, the pressure being maintained to the end, and as a result they netted another four with no reply from the Lincolns.

MATCH POSTPONED

A friendly hockey match, which was scheduled to be played off between the Radio Indians, and the Police Indians at the Club's ground, Caroline Hill yesterday evening, was postponed.

CLUB TEAM

The following will represent the Hong Kong Hockey Club v. Radio Sports Club at King's Park, 5 p.m. to-day:—H. S. Shields, J. E. Potter (Capt.), G. Sommer, J. E. Cotesworth, W. A. Reed, J. L. Tetley, N. A. E. Mackay, S. A. Fowler, G. E. P. Divett, D. Carey, and D. J. Nooy.

TO-DAY ONLY KING'S At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

YELLOW GOLD-RED LIPS
The fatal lure of the klondike!

Joseph M. Schenck presents
Clark GABLE
DARRYL ZANUCK'S production
CALL of the WILD
LORETTA YOUNG
JACK OAKIE
Directed by WILLIAM WELLMAN
Released by UNITED ARTISTS

ALSO MICKEY MOUSE
in
"MICKEY'S MAN FRIDAY"

TO-MORROW TUTTA ROLF in "DRESSED TO THRILL" FOX PICTURES

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW MAJESTIC THEATRE At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.

CARL LARSEN presents
KARLOFF
The **Bride of FRANKENSTEIN**
A UNIVERSAL PICTURE

NEXT CHANGE "TRANSIENT LADY" with GENE RAYMOND, FRANCES DEAKI

SPORE TRAGEDY

Manager Of Beach Road Firm Found Shot Dead

A Dutch Eurasian, Mr. K. Ku-mendons, Manager of the N.V. Samarinda Produce Co., Beach Road, was found shot dead in his office in Singapore shortly after eleven o'clock on Nov. 28. A revolver was by his side. No reason for his death has yet been ascertained.

The N. V. Samarinda Produce Co., deals in the buying and selling of reptile and snake skins which are exported to the Netherlands Indies.

FAIRBANKS JUNIOR AS DIRECTOR

New British Film Company

A new British film production company, Criterion Films, has been formed and will make four pictures a year at a cost of some £50,000 to £100,000 each.

Douglas Fairbanks, jun., who is on the board, has Captain A. Cunningham-Reid as chairman, and will star in the first subject, "Jeffery Farnol's Regency romance, 'An Amateur Gentleman.'"

Elissa Landi will be leading lady. The cast also includes Gordon Harker, Hugh Williams and Athole Stewart.

The adaptation is by Clemence Dane. James Laver, the novelist and curator of the Victoria and Albert Museum, will be technical adviser. It starts in a fortnight at Elstree under Thornton Freeland, the Hollywood director of many big pictures.

ALHAMBRA THEATRE

TO-DAY at 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

THE LITTLE TOY SOLDIER
IS COVERED WITH RUST...
but the toy soldier of today becomes the man soldier of tomorrow!
We ask a question—and answer it in this flaming challenge to humanity!

NO GREATER GLORY
FRANK BORZAGE
A COLUMBIA PICTURE

NEXT **Laurel & Hardy** in **"BONNIE SCOTLAND"**
CHANGE The Greatest Comedy of the Year.

MOVIE LAND NEWS

The costumes and stage settings for the Russian ballet in "Anna Karenina," coming to the Alhambra Theatre soon, which was Mme. Margarete Wallmann's first creation for Hollywood films, were designed in black and white and the various shades of grey.

Since he shortened Joan Crawford's hair for new coiffures in "I Live Life," Jim the barber at M-G-M, is saving the curls as a memento.

Gertrude Astor and Neely Edwards, screen stars of the "silent" days, are making their "talkie" comeback via Metro-Goldwyn Mayer's musical, "Broadway Melody," 1935, coming to the Queen's Theatre very shortly.

Both are playing their real life roles, that of actress and actor.

James Wong Howe, noted Chinese cameraman, is photographing M-G-M's "O'Shaughnessy's Boy." Wallace Beery and Jackie Cooper are co-starring under the direction of Richard Boleslawski.

MAIZEE'S REMOVAL SALE

Drastic Reductions

IN
Woollens, Afternoons
and
Coats.

Everything Below
Cost.



You'll enjoy its smooth, gliding swiftness, over the shortest route of longest electrification... its luxurious accommodations and friendly service... its sumptuous meals... its inviting beds... the freshness of its air conditioned equipment.

You'll meet discriminating travelers who prefer to travel Milwaukee... you'll thrill to magnificent scenery, include the journey between Seattle and Chicago on The Olympian as a part of your itinerary.

For further information inquire of your nearest steamship office, any Travel Bureau, or

ERIC MARSHALL, Agent
102 Government St., Victoria, B.C.
C. J. CALKINS, General Agent
1711 Granville St., Vancouver, B.C.
R. F. RANDALL, Dist. Passenger Agent
441 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.
J. E. BAHL, Asst. Gen. Passenger Agent
Seattle, Washington
GEORGE HAYNES, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
Chicago, Ill.

THE MILWAUKEE ROAD

PROGRESS

Better Times are Ahead
Are you ready to reap
the benefit?

南華日報

SOUTH CHINA DAILY NEWS
(NAM WAH YAT PO)

Whose daily circulation of 18,000 reaches modern and progressive Chinese in both Hong Kong and South China.

A great favourite with young and modern China on account of the excellence of its sporting news and authoritative political articles, the South China Daily News is too valuable a medium to be left out of your appropriation.

For Rates Apply To The Advg. Manager
South China Daily News (Nam Wah Yat Po)
49-51, HOLLYWOOD ROAD, HONG KONG.
TEL. 25612 & 25234. CABLES "SWANONG"

SILVER IN MANURE

Attempt To Export To Formosa

Acting on information received a party of Revenue Officers boarded the steamer Fukujin Maru on Monday morning and found a large quantity of silver which was concealed in fruit cases.

In consequence of this four men were arrested and brought before Mr. W. Schofield, at the Central Magistracy and charged with exporting 833 pounds of silver bullion from the Colony to Formosa, 12,945 silver dollars, and exporting unmanifested cargo.

All defendants pleaded guilty to the charges.

Revenue Officer Grimmitz prosecuting, said that information was laid with the Import and Export Department that a quantity of silver was going to be placed on a Japanese steamer to be exported from the Colony. About 10.30 a.m. on Monday, a party of Revenue Officers boarded the vessel, and found six boxes of fish manure with 833 silver ingots and 12,500 Chinese silver dollars. In a basket of pears were found 2,500 silver dollars, and in a package of jackets 945 silver dollars. Alongside the cargo was found dropping gear, so that the cargo could be dropped overboard in case anyone came on the vessel.

Captain To Be Charged.

The ship cleared for Takao in ballast, and the captain would be brought up in the Marine Court. The second defendant was an importer and exporter for goods in Formosa, and the other defendant dealt with him. About eight days ago some cases of fish manure had been exported to Formosa, and six cases had been left behind. The first defendant purchased the silver and it was stored among the cases. The second defendant was really involved into it by the first defendant. Second defendant had lost all his cargo and was now bankrupt. The first defendant was really the more guilty party.

Mr. Schofield remanded both defendants for 48 hours in police custody in order to consider the case. Bail in \$1,000 each was fixed.

SIR CALDECOTT BIDS FAREWELL UPCOUNTRY

Flying Visits

So that he could say farewell to friends upcountry before his departure for Hong Kong next month, the Colonial Secretary, Sir Andrew Caldecott, was flown to Port Swettenham by the R.A.F. on November 23 in a Singapore III flying boat. Sir Andrew will visit several Malayan coastal centres, and will then motor back to Singapore, calling on as many of his friends as possible on the route.

During his long career in the Malayan Civil Service Sir Andrew has been associated with numerous people in numerous centres, and, as he remarked recently, he will leave Malaya with "very mixed feelings."

He is due in Singapore on Saturday.

Sir Andrew will leave for Hong Kong in the Carthage on December 7 to take over the office of Governor.

AIR-COMMODORE TO PAY VISIT HERE

Air-Commodore Sidney Smith, Air Officer Commanding the R.A.F. Far East, Stationed in Singapore, will leave for Hong Kong in the Blue funnel steamer Garpedon on Dec. 2. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Smith, and by Squadron-Leader George, his Senior Staff Officer.

While in Hong Kong, Air-Commodore Smith will meet the Commander-in-Chief of the China Station, Admiral Sir Frederick Dreyer, and the G.O.C. China forces.

He will leave Hong Kong to return to Singapore on Dec. 18.

Around the Courts

MOULDS FOR COUNTER- FEITING

The adjourned hearing of the committal proceedings brought against three unemployed men, namely Lam Ju alias Lam Tit-sang, Kwong Chiu-pang, and Lam Chun was continued at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday before Mr. E. I. Wynne-Jones.

Detective-Sergeant C. H. Goodwin, the prosecuting officer, took the stand and stated on November 11, he and a party of Police raided the premises of 99 Fuk Wah Street, 3rd floor, for the purpose of searching for arms.

On the way to the kitchen they passed an open door and he saw a large bucket about a foot inside the door. Inside the bucket were 9 moulds with a charcoal fire at the bottom.

He then told the Chinese detective to bring the first defendant back, and when he (defendant) saw that the moulds were discovered he said that they were the property of his friend who was out at the moment. He also stated that he was only looking after the fire and that the moulds contained money.

An extensive search was made and, in a room used as a store, they found on the table another two moulds one for making the local silver dollar and the other for five cent pieces. On the right hand drawer of the table was a quantity of metal and a search of the left drawer also brought to light some more metal and in an envelope were two Chinese Republican coins.

After hearing the evidence of the landlady of the house, the hearing was adjourned until today.

The third defendant, Lam Chun, was acquitted owing to lack of evidence against him.

DEATH ENQUIRY

The circumstances surrounding the death of Poon Yuen-lung, age 19, who was a victim of a motor accident on November 11 in Wardley Street, was gone into at the Central Magistracy before Mr. W. Schofield yesterday.

The jury were Messrs. W. F. Ford, P. F. Wuthrich and A. Ng Yip Chung.

Mr. D. McCallum represented the driver of car No. 425.

After medical evidence had been given, driver of car No. 4248 was next to give evidence. He said that at 7.30 p.m. he was driving on Des Voeux Road on his way to Wanchai, when passing Ice House Street, he saw a car coming in the opposite direction and he saw that it was coming fast so he applied his brakes. The other car gave no warning of its intention to turn so witness could not avoid the accident.

He saw no one on the Road at the time.

Hung Yik-ching driver of the other car No. 425 said that, he was coming from Wanchai and wanted to turn into Wardley Street. He was travelling at about 11 or 12 miles per hour. He saw the other car coming in the opposite direction and slowed down as he took the corner, but the other car came into collision with the left rear wheel of his car.

When he got out of the car he saw a man being lifted off the ground by two sailors and a Chinese.

The jury returned a verdict of death through misadventure, adding a rider to the effect that both drivers were in some way to blame, but the drivers of the public car was more at fault as he cut across the traffic.

TOY PISTOL

Kam Ah-san, 38, unemployed, was sentenced to three months' hard labour by Mr. Macfarlane at the Central Police Court yesterday morning on a charge of the possession of a toy water pistol, an instrument fit for an unlawful purpose, and not being able to give a satisfactory account of the possession of it. Another man, Kam Yan-hong, charged with the possession of a toy pistol, was similarly sentenced.

Both defendants stated that they picked up the pistols somewhere in Wanchai. One of the accused stated that children were playing with the pistols and dropped them.

Replying to his Worship, Detective-Sergeant T. Cashman stated that pistols of a similar type had been used on a previous occasion in an armed robbery in West Point.

MORE MENDICANTS

Another round-up of city beggars was made on Monday morning when Sub-Inspector Arnitt and a party of Chinese police effected a raid. As a result, 21 male mendicants were brought before Mr. Macfarlane at the Central Magistracy yesterday and were fined \$5 each or seven days. One beggar had \$6.88 in his possession. The majority had only a few cents.

WANTED IN SAIGON

Waiving extradition proceedings, Du Bul, alias Yock Sang, alias Yu Pui, 47, salesman, wanted for the alleged misappropriation of 3,500 piastres in Saigon, within the jurisdiction of the Government of Indo-China, was discharged by Mr. Schofield at the Central Police Court yesterday on the application of Chief Detective Inspector Murphy. It was stated that the ship on which the fugitive was returning would sail the same day.

DOGS ABROAD

Mrs. Bromley, of No. 8 Hillwood Road, ground floor, was summoned before Mr. E. I. Wynne-Jones at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday morning for allowing her dog abroad in the passageway of her residence without a muzzle on November 18. The complainant, Mrs. Friday, of No. 15 Hillwood Road, failed to appear, and the defendant was dismissed.

Mrs. Arnold, of No. 114 Waterloo Road, was summoned for a similar offence, and a fine of \$18 was imposed.

Defendant stated that the dog went out with the servant but came back immediately. The dog had been inoculated against rabies.

His Worship in fining defendant stated that he would reduce the fine by \$7 (the cost of the inoculation).

LEAD FROM DOCK

Chau Kau, odd job coolie, was fined \$20, in default one month's hard labour, by Mr. W. Schofield, at the Central Magistracy yesterday, on a charge of theft of ten pounds of lead from Taikeo Dockyard. Defendant was arrested in Holly Cross Path, and admitted he had stolen the lead from the dockyard. It was discovered he

had been stripping lead-covered wire from a ship.

The sentence of 56 days' detention imposed on Fusilier W. K. Thomas has been confirmed. Thomas was found guilty by a District Court Martial on November 15 of striking a superior officer.



KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION HOUSEHOLD COAL

Supplies may be obtained at the following prices delivered in quantities of not less than half a ton.

ANNOUNCING REDUCED PRICES

Peak District ...	... \$18.
Bowen Road and Lower Levels ...	... \$17.
Pokfulum ...	... \$18.
Repulse Bay ...	... \$23.
Kowloon ...	... \$15.
Shek O and Stanley ...	... \$23.

All prices are per metric ton and deliveries will be made in this unit.

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

LATE MARSHAL SUN CHUAN FANG

The following letter from Mr. R. W. Mead appears in the "Times" of November 10:—

Marshal Sun Chuan-fang, whose death you record to-day, was a man whose word could be trusted.

In January, 1923, he made an agreement, which I signed on behalf of the Foreign Chief Inspector, under which half of the salt taxes from the five provinces which he controlled should be remitted for the service of the foreign loans secured on that revenue. Seven months later he refused to break this agreement when secretly invited to do so by leading members of the Peking Government, who were themselves responsible for the loan service, though it would have been greatly to his advantage to use some of the money for other purposes.

In a courageous speech in the same year Sun told Chinese merchants that passing from a foreign Concession into Chinese territory was like crossing from an upper into an under world, for nothing in the latter—roads, buildings, or public health—could be compared with the Concessions. "This," he said, "is the greatest of the national humiliations—much greater in my opinion than the loss of sovereignty."

He was a patriot of the old school with progressive ideas.

HER BEAUTY DECIDES THE FATE OF WORLDS!



CECIL B. DE MILLES
"THE
CRUSADES"
LORETTA YOUNG
HENRY WILCOXON

COMING TO
The STAR

LOCAL MAPS

Peak District,
Kowloon,
Victoria,
New Territories.

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS.

HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS

AND

CHINA OVERLAND TRADE REPORT

ILLUSTRATED

PRINTED IN GOOD QUALITY PAPER OVER 40 PAGES

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

FULL REPORTS

OF

LOCAL NEWS, SPORTS, GOSSIP, TRADE, ETC.

30 CENTS A COPY

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, LTD.

11, ICE HOUSE ST.

TEL. 30251.

SANITARY BOARD MEETING

Eating House Licence For Ice House Street

The fortnightly meeting of the Sanitary Board was held yesterday at the Board Room, Post Office Buildings, when applications for three eating houses were refused, and one was adjourned for a fortnight pending further investigations of the suitability of the premises in question.

Mr. W. J. Carrie, presided over the meeting and others present included:—

Vice-President—Hon. Mr. R. M. Henderson
Mr. O. H.—Dr. G. W. Pope
Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo
Dr. R. A. de Castro Basso
Dr. Li Shu Fan
Secretary—Mr. C. J. Roe
Asst. Secretary—Mr. Im Ping-tseung.

DIVIDED OPINION

The first business before the Board was the application for an eating house licence at No. 219, Hollywood Road, ground floor, Mr. Carrie said, that on the recommendation of the Select Committee, who found the premises entirely unsuitable, it was agreed that the application be refused.

Regarding the next application which was for the issuance of a full eating house licence, instead of one for light refreshments at No. 12B, Ice House Street, ground floor, the President informed the Board that the Committee were divided in their opinion regarding the matter. In January this year an application for a full eating house licence was received, but permission was refused on January 3.

The business had now changed hands, and the new owner desired a licence to be altered. The Chief Inspector, in his report, said that if the owner were there to supervise arrangements, a full licence might be granted. The President then reminded the Board that it was not the policy of the board to consider individuals but the premises. He recommended that the application be refused.

Dr. Li Shu Fan said that he had paid a visit to the premises and found that they were wholly hygienic and clean. True, the kitchen was small with the hall outside proportionately small. The new applicant had had the kitchen altered to plans specified by the authorities, and he understood that nothing else but electricity and gas would be used for cooking.

ENOUGH VENTILATION

There was sufficient ventilation and the place was well lighted. He considered that it was above the average eating house, and further consideration should be given to the matter.

The Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo rose in support saying that he was sorry to express regret that two unofficial members were not present at the meeting and a third was away from the Colony on leave. This very greatly depleted their ranks and meant that the unofficial majority vote had gone. He was in entire agreement with the President, however, that the Board should deal with premises and not individuals. He did not think that the Inspector's recommendation meant to be taken in that light, but that, when fully read, meant that the premises were perfectly good if a respectable person were in charge of it, with care given to the premises, it could not be unsuitable for an eating house.

If gas or wood were used in the kitchen objection might be raised, but that was not the case, since electricity had been installed.

Dr. Pope said that he must object to the application as the drainage was inadequate.

Dr. Li Shu Fan pointed out that the kitchen had been altered according to plans submitted, and following further discussions, it was agreed to leave the matter in abeyance until further investigations had been made.

MORE REFUSALS

Two further applications for eating house licences were refused, one concerning No. 31C, Wyndham Street, and the other No. 74, Bonham Strand West. With regard to the latter it was pointed out by Mr. Carrie that a licence had been granted in 1933 for five months, after which time the business had closed down. On the recommendation of the Chief Inspector's report he would move a refusal since it was disclosed that the premises were 58 feet 9 inches long and only 6 feet 7 inches wide. Also the ventilation and lighting were bad.

Queries were raised by both the Hon. Mr. Lo and Dr. Li Shu Fan

GLIMPSES OF THE RUSSIAN REVOLUTION

A WALL BETWEEN JEST AND EARNESTNESS

Facts Disclosed At Rotary Luncheon

Incidents, some of which were amusing and others tragic were recounted to a large gathering by Mr. E. Bacci at the weekly tiffin of the Rotary Club held at the Roof Garden of the Hong Kong Hotel yesterday when the speaker delivered a very interesting paper on "Something in Jest and Earnest."

Prof. L. Forster, before introducing the speaker to the gathering, welcomed Mr. Bacci, H. L. Murrow, as a new member to the Club, while welcome was also extended to Rotarian Middleton-Smith who has just returned from furlough. Guests welcomed at the function were: Messrs. Jacques Levy (Shanghai), Lee Chin (Hong Kong), Jack Brookman (Manila), Millard K. Ryan (Canton), M. de Rome (Hong Kong) and M. Jussierard (Hong Kong).

RUSSIA IN REVOLT

In calling upon Mr. Bacci to speak, Prof. Forster said:

"There are few if any Rotary Clubs in the world in which the individual member possesses such a wealth and variety of experience as one finds in the Hong Kong body. There would not be the slightest difficulty in arranging a programme of interesting addresses, if members were not so excessively modest. Mr. Bacci was in Russia in 1917 as a representative of the Italian Government, for whom he was gathering information about Italian prisoners when the Revolution broke out. Here, as an observer, he came across certain incidents, some of which were amusing and some of which were tragic. It is about these things that he is going to speak. The Russian Revolution is now distant in time, and Moscow as well is distant in space from here, and consequently the Revolution has lost for most of us its emotional effects. It is now merely a fact in history."

Addressing the gathering Mr. Bacci said:

We are in the midst of great social changes. Figuratively speaking we are living in an old palace, the architecture of which is worn out with the times, but let us not attempt to rebuild the old lines nor to construct new ones, but rather save the columns from falling—because once the columns give away the whole structure collapses.

I have been lucky enough during my lifetime to survive the greatest collapse yet seen and in the midst of which I happened to be caught. I am speaking about the Russian Revolution. In the year 1917 I was engaged in the work of checking, throughout the Russian Empire, the amount of Italian prisoners who had served in the ranks of the Austrian army at the Russian front, and had been taken prisoners by the Russians. Austrian and German prisoners, at that time, were well over the million mark and small detachments of them could be found everywhere in both European and Asiatic Russia. Consequently I travelled from the Arctic zone and the White Sea down to the Caucasus and the Transcaucasian regions, along the whole length of the Siberian railway, hundreds of miles north and south of it by cart-horse and other primitive means of communications, then by caravan through out Mongolia, and finally the Russian Turkestan up to the border of Tibet. It happened that some days after I disembarked in the country of the Tsar, the dynasty of the Romanoffs came to an end. Like a drop of oil the spirit of the searching Russian soul, striving to find a new and better way out of the impasse, spread more and more until it became a sea of unrestrained passion, of destruction, and rebellion against the old.

regarding the permissibility of a refusal since a licence had been granted two years ago.

Dr. Pope stated that the grant was made solely on a misleading report which was received, stating that the premises were well lighted, and ventilated. It had now been ascertained that that was not the case.

Dr. Li Shu Fan then recommended that a middle course be adopted and the licence be granted for a year only. A vote was taken and the application was defeated by three votes to two. Dr. Basso refraining from voting.

80 PERCENT ILLITERATE

Before the Soviets actually took control of the population and standardised the communist doctrine, the people were left to themselves to interpret the new principles in the best way they could. Thus, during my travels, I witnessed what effect this new and revolutionary ideas had on the Russian masses. We must bear in mind that the Russian people, at the time I am referring to, were about 80 percent illiterate—mostly peasants tilling the soil. The first effort to help Russian society came from the so-called intelligentsia whose noble thoughts were directed for a gradual benefit of all. But the gap between the former and the peasantry was so big—and so big was the disproportion in their numbers—that when the mass got hold of the new ideas it twisted them to suit its own purpose and literally destroyed the minority. I shall recount to you without exaggeration some facts that I witnessed, which will illustrate how some of the fundamental principles of the new order were interpreted before the policy of terror was introduced by the Soviets.

JUSTICE

I boarded a train in Irkutsk, the capital of Siberia. Boarding trains was no easy matter—hundreds of people rushed through the gates of the railway stations when they opened. Trains no longer ran by schedule—one waited at the station hours, sometimes days and tickets were no longer sold, for was not the railway the common property of the people? In a free for all fight, it was fortunate to find a place somewhere in the car—perhaps on the floor. In my compartment we were packed like sardines for there, where in normal times only four were accommodated, we were sixteen. The windows had no glass. These and any other objects in brass, such as handles, etc., had been removed by previous passengers, for use in their homes. I suppose. Upholstery was also missing as the heavy velvet could be used for clothing. Of course, there was no electric light, but we did have a candle lantern with a flickering flame. Everybody was excited about the wonderful revolution, and so heated were the arguments that no one seemed to care about the intense cold and glacial draft. Even the fellow sitting by the window, a giant of a man with heavy whiskers, did not seem to mind that the half of his beard which was exposed to the window was covered with icicles. It soon became apparent that we had in our midst five sailors from a gun-boat in Vladivostok, all of them travelling to Petrograd to attend the first Communist Congress. Knowing a few stories, which I thought sailors would appreciate, I soon became friendly with them—a friendship which proved to be a real acquisition because it actually saved my life. In one corner of the compartment was sitting a peasant woman clad in very heavy sheep fur—the only woman among us. All of a sudden she exclaimed—"Oh! God! Oh! God! I had a rouble in my pocket and it has been stolen." Everybody took great interest in her misfortune and asked whether she was sure she had had it. "Yes," she said. "I had it when I came into this compartment so it must have been stolen here." If this is the case, said somebody, it is a grave matter—thieves should not exist in a state like ours—and then

stealing from a peasant woman! But who could have stolen it? Only the man on her left—as there was nobody on her right. It was decided to search him. The fellow protested most vehemently—he was no thief—in fact he was a revolutionary himself—but to no avail. He had to produce the money he had, to prove he had not stolen the rouble of the peasant woman. So he took out of his pocket whatever he possessed. He had a handful of small coins and a paper rouble folded in four. Ah! said the woman—that is my rouble—it was folded in four just like that. The man still protested but the dirty paper note was taken from his hand and given to her.

PUNISHING A THIEF?

Then silence fell. A few minutes later someone said:—A thief must be punished. Great arguments and great animation. Thirteen judges, a plaintiff, an accused, and a silent witness—myself—in a few cubic feet of space. Not decidedly not a thief must be punished and turned over to the authorities. But who is the authority? We are the authority—we, the People, who made the revolution. Somebody then suggested—throw him out of the window. Yes! throw him out! And, as that was the usual way of getting rid of undesirables in trains at the time, a few boys got hold of the screaming and protesting fellow and with a swing lanced him into the glacial snowy regions of a Siberian plain. But somehow this drama had to turn into a real tragedy a few moments later. The peasant woman, sitting now a little more at her ease because of the space vacated by her late neighbour, started to search her pockets and somehow pulled out two paper notes instead of one—both folded in four. I don't suppose she realized she was taking out two notes instead of one when she did it. Evidently one was her own, and the other the one the judges had given her. Of course she was caught and it was too late to hide the fact. Oh! God! Oh! God! she exclaimed—I have found in the folds of my fur my own rouble. That was really grave and deep concern befell on all of us—but a quick decision followed—Throw her out of the window, the daughter of a dog—and over she went, destined to be a piece of ice until the spring. By this time it was night.

MORE THROWN OUT

We tried to sleep but in that uncomfortable position, and with so much previous excitement, it was hardly possible. All of a sudden a voice said—The man who first suggested to throw out of the window the innocent one—he is the real cause of all this trouble—he should have a dose of his own medicine. I noticed then that the five sailors were unanimous in this decision—somebody was seized and thrown out. It happened to be a mistake so they threw out a few more. There are no words to describe what one may feel under such circumstances. But I must thank providence because one of the sailors said, referring to me—Let him a'ce, he will tell us a story to-morrow. And when finally the battle was over the gigantic sailor with the whiskers on his face exclaimed with perfect joy and satisfaction—At last we can stretch our limbs and sleep in peace.

I have often seen justice misinterpreted, and sometimes misused, but never have I witnessed such a cruel misinterpretation of a sacred principle and such bold measures in the name of it as employed by those five hard-boiled sailors.

LIBERTY

From all the social principles I imagine liberty is the hardest to define. It was given to witness an interpretation of liberty in a Siberian village which was situated far from the railway. When I arrived the news of the fall of the Tsarist regime had not yet reached its inhabitants. A few days later, however, early in the morning I was awakened by a terrific shouting in the streets. When I looked out of the window I saw the villagers all with happy expressions on their faces and literally dancing from joy. I was soon informed that liberty had been given to them. A few moments later I was in the crowd of course of formation—and when a few hundred strong, the crowd felt the material possibility of enforcing the new order of things, it marched with shouts of "Down with the police," "Down with the rich," "Down with the oppressors," and so forth. And every time it came to a public building the gates would be unbolled, the doors

broken and everything destroyed, sometimes the building was burned to the ground. The village being small, a few hours after there was not much remaining for the crowd to destroy and their mission performed, it seemed there was nothing else to do but to retire to their respective homes. But somehow one could literally see now that they were dissatisfied—that they thought—is this all that freedom can actually give us? Freedom! A word which nobody had dared to pronounce during the old regime for fear of punishment. Freedom, like a myth, had occupied the imagination of the people, but it had no material equivalent in their minds. There is hardly time, however, to speculate during an upheaval. In this case the crowd which was already dispersing all of a sudden, as if in answer to a magic call, started running in one direction—to the river. It had remembered that there were two enormous tanks, like petrol tanks containing spirits of wine and vodka.

FIGHTING FOR VODKA

During the war it had been prohibited to drink alcohol and the government, who had had the monopoly of its sale, had stored all the provisions in these tanks. But when they reached the tanks shouts of anger could be heard: The tanks had been perforated and the liquid was flowing into the river. Some faithful employee of the old regime must have done it in order not to give the satisfaction to the villagers of getting something for nothing. Still there was time to save some of the precious nectar. The first arrivals filled their hats and drank, some ran home for buckets, and soon the whole population was running hither and thither collecting all available receptacles. At the tanks a terrible fighting and shouting was going on, people pushing each other aside to reach the holes from which the spirit was flowing. A few new holes were bored but, even then, many were impatient as nobody knew how much remained in the tanks. Then someone discovered that the vodka flowing into the river was actually floating on the surface, of the water and not mixing with it. This gave rise to a scene which I shall never forget as long as I live. For a mile or so hundreds of people were laying on the banks of the river with their faces to the water—drinking in the escaping elixir. Some of them did not get up—they were too drunk to move. Many were drowned that night. At dawn the village presented a strangely different aspect. Everybody was drunk—man, woman and child. No one could walk straight. Bizarre expressions on the distorted faces, discordant music, but no more political discussions. Sporadically one could hear exclamations in chorus—Long live liberty. The soul of the people had found at last the solution of liberty. Yes! Liberty, I was given to understand, was the supreme right to be drunk.

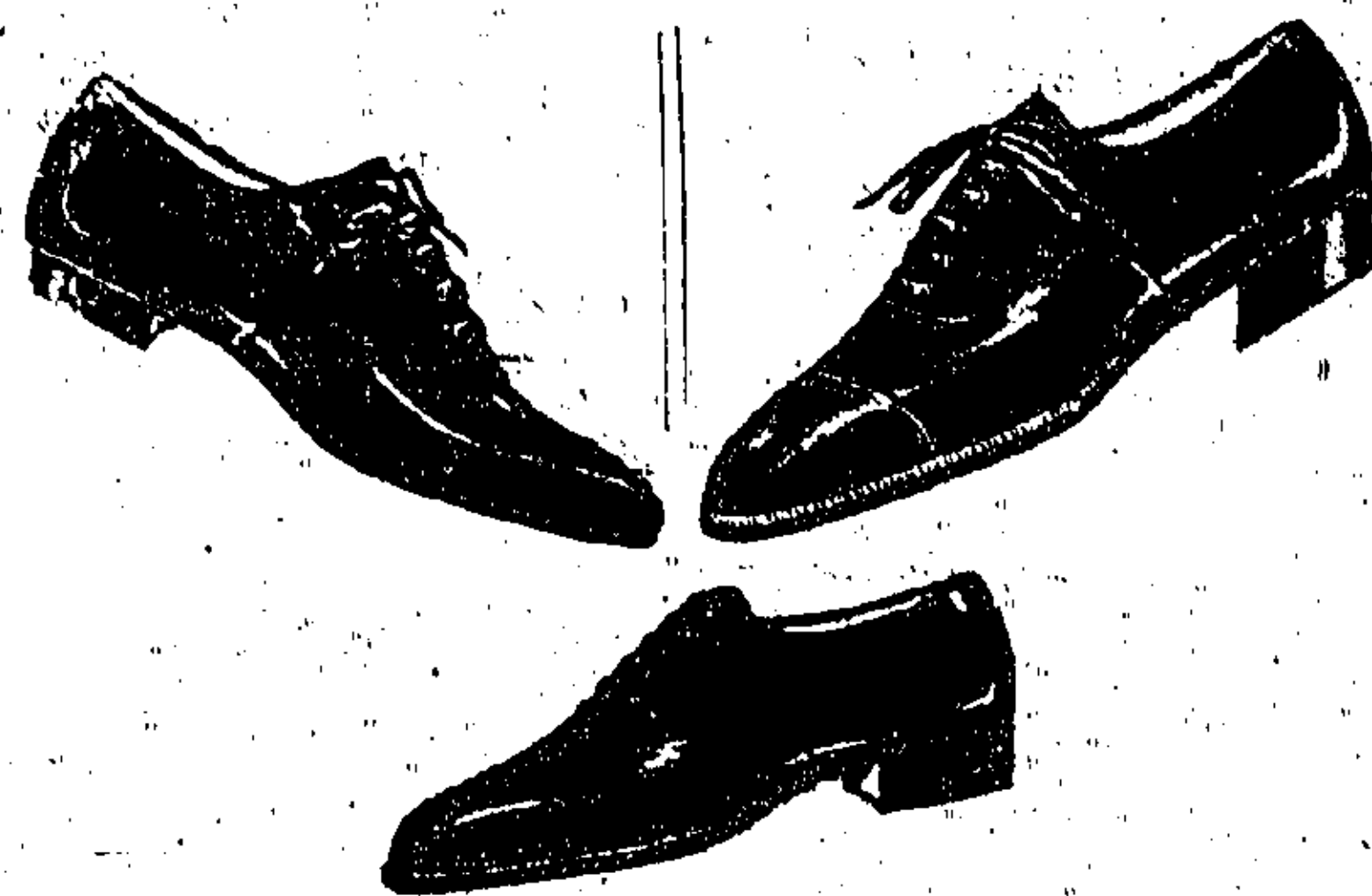
PROPERTY

Property is another principle which has undergone in the post-war period, and is still undergoing, a considerable metamorphosis. Whilst in the western countries the notion of property is shifting very gradually to a new conception—in Russia it had been decreed overnight that property, personal property, could not exist. It was proclaimed national, that is to say, belonging to all the people at the same time. That, of course, as you can well imagine, led in the beginning to terrible confusion. The working and peasant classes, who hardly ever had any property at all, seized this idea with eagerness and gave to it a totally original interpretation. If property is nationalised it means that everything belongs to everybody and one could help oneself to anything one liked. This actually led to the dismemberment of every well-to-do house, museum, shop, etc., etc. It was not uncommon to see in an "Izba" a picture by an old master, or some precious pottery, or silver or gold used at the dining table. On the border of Mongolia I was the guest of a Russian Consular Agent, Mr. Perloff, one of the most charming and well educated men the western civilisation can produce. His hobby was to collect curios. He possessed a magnificent collection of spears and daggers of all different periods. His house, though simple, was full of books and objects of art, and with rough Mongolian felt carpets hanging on the walls it made a little corner of unforgettable pleasantness in contrast to the crude spirit of the

(Continued on Page 11)

DISTINCTIVE FOOTWEAR

for 1936



EXCLUSIVE MODELS & STYLES
AND INDIVIDUALITY OF CRAFTSMANSHIP

MANFIELD SHOES
DISTINCTIVE AND DIFFERENT

MEN'S DEPARTMENT

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

SUPER-ATTRACTION
AT THE
HONG KONG—HOTEL
ANNOUNCING
OPENING—SEASON
GALA NIGHT
IN THE GRILL ROOM
SATURDAY
7th
DECEMBER
—Till 2 A.M.
A COMPLETE SHOW
EARLY RESERVATIONS SUGGESTED...PHONE 30281
THE HONG KONG & SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.

COWAN
&
BAILEY
PIANO-BANJO-SONG
WITH
TED
&
EVELYN
DIRECT FROM THE
HOLLYWOOD STUDIOS
—AND—
ESTELLE
DAVIS
MISTRESS OF
CEREMONIES

—Till 2 A.M.
A COMPLETE SHOW
EARLY RESERVATIONS SUGGESTED...PHONE 30281
THE HONG KONG & SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.

Anzora in the morning keeps Hair smart... all day!



Just a little Anzora each morning will keep your hair smart and in place all day long! Anzora is the original British Hair Fixative that millions of men prefer. Refuse substitutes—nothing else is as good as Anzora. Anzora Cream for normal scalp, Anzora, Viola for dry scalp. Anzora Brilliantine for glossy hair. At all Chemists, Hairdressers and Stores.

ANZORA
MASTERS THE HAIR

ANZORA
PERFUMERY
CO., LTD.
London, N.W.6.
England.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

THE BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO CO. (CHINA) LTD. beg to advise that owing to the recent heavy increase in duty on all Tobacco products they are now reluctantly compelled to advance the wholesale and retail prices of Cigarettes and Tobaccos marketed by them.

Hong Kong, 4th December, 1935.

[4026]

HONG KONG BREWERS AND DISTILLERS, LTD.

NOTICE OF CREDITORS' MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Meeting of the Creditors of the Hong Kong Brewers and Distillers Limited, will be held at the offices of the Company at No. 7, Duddell Street, Victoria in the Colony of Hong Kong, on the 11th day of December, 1935, at 12.30 p.m. o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose mentioned in Sections 227, 228 and 229, of the Companies Ordinance 1932.

Dated the 29th day of November, 1935.

By Order of the Board,

E. M. BARRETT,

Secretary.

[4023]

NOTICES OF REMOVAL

AS from the 1st of December, 1935, the Offices of Messrs. Furness (Far East) Ltd., will be at the Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Building, 2nd Floor, Telephone 23185.

NOTICES OF REMOVAL

AS from the 1st of December, 1935, the Offices of Messrs. Elizaide & Co., will be at the Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Building, 2nd Floor, Telephone 23185.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

DRAFT Programmes and Entry Forms for the Fourteenth Extra Race Meeting, to be held on **SATURDAY, 14th December, 1935**, (weather permitting), may be obtained at the Secretary's Office, Gloucester Building; the Club House, Happy Valley; the Hong Kong Club; the Sports Club and the Stables, Shean Kwong Road.

Entries close at 12 o'clock NOON on **THURSDAY, 6th December, 1935**.

By Order,

C. B. BROWN,

Secretary.

LIN SEN'S GREETINGS

Nanking, Dec. 3.
Mr. Lin Sen, President of China, replying to Lord Lytton and Sir William Liewellyn expresses very warm congratulations at the opening of the Chinese art exhibition, declaring that "this is a fresh manifestation of Sino-British co-operation and constitutes another milestone in the friendly relations between the two nations."

Reuter.

SUBSIDIARY COINS IN THE NORTH

Shanghai, Dec. 3.
The Central News learns from the Ministry of Finance that the minting of silver, nickel and copper subsidiary coins is now under way as an urgent corollary to the nationalisation of silver.

The new coins will be put into circulation in the very near future.

Reuter.

NEW FLAG OF THE GERMANY NAVY

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright))

Berlin, Dec. 3.

The new flag of the Commander-in-Chief of the German Navy described and illustrated in the press on Tuesday takes the form of a black iron cross reaching to the borders of a square white field. Under the cross and lying diagonally in the field are two crossed golden yellow swords with anchors on the guards of the hilts.

Transocean Kuo Min

BIRTH

JOHANNESSEN—At War Memorial Hospital on December 3, 1935, to Iris (nee Hay-Edie) wife of Mr. Reidar Johannesen, a son, John Edward Hay-Edie.

[4024]

DEATHS

DE ALMEIDA—On November 27, 1935, in Lisbon, Noemie Maria, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. de Almeida.

BERTHELOT—On November 28, 1935, at Ste. Marie's Hospital, Shanghai, Camille Alexis, aged 56 years.

Editorial and Business Office: 11, The House Street, Tel. 30251.
Night Editor (Wanchai Office): Tel. 24511.
London Office: 53, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, DECEMBER 4, 1935.

M. LAVAL'S VICTORY

M. Laval's first victory a few days ago leads us to indulge in retrospection of the recent events in French political circles. It will be remembered that the French Chambers adjourned on June 30 after reluctantly arming M. Laval and his Government with authority to issue decree-laws until October 31. Such edicts require no Parliamentary legislation; they bear in themselves the full facts of the law. Nevertheless the Chambers expressed their reticence in ratification, and as the days of reckoning draw near the anxiety of the Government increases. M. Laval celebrated the last hours of his exceptional powers by issuing an enormous batch of three hundred decrees, many of no small importance.

He was also probably correct in assuming that these would count for little in the indictment that would certainly be levelled against him, and that his Government would stand or fall on the decrees which imposed the drastic "cuts" in official salaries and the new taxes also required to balance the Budget. In that he was correct, as the events of the last few days simply proved.

Under the influence of the acute financial crisis of the early summer, when two Governments fell in rapid succession, and the present one was thrust into the saddle only because the franc was so manifestly in danger, M. Laval issued economy decrees, and cuts designed to save £135,000,000 a year—still leaving a deficit of £15,000,000. The country, of course winced, but the franc recovered and the drain of gold was stayed. Yet the unpopularity of the cuts with the Civil Servants and Ex-servicemen has by no means abated, nor have the various political parties which maintain M. Laval's National Government accepted them without reserve.

Trouble began for M. Laval when the Financial Commission of the Chamber began its examination of these proposals at the end of last month. It ruthlessly pulled them to pieces without regard to the scheme as a balanced whole, under which all classes should make their share of sacrifice. In a word, the Financial Commission showed itself much more intent on party politics than on the financial stability of France.

The Radical-Socialists, for example, would eject M. Laval from office readily enough were they prepared to take office themselves. But they are not, because the responsibility of balancing the Budget would fall on their shoulders, and M. Herriot rightly warned his more headstrong followers: "If you turn out this Government, be assured that its successor will not be I."

Events of the last few days in France gave much cause for anxiety, but happily this is now past, and in gaining this signal victory, M. Laval has once again shown his ability in undertaking the task of maintaining peace in times of extreme difficulty. It is hoped that after this stormy epoch, inter-party jealousy in France would be done away with, and the Government would be allowed greater freedom of movement.

MISS M. CAREY DEAD

Philadelphia, Dec. 2.
The death has occurred of Miss M. Carey, the well-known educationist and feminist, at the age of 78 years.

Reuter.

THREAT TO OVERTHROW THE GOVERNMENT

Serious Party Battle In France

(Special to "Hong Kong Daily Press")
(By Telegraph, Copyright, Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1934.
Received, December 3, 7.30 p.m.)

Paris, December 3.

Tense excitement prevailed in the Chamber on Tuesday noon, when the long awaited debate on Fascist Unions began on the demand of the Left Wing parties, who declare that they will be satisfied with nothing less than the prompt dissolution of all Right Wing organisations, and above all the "Fire Crossers." If this demand is not complied with the Left Wingers are prepared to overthrow the Laval Government.

The first interpellator, M. Ramette of the Communists, in a long and fiery speech attempted to prove that all Right Wing organisations were hostile to the State. The speaker admitted that his most cherished wish was the dissolution of the "Fire Crossers," which the Left Wingers agreed were a particularly dangerous and powerful organisation. The so-called private meetings of this organisation said the speaker really amounted to military invasions.

Ramette laid all the blame for the upheavals at Limoges at the door of the "Fire Crossers" and went so far as to say that Premier Laval was really responsible because the Cabinet is a confederate of the "Fire Crossers."

The next speaker, M. Guermont, the Radical Socialist Deputy, reproached the Government for tolerating the provocation of the Right Wing organisation, so that the Government to-day no longer commands the confidence of its friends. The debate is still proceeding.

GARRISON STRENGTHENED

The garrison of Paris has been strengthened by numerous reinforcements of cavalry men and infantry from the provinces, also the Mobile Guard has been greatly increased, with the object of taking effective steps against any street disturbances created by the Fascist Unions, writes the Royalist organ "Action Francaise."

In the Marine department, sections of gendarmes that is the constabulary, have already arrived. All these emergency troops have been supplied with 47 rifles and cartridges, and two bandoliers of revolver bullets per man.

NAVAL CONFERENCE

Britain Weakening In Her Demand

London, Dec. 2.
While official information is not available, there is reason to believe the rumours to the effect that Great Britain is weakening in her demand for a twenty-six thousand ton battleship at the forthcoming Naval Conference, due to commence December 4. The rumour has a basis in fact, it is stated.

It is understood that the British case for a smaller battleship has rested, up to the present, upon two main grounds: firstly, the desire for economy; secondly, the desire to meet the Japanese demand for drastic limitation of the sizes of capital ships.

It is understood, however, that a third consideration now weighs largely in the calculations of the British experts. Although official circles maintain their very reticent attitude, it is suggested that 26,000-ton battleships cannot be made secure from aerial attack. That if proved true, would completely upset the argument for the smaller battleship. It is believed.

It is highly probable that the change in viewpoint is due, to some extent, to the present tension in the Mediterranean, which has caused Great Britain to move her battleships from their base at Malta to Alexandria, where they are practically outside the range of Italian air attack, as the nearest Italian bases for aircraft are some 3,000 miles away.

Details of the Admiralty's calculations in this matter naturally have not been revealed, but the chief consideration is well-known to be that only on ships of over 30,000 tons is it possible to place sufficient deck armour to withstand aerial bombs and sufficient strengthening under water to prevent disablement by bombs exploding near the vessel but under the sea.

The American demand is officially known to be for a battleship of 35,000 tons, as under the Washington Treaty, but "Reuter" understands it is not impossible that this demand will eventually be modified to a ship not smaller than 32,000 tons.

Reuter.

The paper asserts that at an upheaval at Limoges "a professional revolutionary" of a foreign nationality was shot dead, but the matter was hushed up on the order of the Socialist Mayor of Limoges.

Transocean Kuo Min

FATE IN BALANCE

Paris, Dec. 3.
The fate of the Government's future and M. Laval's peace efforts to defend the results of the debate in the Chamber on the Premier's plans to curb the Fascist Leagues which began at 8.30 this morning is expected to result in a narrow vote.

M. Laval is opposed from the Left. The Right Wingers object to the Premier's proposals. The Socialists and Communists demand complete dissolution of the League and everything depends whether M. Laval can support the power Radical Socialist group, led by M. Herriot, who addressed a meeting of the group this afternoon. The effect of his speech will be the key to the issue.

The debate is expected to continue throughout the day to-day and Thursday. The Chamber will not meet to-morrow.

Reuter.

USE OF FORCE ADVOCATED

Shang Chen Against Autonomy

Peiping, Dec. 2.
In a telegram to General Sung Cheh Yuan, military commander of the Tientsin-Peiping district, General Shang Chen, Chairman of Hopei Provincial Government, advocated the use of armed force to put down those who backed the autonomy movement. He directed telegrams to magistrates and chiefs of peace preservation units throughout the province, urging them to refuse to obey orders "from the self-styled autonomous government."

General Shang's announcement, which was the first indication of his attitude concerning the autonomy programme, was a severe blow to the plans of those advocating self-government. They had expected to win General Shang over to their cause.

Meanwhile, the new government in Eastern Hopei appealed to the Japanese Foreign Minister, Koki Hirota, and the Japanese War Minister, General Y. Kawashima, asking that troops be sent into the region "to purge North China of Communists."

General Sung rushed soldiers into Tungchow, capital of the new government, but withdrew them when the Japanese militarists put forth the claim that the presence of the troops violated the Tangku truce.

Union News.

RUBBER EXPORT QUOTAS

London, Dec. 3.
The International Rubber Regulation Committee has announced an increase in the Netherlands Indies basic quotas by 57,000 tons for 1937 and 55,000 tons for 1938.

Reuter.

NEWS SUMMARY

Two men were arrested by Revenue Officers yesterday on board the steamer Fukulin Maru when they were attempting to export silver bullion from the Colony to Formosa. Page 6.

An interesting lecture was delivered by Mr. E. C. Macnamara at the English Association yesterday. He chose for his subject "Blackstone." An account of the meeting appears on Page 10.

The first serial of the lecture is on Page 11.

The fortnightly meeting of the Sanitary Board was held yesterday when three applications for eating house licences were refused. Page 7.

An interesting article on Amoy—A Decade Ago and Now—appears on Page 12.

Whist Drives held by the R.E. Old Comrades Association were well attended. The results appear on Page 5.

Mr. Bacci gave a very interesting account of the days of the Russian revolution at the weekly luncheon of the Hong Kong Rotary Club yesterday. Page 7.

CRISIS IN THE NORTH

Autonomy Movement Developments

Peiping, Dec. 3.
In respect to Nanking's demand for the punishment of Yin Yu Keng, Japanese circles predict that the Japanese would protect Yin Yu Keng, in Tungchow, and even in Peiping.

General Hsiao Cheng Yin, new governor of Chahar province, denied that Japanese troops were withdrawing from the Great Wall. Yin Yu Keng Predicted that General Sung Cheh Yuan would declare support of the North China autonomy movement in a day or so.

The demilitarized zone autonomy council issued an outline of its organisation which showed that the railway supervisory committee intended to take over the Peiping-Mukden line from Shanhaikwan to Hsinho, which is one station west of Tangku. Chinese and foreign observers interpret this move as indicating the Japanese intend to assure the control of Tangku, where they are building barracks and a jetty.

If the present autonomy movement fails to win the support of General Sung Cheh Yuan, Governor Han Fu Chu of Shantung and Governor Shang Chen of Hopei, political malcontents in the Tientsin concessions, will utilise the peace preservation corps and the militia from the demilitarized zone as a military force to establish an autonomous state, according to a prediction in the fifth issue of the "New Prosperity News," a Chinese paper run by Japanese here.

In Tientsin the Japanese military headquarters issued a communique declaring that the autonomy agitation was due to a mass demand, and that therefore it was useless for the Chinese to attempt to suppress it. Hope was expressed that the Chinese would take appropriate measures to meet the autonomy sentiment.

The statement was issued in the face of undisguised efforts to muster mobs of coolies into the autonomous ranks with the promise of food and trifling pay.

PAY OF CONSCRIPTS IN GERMAN ARMY

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press")

(By Telegraph, Copyright, Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1934.
Received, December 3, 4.30 p.m.)

Berlin, Dec. 3.

Conscripts in the new German Army will receive 50 pfennigs pay per day in addition to free quarters and rations, the pay in the pre-war army being at the rate of 33 pfennigs per day. Payment is reckoned from the first day of enlistment, when recruits also receive marks for the purchase of polish and cleaning materials. Reservists will be paid at the same rate when called up for periodical practice.

Transocean Kuo Min

JAPANESE ACTION IN NORTH CHINA

Chinese Ambassador Calls On Sir Samuel Hoare

London, December 3.
Mr. Qao Tai Chi, the Chinese Ambassador, called on Sir Samuel Hoare, the Foreign Secretary, and had a long conversation. The Ambassador drew attention to Japanese violation of Chinese sovereign rights in North China.

There is no information whether the Chinese are taking similar action vis-a-vis other signatories of the Nine-Power treaty, though it is known that the Chinese Charge d'Affaires in Paris called on M. Laval yesterday.

Reuter.

Peiping, Dec. 2.
General Ho Ying-ching, the War Minister, has arrived here. He was greeted by General Shang Chen and civil and military officers at the station. Outside the station building a vast concourse of people had gathered.

After an exchange of greetings General Ho left with General Shang for the latter's residence, where they are now conferring on the North China situation.

The Minister is not expected to make a long stay, as he left his bodyguard and staff aboard the train, which has steam up and will probably go to Peiping to-night.

Reuter.

HO-DOIHARA TALKS

Peiping, Dec. 3.
General Ho Ying-chin is still at Peiping, but Hsiao Shih-hui, Chairman of Kiangsi, who accompanied him, arrived here this morning.

A very reliable Chinese source declares that during last night three telephone conversations took place between General Ho Ying-chin in Peiping and General Doihara in Peking.

The first call was made by General Ho about 11 p.m. yesterday. General Doihara called back later, while at 3 o'clock this morning General Ho made the final call. It is reported that their conversations were moderately satisfactory.

Reuter.

READY TO LEAVE

Peiping, Dec. 3.
General Ho Ying-chin's special train at the station is ready to proceed to Peiping with steam up and his staff and bodyguard aboard, but there is no indication when the War Minister is likely to leave for Peiping.

Several Japanese, including one alleged to be an adviser to Yin Yu Keng, autonomy leader at Tungchow, arrived this morning but so far they have failed to gain access to General Ho Ying-chin.

Reuter.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

During the week ended on November 30, there were twelve cases of diphtheria, with four deaths, three cases of enteric fever with one death, and one case of cerebro-spinal fever reported to the Health Authorities.

Owing to the Pains Judge, Mr. Justice R. E. Lindsell being indisposed, the judgment of the Full Court of Appeal concerning the President Jefferson-Afrika collision case was not delivered yesterday, as was at first arranged.

The forthcoming marriage is announced of Mr. Victor Henry William Chittenden, engineer, of Prince Edward Road, Kowloon, and Miss Dorothy Libania Murray of No. 4 Cumberland Road, Kowloon Tong.

His Honour the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, and Lady MacGregor are leaving for Home by the P. and O. liner Ranchi on December 14, for six months' leave. During His Lordship's absence, the Pains Judge, Mr. Justice R. E. Lindsell, will act as Chief Justice, and Mr. Justice J. J. Hayden, Official Receiver, will be acting Pains Judge.

Dr. Lo Wen Kan, former Minister of Foreign Affairs and Minister of Justice, has assumed the post of member of the River Conservancy Board established by the Kwangtung authorities.

Mrs. Whyte Smith will give practical demonstration lectures in Invalid Cookery at the St. John Ambulance Headquarters on Friday, December 6, and 13, at 5.30 p.m. Dr. L. S. Shin will commence a course of First Aid lectures in Chinese on Thursday, December 5, at 7.30 p.m. (for women only).

JAPANESE PLANES
Japanese aeroplanes have been flying over Peiping all throughout the morning.

There is much activity here, but nothing is being divulged concerning the progress in the War Minister's negotiations.

ARRIVAL IN PEIPING

Peiping, Dec. 3.
General Ho Ying-chin arrived here at 6.35 from Peiping.

Reuter.

REPORT DENIED
Peiping, Dec. 3.
A Japanese military spokesman flatly denied the report that the Japanese military authorities are seeking accommodation in Tientsin for two or three army divisions.

The spokesman said that at present there was no intention to increase the Japanese garrison in North China.

Reuter.

HUANG FU DECLINES TO SERVE

Nanking, Dec. 3.
General Huang Fu has again submitted a formal petition resigning the post of Minister of the Interior. He received the appointment early last spring, but so far he has not assumed the post.

Reuter.

CHINA PROTESTS TO M. LAVAL

Paris, Dec. 2.
Mr. Hsiao Chi-yung, Chinese Charge d'Affaires, called on M. Laval, the Premier, to-day, in order to protest against "foreign activities" leading the movement for the secession of Northern China.

No written protest was, however, handed in, and no suggestion was made that the Chinese Government would appeal to the League of Nations.

Reuter.

A dinner dance will be held at Repulse Bay Hotel this evening. The last bus leaves Repulse Bay 1.30 a.m. A special bus service has been arranged for the convenience of patrons attending the dinner dance, in addition to the ordinary time table, as follows: Hong Kong Hotel 8 p.m., 8.30 p.m. and 9 p.m.; Repulse Bay 1 a.m., 1.15 a.m. and 1.30 a.m.

The Piano and Song Recital that was to be given by Madame Bonenfant and Frau Muller on Saturday, December 7th, at 9 p.m. has been postponed indefinitely.

The Rev. J. R. Temple of the British and Foreign Bible Society will speak at a luncheon at the Hong Kong Hotel on Monday, and we are asked to announce that the committee of the local branch have issued invitations but would welcome anybody interested who has inadvertently not been invited if they would attend at the Hotel at 1 p.m. on Monday. The meal will cost \$1.50 per head.

The rainfall for the month of November, as recorded at the Botanical Gardens was 49 inch, of this 17 was registered on November 28 and 31 on November 29.

Handbills attacking Japan were distributed among coolies on North Soochow Road last week, the "Shanghai Nippo" reported. Anti-Japanese slogans were found scribbled on the walls of the Chinese Primary School, Waihaiwei Road.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs has decided to appropriate \$120,000 for the construction of a new building for the Chinese Legation in Paris, says a Nanking report.

KING'S SPEECH AT OPENING OF NEW PARLIAMENT

Foreign Relations
Friendly
REFERENCE TO ACTION
AGAINST ITALYDomestic Matters Fully
Covered

London, December 3.

The King's Speech at the opening of the new Parliament today was read by the Lord Chancellor in the House of Lords. His Majesty who had cancelled the ceremonial opening owing to the death of Princess Victoria conveying a message expressing regret that he was not addressing the House in person.

The opening passages of the King's Speech were as follows: "My relations with foreign powers continue to be friendly. My Government's foreign policy will hereafter be based on the firm support of the League of Nations. They will remain prepared to fulfil, in co-operation with other members of the League, the obligations of the Covenant. In particular they are determined to use at all times the full weight of their influence for preservation of peace."

"In pursuance of these obligations my Government have felt compelled to adopt, in co-operation with some fifty other member states, certain measures of economic and financial nature in regard to Italy. At the same time they will continue to exert their influence in favour of peace acceptable to the three parties in the dispute, namely Italy, Ethiopia and the League of Nations."

"My Government have issued invitations to the Governments of other countries which were parties to the Washington and London naval treaties to attend the conference in London this month with a view to the conclusion of a new international treaty for limitation naval armaments. I have learned with satisfaction that all invitations to this conference have been accepted and I trust that its labours will be crowned with success."

EMPIRE DEFENCE

Addressing members of the Commons, the Speech proceeded: "The fulfilment of our international obligations under the Covenant, no less than the adequate safeguarding of my Empire, makes it urgently necessary that the deficiencies in my defence forces should be made good."

"My Ministers will in due course lay before you their proposals which will be limited to the minimum required for these two purposes."

DOMESTIC MATTERS

Domestic matters were then dealt with and the speech noted that the policy of Ministers, while continuing to foster general recovery of trade, industry and agriculture, would pay special regard to those

areas in which the burden of unemployment was greatest and to developments of any measures likely to be advantageous to them.

It was added that the problem of securing improved conditions in the coalmining industry was receiving the anxious consideration of Ministers and active steps in contemplation to this end included proposals for co-ordination of selling arrangements of the coal industry, unification of coal royalties, and review of provisions for safety of workers in the mines in the light of modern scientific knowledge.

OTHER MEASURES

Other measures adumbrated included proposals for making improved arrangements for assistance to unemployed and for insurance of agricultural workers against unemployment, introduction of a Bill to authorise the guarantee by the State of a loan to be raised for the purpose of enabling Railway Companies to carry out special developments, a measure for promoting further development of civil air communications both in this country and throughout the Empire, and proposals for substantial development of the educational services of the country and for raising of the school age.

British Wireless.

CHEAP MONEY
IN BRITAINGovernment Makes
History

London, Dec. 3.

The British Government made two-fold financial history to-day. Never before has the Government borrowed at one per cent. except Treasury Bills and never before had it borrowed for twenty five years at 2½ per cent.

Confidence in the Government is tinged with surprise as is evidenced by the Stock Exchange where the advance sometimes exceeded two points, reflecting the public realisation of the high Government credit.

Bankers consider the successful subscription of the 2½ per cent. issue as a foregone conclusion, especially since it solves the difficulties of many trustees who had hitherto vainly searched for suitable investment, while the one per cent. loan ensured an enthusiastic reception in the money market while rates remain low.

Reuter.

London, Dec. 3.

The Treasury announcement of the flotation of two large government borrowing operations, totalling £300,000,000 on terms setting up a new record for cheap government borrowing which was made this morning, gave much satisfaction to the gilt-edged section of the Stock Exchange this morning and leading government issues were marked substantially higher.

British Wireless.

SILVER MARKET

(From Our Own Correspondent)

London, Dec. 3.

London Silver prices to-day were unchanged as follows:—

Dec. 2. Dec. 3.
Spot 29-1/4 29-1/4
Forward 28-7/8 28-7/8

INCREASE IN RUBBER
QUOTA

Batavia, Dec. 3.

The People's Council has received a message from the Governor-General announcing an increase in the rubber quota of the Netherlands Indies in 1936 by 57,000 tons, in 1937 by 53,000 tons, and in 1938 by 52,000 tons.

Individual restriction all round will be introduced during the course of 1936.

Reuter.

MYSTERIOUS EPIDEMIC

Dairen, Dec. 3.

A mysterious epidemic is at present sweeping Heilungkiang prefecture, around the Koshan district, and has claimed 40 known dead since November 21. The actual mortality is higher.

At first it was believed to be the White Plague, but post mortem examinations have shown no signs of this disease.

The pestilence is more malignant, claiming lives within four hours. Women are especially susceptible. The situation is regarded as very grave, for this rich granary district has hitherto been free from dreadful epidemics.

Manchukuo and Japanese experts are hurriedly proceeding to the infected district, seeking to establish the cause and nature of the plague. They are taking steps for the eradication of the trouble. Their work is hampered by the terror of the natives, who are bolting from places where the disease has made its appearance and possibly are carrying infection elsewhere. Officials are desperately trying to separate those who have been in the danger area and who might already have suffered contagion.

Reuter.

YOUTH'S SUICIDE

Los Angeles, Dec. 2.

John S. Reed, the 19-year-old son of Mr. J. Theodore Reed, prominent film producer, died here to-day as the result of a bullet wound in the head.

The youth was a student at the California University, and the police state that he feared he would be unsuccessful in his examinations.

Reuter.

AMERICA AND JAPAN
IN CONFLICTPolitical Questions At
Naval Conference

London, December 3.

On the eve of the Naval Conference it is becoming increasingly clear that the Americans will insist on elimination of political questions, while Japan wishes to include them, declares the New York correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian."

Behind this development lies the fact that the American Government has not yet decided its future policy in the Far East.

There is an active and growing group desirous of withdrawing from the Far East rather than come into conflict with Japan.

Adherents of this policy advocate that when the Japanese interfere with foreign rights in the districts in China where British interest heavily outweigh the American, the United States should stand aside and let the British Government take the initiative.

They also argue that American trade in the Far East is likely to grow larger if Japan is in control than with China remaining disorganised.

The correspondent states that while this viewpoint is gaining ground it is not yet the opinion of the majority of American officials who think the United States can overawe Japan by a show of force and maintain the existing situation.

They also believe that the military clique in Japan will soon be forced to modify its policy owing to economic difficulties and the rising tide of discontent of the Japanese population.

Reuter.

APATHY IN THE
FAR EASTLord Winterton's
Advice

London, Dec. 3.

At the China Association banquet, Lord Winterton, the President, emphasised the British Government's onerous task in the Far East to correlate the legitimate interests of Great Britain with those of China, Japan, United States, Russia and other powers. If they were sometimes impatient with the Government they must remember the difficulties and endeavour to take a worldwide view of imperial and international politics and problems.

Lord Winterton hoped that the Commissioners of the China Committee will make more progress than in the last Parliament and overcome the apathy regarding the Far East.

GOVERNMENT BANQUET
The British Government gave a banquet to-night at Lancaster House in honour of the Chinese exhibition. Mr. Ormsby-Gore presides and the guests include Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, Mr. Walter Runciman, Lord Lytton, Sir Cecil Harcourt Smith, the Ambassadors of Brazil, China, France, Germany, Russia and Turkey, Sir William Llewellyn, Ministers of Iraq and the Netherlands, Dr. Kummel, Director-General of the Berlin State Museum, the Conservator of the Amsterdam Museum, and all directors of the British National Museums, Libraries, and Art Galleries.

Reuter.

MILAN SENSATION

Mysterious Death of Italy's
Magnate

Rome, Dec. 2.

The mysterious death of one of Italy's biggest industrialists has caused a sensation in Milan. Franco Feltrinelli was stated to be worth 800,000,000 lire and he was appearing before the Council Creditto Italiano to answer charges of trafficking with a foreign country to the detriment of Italy.

Photographs of his letters to foreign banks were produced at the hearings and the country was watching developments with keenest interest when Feltrinelli was suddenly taken ill and died.

It was disclosed that Feltrinelli had \$5,000 (U.S. currency) and £8,000,000 in Swiss banks in his wife's name.

The Government has sequestered all his property in Italy and is believed to have placed a lien upon his accounts abroad.

Reuter.

CHINA CLIPPER

Guam, Dec. 3.

The China Clipper, bound for California from Manila, took off for Wake Island at 10.11 a.m. G.M.T. to-day.

Reuter.

ROYAL FAMILY
BEREAVEMENTDeath Of Princess
Victoria

London, Dec. 3.

Princess Victoria, eldest of the King's two sisters, died after a brief illness this morning at her home in Buckinghamshire. She had been in indifferent health for about three weeks, but it was only in the last ten days that her condition became serious. The King and Queen, who visited the Princess a week ago had been constantly informed of her progress.

The crisis came on Sunday evening when Her Highness developed acute and severe haemorrhage from the stomach. Transfusion of blood was performed, but it had only temporary benefit and death occurred at 3 o'clock this morning.

Queen Maud of Norway, younger sister of the King, is in England.

Immediately after the announcement last night of Princess Victoria's critical condition, it became known that the arrangements for the King and Queen to drive to-day in state from Buckingham Palace to the House of Lords, where the traditional ceremonial in connection with state opening of Parliament was to have been observed, had been cancelled.

COURT MOURNING

London, Dec. 3.

All flags in public buildings were at half mast to-day. Telegrams and messages of sympathy are pouring into Buckingham Palace.

The Court has gone into mourning. All Royal engagements of a public character are cancelled. The scene in the House of Lords at the opening of Parliament was shorn of the customary brilliance, the Peers wearing ordinary morning dress.

PRIVATE BURIAL

Princess Victoria will be buried privately at Windsor Castle on December 7.

Reuter.

WIFE OF WALL STREET
MAGNATE

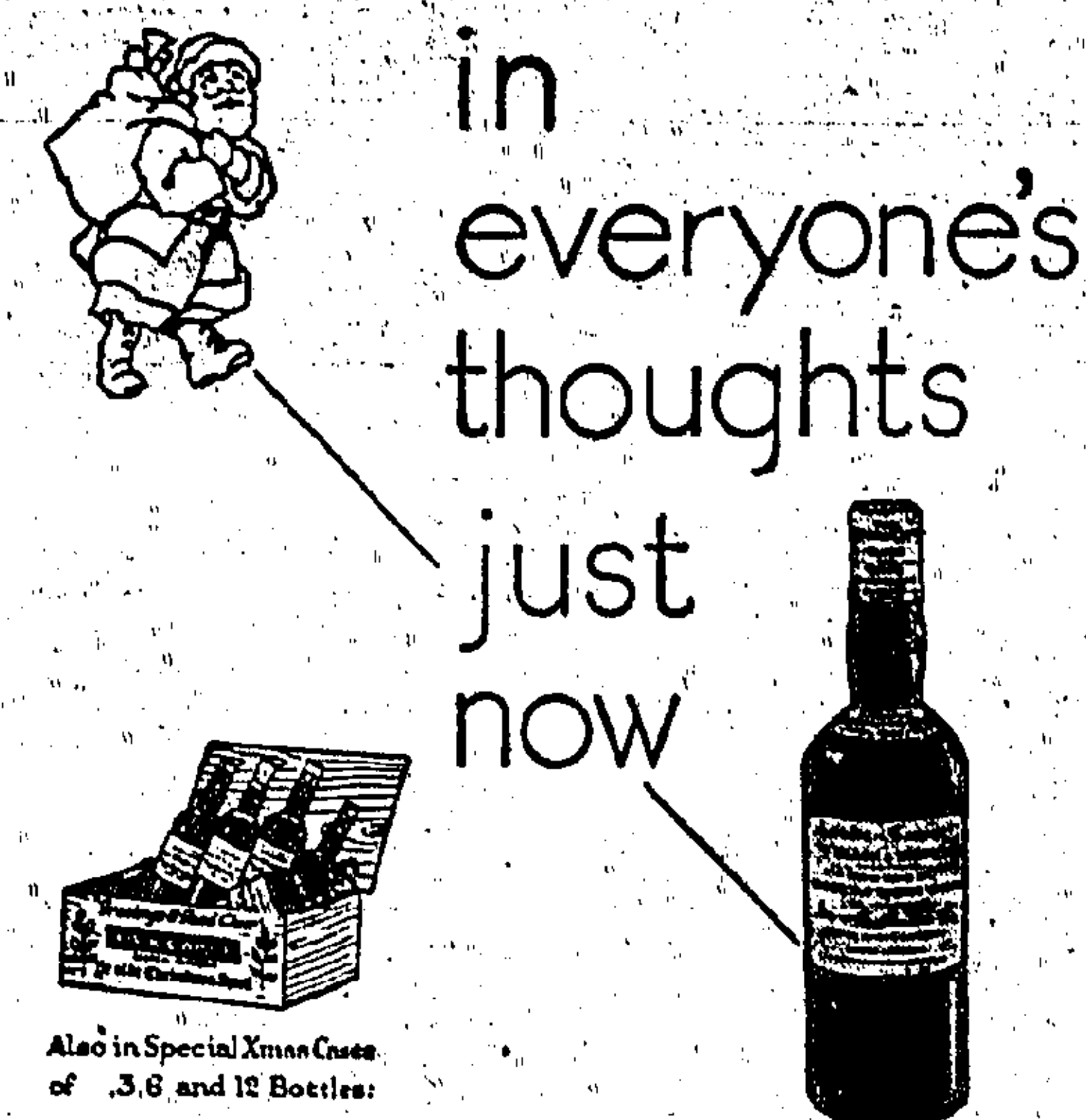
Faces Murder Charge

Santa Barbara, Dec. 2.

Charged with assault with a deadly weapon "with intent to commit murder," Mrs. Dorothea Livermore, former wife of the Wall Street magnate, will face a preliminary hearing on December 8.

Bail has been fixed at \$1,600 cash and \$1,200 in property. Mrs. Livermore has returned to prison pending arrangements by her lawyer to meet the bail requirements.

Reuter.



in everyone's thoughts just now

"BLACK & WHITE"
SCOTCH WHISKY
The spirit for Christmas!

PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT
OF THE DISPUTEAnother Draft Proposal
By Experts

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press").

(By Telegraph, Copyright, Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1894. Received, December 3, 4.30 p.m.)

Paris, December 3.

The French Ambassador to Italy M. de Chambrun conferred with the Italian Under-Secretary and Foreign Affairs Minister, Signor Savich on Monday, states a report from Rome which expresses belief that the conversations between the two statesmen were due to the initiative of M. Laval who is anxious to reopen negotiations for the peaceful settlement of the Italo-Abyssinian conflict.

"Le Jour" asserts that the draft proposal which has been jointly prepared by the British and French economical experts, and is now being examined by the British Government, suggests that Abyssinia should cede to Italy a strip of territory, which would connect the Italian Colony of Eritrea and Somaliland while Italy on the other hand should return to Abyssinia certain parts of Abyssinian territory occupied by the Italian troops.

The proposal has been favourably received by the Italians, declares the paper, which also is confident that the suggested solution will prove acceptable to the Abyssinians.

Sir Samuel Hoare's visit to Paris will give the British Foreign Secretary opportunity to elaborate details of the proposed settlement, adds the paper.—Transocean Kuo Min.

ITALIAN LOSSES

Rome, Dec. 3.

Italian losses in East Africa for the month of November according to an official announcement total four officers and three non-commissioned officers, all serving in the motor transport columns, while one officer and 40 soldiers died as the result of illness and accidents. Thirty five labourers lost their lives in November from various causes, the total deaths of labourers for the last eleven months being 229.

Transocean Kuo Min.

ETHIOPIAN OFFENSIVE

Addis Ababa, Dec. 3.

The number of Abyssinian troops now concentrating on the northern front is roughly 400,000 according to reports from Dessie, which add that the supreme command of these forces has been entrusted to Ras Desta. It is regarded possible here that the great offensive has begun already to-day, which is the day of the Patron Saint of Abyssinia, St. George.

Troops of Ras Imra have now reached the River Takkaze and have established contact with the forces of Ras Ayelo, and the army of Ras Muligeta has likewise taken up a position in Abonasaachi region, while large forces apparently are standing in readiness on the slopes of the mountain to the east of Makale, east of the Italian lines.

Transocean Kuo Min.

HARRAR ONLY DEPOT FOR
WOUNDED

Geneva, Dec. 2.

The Ethiopian Government has informed the League of Nations that it has decided, in order to save its civil population from air bombardments, to withdraw all troops from Harrar.

Harrar will henceforth be used solely as a depot for wounded from

the Ogaden southern front and not for any military purpose.—

Reuter.

TIGRE ADHERES TO ITALY

Asmara, Dec. 2.

What is regarded as proof that the Italian political penetration is bearing fruit, is contained in an official announcement that Colonel Ghermedinhago of Ghire, who represents Tigre in the Ethiopian Parliament, has arrived at Adowa and made his submission to the political commissioner there.

It is now claimed that all Tigre has adhered to Italy.—

Reuter.

OIL EMBARGO

France Not Surprised At
Britain's Agreement

Paris, Dec. 2.

News that the British Cabinet has agreed in principle to favour an embargo on petroleum against Italy, if no pacific settlement of the Italo-Ethiopian dispute is in sight by December 12, has created no surprise in well-informed quarters here.

Doubtless in view of the probability of such a decision, M. Pierre Laval, the Prime Minister, had requested Signor V. Corbelli, the Italian Ambassador in Paris, to endeavour to obtain some idea of Signor Mussolini's intentions and desires, in order that the exploration of the possibilities of peace might be speeded up.

It is believed in French quarters that the British decision adds a further incentive to energetic action for a peaceful settlement. It is firmly hoped that some possible path for negotiations will reveal itself before December 12.—

Reuter.

ATHLETE'S SEX
FREAKWoman To Become
A Man

Prague, Dec. 3.

Miss Zdenka Koubkova, famous Czechoslovak holder of the women's world 800 metres record, established last year as the world Games in London, will shortly become Mr. Zdenek Koubkva.

Doctors informed Koubkova that she has the option of either sex. She decided to submit to a minor operation to become a man. This will be her second operation.

Since her sex was doubted, Koubkova has resigned from the women's sport organisations. The question of her records will probably come before the International Board. It is thought that as there is evidence that she was a female when she broke the records, she is likely to retain them.

Reuter.

DR. GORTZ TO STAND
TRIAL

London, Dec. 3.

Dr. Hermann Gortz, former officer in the German Air Force, who was charged with making a plan of an aerodrome and conspiring with a German girl to obtain information contrary to the Official Secrets Act, was committed for trial at the Old Bailey.

On being committed for trial, he said: "I do not feel guilty."

Reuter.

KIDNAPPING IN
FRANCESuccessful End To
Police Hunt

Marseilles, Dec. 2.

The sudden and happy ending of "the French Lindbergh case" to-day whipped the population into frantic demonstrations outside the police station here, mingled with shouts of joy and imprecations against the kidnappers who were safely locked up within.

The case was one in which Claude, the 18-months-old child of a respected doctor, named Maimajac, was stolen from under the eyes of its nurse by an old woman, whose limp proved a clue to her subsequent capture.

Demand for ransom of 50,000 francs reached the child's father immediately after it was stolen, after which the greatest police hunt in the history of France began. Thousands of detectives were drafted in, all shipping was watched, and public feeling became intense when a radio station broadcast poignant appeals to the miscreants to treat the child properly, accompanied by detailed instructions as to how he should be fed.

The police combed the town and eventually found the child in a house occupied by a woman, 68 years of age, named Roland, and her 24-year-old son.

Only on occasions of rare landings of foreign celebrities have the streets been so packed with delirious crowds as they were to-day.

Reuter.

RUBBER COMPANY IN DIFFICULTY

Winding Up Order Made

A petition by a Chinese woman, Leung Yuk Ho, of No. 322 Castle Peak Road, for the winding-up of the Universal Rubber Factory was made before His Lordship, Sir Atholl MacGregor at the Supreme Court yesterday. It was stated by Mr. L. D'Almada, Jr., (instructed by Mr. M. A. Silva) who appeared for the petitioner, that although the factory was only formed on April 29, this year, it had not been functioning for some time past.

The company was formed with a nominal capital of \$100,000 composed of 10,000 shares at \$10 each. However, only 1,490 shares were taken and fully paid up, representing a capital of \$14,900. As was stated in the facts before His Lordship, the company was formed with the idea of manufacturing various rubber goods.

HEAVY LIABILITIES

In paragraph five, His Lordship would see that the factory were in debt to his client to the extent of \$500. She had made every effort to obtain reimbursement for her loan, but had received no satisfaction. The factory had been idle for some time, stocks on the premises being valued at \$4,000, while the liabilities had proved to be \$25,000. A letter had been addressed to factory's representatives but no notice of opposition had been received.

His Lordship inquired, referring to the capital, whether all the shares taken were fully paid up or if there was some call on them. Mr. D'Almada replied that according to his instructions, every share taken was fully paid up.

An order for the compulsory winding-up of the factory was accordingly made. Costs are to be born by the factory who were not legally represented.

CABLE CREW

Brought From Saigon In French Liner

Ten Europeans and 63 Malaya and Chinese lascars, representing most of the crew of the stranded ship The Cable, returned to Singapore from Saigon in the French liner Chenonceaux on November 23.

Three officers and one lascar have remained at Cape St. James by the Cable.

Interviewed by the Free Press on arrival, the European officers said they had suffered no privations. Some of them were with the shore party when the Cable struck a rock on October 29, two miles out after slipping the last splice on the cable-line which they were repairing, and others were taken off without difficulty. The ship sank very slowly after several days and her fore and after decks are now submerged.

HUGE MOSQUITOES

"Apart from the large mosquitoes which they seem to breed at Cape St. James we have no complaints to make," said one of the men.

The 13 officers and the master, Captain C. A. Foy, were accommodated in an hotel, while the 64 lascars found lodgings in police barracks at the cape.

Captain Foy, Mr. Evans, second officer, and Mr. Mayles, purser, will return later. They went out daily to watch the unsuccessful salvage operations.

It is understood that the officers will remain on the Singapore marine staff of the Eastern Extension A and C. Telegraph Co.

WORLD CHESS BATTLE

[Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright)]

Amsterdam, Dec. 2.

In the 25th game of the International Chess Tournament, Alekhine played in the same reckless manner which already resulted in his losing several games. Choosing an unfavourable continuation of the queen gambit, he sacrificed several pawns and resigned after the 45th move.—
Transocean Kuo Hui.

BRITAIN MUST HAVE LARGER LINERS

The Situation In Newcastle

"If as a nation we are going to keep up our position and reputation we must build up-to-date ships, especially large liners," said Councillor R. S. Douglas, the Lord Mayor of Newcastle speaking at the 64th annual dinner of the Newcastle and district of Foremen Engineers and Mechanical Draughtsmen.

Mr. L. Farr, proposing the toast of "Newcastle and District," said that at the moment the area while not depressed, might not be so well off as the South, but he ventured to say that before very long they might even be surpassing the South. Whatever happened, the North-East Coast would come into its own and lead the country again, and prove that it was only the North-East Coast that could turn out great engineers.

ORDERS NEEDED

The Lord Mayor, replying, said he was glad that things were improving in their district. The foremen were the sergeant-majors of their trade, and they looked to them, and certainly they had done good work, which it was a pleasure for him to acknowledge as the Lord Mayor and a ship-owner and engineer. The Government had done nothing for the distressed areas, and they had to make up their minds that if they wanted anything they would have to do it themselves. They still had life and grit, and would pull through.

He was glad to see that some shipowners were beginning to give orders, and they were building ships quicker, but a lot more orders were needed to keep the yards going.

Things, however, were beginning to get better. We had now got down to 65 or 66 million gross tons on the water, but a large number of those ships were becoming obsolete, and if, as a nation, we were going to keep up position and reputation we must build up-to-date ships, especially large liners. We had to go in for a larger naval programme. They were all agreed on that, but a large liner programme must come as well.

EVIL OF TARIFFS

After remarking that tariffs had done a lot of harm, the Lord Mayor said there was a much better freight market, and it was remarkable that it had come just as all other improvements in trade had come. There was nothing to warrant it, but it was there.

The chairman proposed the toast of the Association, and said it gave him particular pleasure as he had such a long friendship with their president, Mr. Berkeley. The Association was formed in 1871, and it maintained its high standard. The presence of the Lord Mayor and many notable representatives of engineering etc., was a testimony that good work was appreciated.

With the Lord Mayor, he believed they would have to modernise our ships to maintain their supremacy and compete with other countries. That Association could assist them in keeping up to date, for efficiency depended largely upon the co-operation and ability of the foremen and draughtsmen. While he would not say that there was anything like a boom he did think that there was stabilisation in trade and a more steady flow of work coming in.

NEW G.S.O.1 FOR MALAYA

Lt. Col. Percival

Lieut.-Colonel Arthur Ernest Percival has been appointed G.S.O.1 to the Malaya Command from some time in February next.

Nominally, this officer commands the 2nd Battalion, the Cheshire Regiment at Catterick; actually he is studying at the Imperial Defence College in London.

As his formal tenure with the 2nd Cheshires would not expire until the middle of July next his advancement to staff rank will facilitate promotion in the regiment.

Joining as a temporary Lieutenant at the beginning of the Great War, he was gazetted a captain in the Essex Regiment in October, 1918.

He commanded the 7th Battalion of the Bedfordshire Regiment

LOCAL SOCCER AFFAIRS

DRAWS FOR SUNDAY HERALD CUP MADE

Officials Going On Leave

The draw for the Sunday Herald International Challenge Cup, semi-final engagements were made at the Committee Meeting of the Hong Kong Football Association, which was held in the board room of this body yesterday. Major C. M. Manners presided and was supported by Mr. Ralston (Hon. Secretary).

The matches, it was stated, were scheduled to take place on December 25/26, and resulted as follows:

China v. Portugal

Wales v. Scotland

Representatives of both Portugal and Wales said that they had objections to playing on Christmas Day, and after a great deal of discussion, the problem was solved by Scotland's representative who said that the nation, he represented had no objection to playing China on the date in question, providing China was agreeable. As the latter expressed entire agreement with this sporting proposal, draw (by agreement) resulted as follows: China v. Scotland (Dec. 25); Portugal v. Wales (Dec. 26). The first match will take place on the Hong Kong Football Club ground at Happy Valley, and the other game on the Navy ground at Causeway Bay.

Mr. J. McKelvie and Mr. Alves (Kowloon) and Capt. Haig and Mr. K. C. Wong (Hong Kong) were included in a sub-committee appointed to select the teams of the Mainland v. Island game for January 1, which is to be played for funds for the Play Grounds Committee. The selection of the ground for this match was left to the sub-committee to decide.

The draw for the Lai Wah Cup (semi-final round) January 5 resulted as follows: Navy v. Army (Kowloon ground) Civilians v. Chinese (Caroline Hill ground).

Major Manners then informed the meeting that the question of appointing another chairman in his place had now to be discussed, as he was going on leave, and would tender his resignation. Three names were proposed, and following a discussion it was decided that a public announcement of his successor would be made later.

Mr. Mitchell then, asked Major Manners and Capt. Haig to retire from the meeting, taking over the Chairman's vacated seat himself. He said that as everyone was fully aware, Major Manners was leaving for home on leave on January 2, and some tangible expression of their appreciation of his good and faithful services rendered to the association, should be given.

Captain Haig was another keen worker whom they would also lose and words failed him to express adequately the amount of hard work that Capt. Haig had put in for the Association.

Two committees, on the recommendation of Mr. Mitchell, were then formed to go into the question of a suitable expression of their appreciation, and to complete arrangements for a party in which the presentations are to take place.

Mr. Mitchell said that he would invite H.E. Excellency, Sir Thomas Southern to present the gifts at the party, the formal arrangements of which will be announced later.

M. C. C. WIN AGAINST QUEENSLAND

Brisbane, Dec. 3.

The M.C.C. followed up their overnight advantage against Queensland and after dismissing the home team for 249, enforced the follow-on and eventually won by an innings and 106 runs.

The M.C.C. scored 558 and at the close of play yesterday Queensland had replied with 164 for 6. This was advanced to 249, before the innings closed, Christy being top scorer with 66 not out.

Following on Queensland could do nothing against an accurate attack and were all out for 197. Baxter captured five wickets for 81 runs.—
Reuter.

Throughout the last year of the war and it was in September, 1924, that he was transferred to the Cheshire Regiment as a major. Wounded and three times mentioned, he has a clasp to his D.S.O. the O.B.S., M.C. and the French War Cross.

H. K. TRAVEL ASSOCIATION

First Poster. The Riviera Of The Orient

A very creditable piece of work in the form of a poster has been issued by the Hong Kong Travel Association for the purpose of advertising this Colony abroad. "Riviera of the Orient" is the well chosen name given to the poster which shows the Peak on a starry night, on a background luxuriant with green verdure.

The stars twinkling in the sky, a crescent moon peeping over the hillsides, and the lighted windows of the houses dotting here and there, all combine to give a very realistic picture of the harbour of Hong Kong as one comes steaming in at night on a liner.

INNINGS VICTORY FOR AUSTRALIA

Cape Town, Dec. 2.

The cricket match between the Australian touring team and Western Province was concluded to-day when the Australians won by an innings and 44 runs.—Fleetwood-Smith was in great form with the ball, taking 12 wickets for 103 runs.

Western Province: 170 (Fleetwood-Smith 7 for 71) and 104 (Fleetwood-Smith 5 for 32, Grimmett 3 for 36).

Australians: 318 (Brown 58, Fingleton 53; Robertson 8 for 96).
Reuter.

ENGLISH ASSOCIATION MEETING

Mr. Macnamara Speaks On Blackstone

At the second meeting of the English Association which took place yesterday evening at the Helena May Institute, a very humorous lecture was delivered by Mr. H. C. Macnamara on Blackstone. Those present were: Sir Atholl MacGregor (Chairman), Sir Thomas Southern and Lady Southern, Mrs. Q. A. A. Macfadyen (Hon. Secretary and Treasurer), The Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo, Prof. Brown, Messrs. G. P. de Martin, T. M. Hazlebrig, E. P. H. Lang, T. S. Whyte-Smith, A. N. Macfadyen, J. Russell, and others.

After the secretary had read the minutes of the first meeting and confirmed by the gathering, Sir Atholl MacGregor introduced the speaker.

Mr. Macnamara's lecture is too lengthy to be reported in one instalment. We are reproducing it in serials; the first of which appears elsewhere in this issue.—Ed.

NOT WIDELY KNOWN

At the close of the lecture Sir Atholl invited discussion on the subject.

Sir Thomas Southern thanked Mr. Macnamara for a very humorous account of a very dry subject but was with an interesting lecture. The lecture had brought to their knowledge an account of great historical interest. Such works of great authors were only read by lawyers and one of the advantages of an Association of this sort was that it gave the members an opportunity of hearing something and knowing it. There was no one like Mr. Macnamara who knows so much about the author. After His Excellency had delved into the merits and demerits of the author's works he

closed by thanking Mr. Macnamara for an excellent discourse.

A CONFESSION

The Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo in associating himself with the remarks of the last speaker stated that he had one painful confession to make and that was not all lawyers had read of the works of Blackstone.

Lady Southern stated that when she received the notification regarding the lecture, she was at a loss as to which "Blackstone" was referred to. She had heard of the comic one and the author, and it was indeed pleasant to hear so much of the Blackstone of law from Mr. Macnamara.

Sir Atholl MacGregor in proposing a very hearty vote of thanks to Mr. Macnamara for a very en-

HER BEAUTY DECIDES THE FATE OF WORLDS!



CECIL B. DE MILLES

THE CRUSADES

LORETTA YOUNG HENRY WILCOXON

COMING TO The STAR

lightening lecture stated that at the outset he had no idea of starting a debate on the subject. He had enjoyed the subject which was not quite strange to him as it was to many. Blackstone's greatness was his accidental connection with the American Constitution. At the present moment America is still retaining the Blackstone Constitution and not the English Constitution. To this day Blackstone is the compulsory law book in all law schools in America.

China: Oct 10th

Dear Bill:

Many thanks for your letter and the parcel of blipper cigarettes. "Blipper" have become so popular that they are now being regularly imported from England. Consequently, it is unnecessary for you to send

PLAIN AND CORK-TIPPED

FRESH FROM ENGLAND

EFA-15

Glimpses Of The Russian Revolution

(Continued from Page 7)

people and the country that surrounded it. He also possessed a Ford car. When a month later on my return from Urga I called again at Mr. Petroff's house, the new notion of property had already reached this place. The Consular Agent was gone—his house had been pillaged and I had to put up in the dirty felt yurt of a Bouriat. You can well imagine how great was my surprise when for lunch I had a mixed lamb grille which was cooked and served pierced on one of the wonderful spears of Mr. Petroff's collection. It appeared that every house had one or two of his spears which were used to cook the national shashlik. I leave it entirely to your imagination as to what happened to the books.

A FORD-NATIONALIZED

But the most curious nationalisation of all was reserved for the Ford. As there was nobody in the place who knew how to drive it, the population decided to make a different use of it. The wheels had been fitted to wheel-barrows—the seats had been removed to some yurts where, on the felt floor they were more comfortable for use than cushions—the tyres made rubber soles for the Mongolian boots. The mudguards, in a little maize field just outside the outpost, were attached to a scarecrow so as to form his arms and tail—a fierce looking figure which I have no doubt served well its purpose. The radiator was erected in an open space on a pole and used as a target.

Cossacks and Mongols, riding their small ponies at a full gallop, would aim their guns and fire—always with remarkable precision. The only thing they had difficulty in nationalising was the engine. No use could be found for it so the children of the village played around it and amused themselves as all children do everywhere, irrespective of civilisations, events and times.

INTERNATIONAL SPIRIT

International is a word which is very much used in modern times—and also very much misused. I think that if the world is looking for the best and most adequate application of this adjective it should turn its attention to the significance which it has acquired in our "Rotary Club International." In those days in Russia to which I refer this word was on everybody's lips, but in vain did I try to find out what it actually conceived for no one seemed to know. But one day at last I had an example of a concrete interpretation of it. I had then just crossed the border of the autonomous Soviet Republic of China when, about half an hour later, our train was stopped at a very small and insignificant station by some armed soldiers. We were given to understand that this station belonged to a village a mile or so away which had proclaimed itself an autonomous international republic. The soldiers claimed that they had to look into our luggage in search of arms and ammunition, and also in search of objects of luxury, which were prohibited in this self-styled republic. The result was that whatever the soldiers liked they took. Nobody dared to object for fear of losing his life—but there was also an exception to the rule. A little boy of about 11 years of age, travelling alone, had in a basket among his clothes a pair of small rubber galoshes. One of the soldiers grabbed these. The boy protested and explained that he had bought them at Chita for his little sister and begged for them back, but to no avail. When I saw the brute pushing away the boy with the stock of his gun, I interfered and offered to buy them back. When this was refused a very heated argument ensued and I finally said that I was sure the head of the Soviet of this small republic would not tolerate such an outrage. Good! said the soldiers, we will take you to our head. And so, taken by the arms, I was pushed out of the train and between two armed soldiers, like an arrested man, we walked to the village. There I found myself facing the so-called "Executive Commission." Twelve men were seated at a long table, the President at the head, all armed to the teeth. Not enough that they had guns hanging on their shoulders, and revolvers attached

to their belts but also on the table between the ash-trays, ink-stands and papers, there were lying about a number of hand-grenades. The soldiers who brought me in explained my case to the assembly.

PLAYED HIS TRUMP CARD

The explanation ran in such a way that it made out of me an enemy to the state and I saw that my chances were really very poor, so before any pronouncement could have been made by the assembly I played my trump card. I said I was no Russian, but a foreigner who came from an old fashioned Europe to study the wonderful ways of revolution in the true international spirit. I then produced my passport which was handed from one to the other, every member putting his nose into it, some holding it upside down. When it reached the President I saw his expression changing very considerably. He examined me from head to foot and then, with a friendly smile, asked me in the purest Spanish whether I understood his mother tongue. After having exchanged a few trivial phrases between ourselves in Spanish he told me that for a long time he had no opportunity of speaking his own language and then with a broad gesture declared to the assembly in very poor and broken Russian—"My friends, this is not our enemy, this is my friend." Some of the members did not understand him—in fact very few of them could understand each other for they were Bourliats, Chinghis, Kirghese, Tartar, Mongolians, an Armenian, a Russian, and the President, a Mexican. Firstly he ordered the soldiers to give me the small galoshes, which were promptly given up, and then the whole crowd of us cemented our friendship in a tea-house. Here he told me he was a Mexican and a professional revolutionist. In Mexico he had participated in six revolutions then he went to Chile, Columbia, the Argentine. In fact he was to be found anywhere there was a revolution. As soon as he had heard that Russia was going red he simply had to be there.

"THE MEXICAN SYSTEM"

From Vladivostok down to Chita he travelled slowly, gathering little knowledge in the language and acquainting himself with the country, until he found the ideal spot where he could apply, as he said, the "Mexican System." Afterwards I was fully accompanied to the station, where the train had been held up pending my arrival—an unforgettable send-off. A succession of shots were fired into the air (I suppose an acquired Mexican custom) and to the tune of the "Red International" we finally strolled away. No matter how grotesque the example of this republic may be, it still bears the key to a very interesting problem. Create a common interest, and you will have irrespective of creed, race and level of education, a true co-operation in the international sense.

There are many more things I could tell you about the evolution of new thought in Russia but time is up and I must finish—but if every fable must have a moral I suggest that we should build a wall between Jest and Earnestness in order that the poor, uneducated ones should not take Jest in earnest and Earnestness in jest.

Rotarian Reinschagen in a few well chosen words thanked the speaker for an interesting address and said that as he had travelled a great deal in Russia during the turbulent periods he could well vouch for the facts enumerated by the speaker.

ROCKEFELLER-GIFT TO JAPAN

Tokyo, Nov. 29.

Ground will be broken here next Monday on the site where Japan's first public health institute will soon rise.

Attending the ceremony will be Mr. F. Goto, Minister of Interior and Mr. Edwin L. Neville, American Charge d'Affaires.

The structure, which will cost ¥1,600,000, and the two branches of the institute were made possible by a ¥3,000,000 gift by the Rockefeller Foundation to the Japanese

TWO KILLED AS MAIL PLANE IS FORCED TO LAND

BAD WEATHER CAUSES CRASH ON FLIGHT TO SIAN

First Search Of Route Proves Fruitless

The mail plane which left Lanchow on November 27 for Sian was forced to make an emergency landing near Lingtai for unknown reasons. Owing to the disadvantageous nature of the ground the plane was seriously damaged. The crew of two, Flying Captain Brohm and Board Operator Mayer, were killed while the two passengers were injured.

A commission was at once dispatched to the scene of the accident to inquire into the reasons of the mishap, which possibly has been due to unfavourable weather conditions, states a bulletin issued on Nov. 29 through Trans-Ocean Kuo Min.

THE SEARCH

According to Mr. Tso, a Chinese official of the Eurasia Aviation Corporation, a Junkers plane arrived at the Lungwa Aerodrome at 2 p.m., carrying two passengers. This plane, which had been held up at Sian by a snowstorm on Thursday, left the city on November 28 for Shanghai.

When the first mail plane left Lanchow for Sian on November 25 and was reported missing, a second plane, piloted by Count Castell, a noted German Eurasia pilot, was ordered to search for the first one. The second plane left Chengtu on November 28, following the same course to Lanchow and Sian. Owing to low clouds and poor visibility, the search proved to be unsuccessful.

The trip from Chengtu to Shanghai, according to the schedule of the Eurasia Aviation Corporation, should be completed in one day. The plane which was held up at Sian and arrived Shanghai on November 29 was the one which had been sent out to search for the missing plane which was reported to be damaged.

Treibtsch Lincoln Again

CASE OVER ARTICLE IN EVENING PAPER AGAIN ADJOURNED

A further adjournment for two weeks was ordered by the Second District Court of Shanghai in the action for alleged libel instituted by Abbot Chao Kung, formerly known as Treibtsch Lincoln, against Mrs. O. Lembitch and Mr. A. L. Weiss, publisher and editor respectively of the "Shanghai Evening Zaria." During the period of the adjournment, it is hoped that the two parties may come to a compromise.

Both the plaintiff and the defendants, who were absent during the previous session, were present in the court with their lawyers. Abbot Chao Kung, speaking in French, told the court that he had been insulted by the "Evening Zaria" which named him as a smuggler of firearms in a report on August 3 of this year, which was to the effect that he was now in Abyssinia and supplying that country with arms and supervising the defences.

Mrs. Lembitch, the first defendant, stated that she, as the publisher, was not responsible for the editorial work. The second defendant, Mr. Weiss, said that, except the first and last paragraphs, the article published in his paper was only a reprint of one which appeared in a Latvian daily, named "Se Godnia," published in Riga. The defendant said that he was now trying to secure an original copy of that Latvian paper from its agent at Harbin.

Mr. K. F. Chiang, counsel for the defence, produced a book entitled "Modern Spies Tell Their Stories," in which a narrative alleged to have been told by the plaintiff, entitled "The Dangerous Rush which won the Confidence of the British Foreign Office," was included.

Government for the promotion of public welfare:—"Rango."

A LECTURE ON BLACKSTONE

The following is the first Serial of the lecture delivered by Mr. H. C. MacNamara at the Hong Kong branch of the English Association yesterday.

This is a branch of the English Association and it is perhaps hardly necessary for me to remind you of the excellence of everything that can truly be said to be English. Our ships, are the best in the world. For centuries our Fleet has ruled the waves, with conspicuous success, nor are our Army, or Air Force, second to any foreign rival. We have the best climate in the world, the most fertile soil and an unrivalled geographical position. Being so far favoured we have always learnt, without surprise, that our laws are the best in existence. It would be unfair to say that this opinion was invented by Blackstone but it is certain that he did more than any other one person to popularise it. Before his time Englishmen had praised the laws of their country but they had done so in a spasmodic and irregular fashion. Blackstone was the first person to describe our legal system in language that could be understood by educated people who were not also lawyers but in so doing he allowed his intense admiration for the system he was describing to colour his description. I shall later have something to say about both these aspects of his celebrated book the "Commentaries on the Laws of England" but I must first give you an account of who Blackstone was.

SON OF A TRADESMAN

Sir William Blackstone, as he afterwards became, was the son of a prosperous London tradesman. He was educated at Charterhouse and Oxford and was, in due course, called to the Bar in the year 1746. He appears to have had at all times sufficient money of his own to make him independent of his profession and at first he made no effort to achieve success in London. On the contrary he settled down in Oxford where he became steward of the Manor of his College, Pembroke. He was not an idle man and he did a considerable amount of reading but legal education in England was, at that time, at its lowest ebb. Roughly speaking the Inns of Court had ceased to teach and the Universities did not teach English law at all but only the Civil or Roman Law, and Canon Law, that is the Law of the Church. The time was ripe for a revival of the study of English Law. A Mr. Viner, known to lawyers as the author of "Viner's Bridgement," conceived the idea of founding a chair of English law at Oxford. The chair was endowed by his will and Blackstone became the first of a long series of Vinerian Professors. The chair is at present occupied by that extremely erudite gentleman, Dr. Holdsworth the author of our standard history of English Law.

HIS WEAKNESS

The establishment of this chair gave Blackstone a great opportunity. His lectures covered the whole field of English law. It is interesting to remember that one of his pupils was Bentham afterwards known as the great Philosopher and Law Reformer. Even as a student Bentham claimed to have detected in Blackstone's lectures those errors which he afterwards denounced. Later I will make allusion to the undoubted weaknesses in Blackstone's teaching. For the present I want to dwell on the fact that in teaching English law at an English University he was a pioneer and entitled to all the credit which should be given to a person in that position.

His next venture was still more original. The substance of his lectures was published in 1765 to 1769 in four volumes, under the title "Commentaries on the Laws of England" and an astonished public discovered that at last it could obtain a book which described the laws of the country in plain English. Till that time law books had been written in a professional jargon which was simply unintelligible to people who were not professional lawyers. One of the worst offenders was Lord Coke who had produced Commentaries upon the earlier author Littleton, and "Coke upon Littleton" had become a byword for obscurity.

HIS COMMENTARIES

The effect of Blackstone's Commentaries was extraordinary. Usually law books are written more with the object of enhancing the professional reputation of the author than of direct pecuniary reward. The "Commentaries" had been written, avowedly, for the general public as the author states in the introduction. He thought that a knowledge of law would be useful to Peers, to country gentlemen, the clergy, jurymen and magistrates. These classes of society responded handsomely. The book went through edition after edition. There were eight of them in the author's lifetime and a ninth was in preparation at his death. Nearly as many copies were sold in America as in England. After Blackstone's death the book continued its unique popularity amongst law-books until it was re-edited and re-written out of existence. If you want to read Blackstone you must read him in one of the early editions in which alone the peculiar characteristics of his book are preserved.

These classes of society responded handsomely. The book went through edition after edition. There were eight of them in the author's lifetime and a ninth was in preparation at his death. Nearly as many copies were sold in America as in England. After Blackstone's death the book continued its unique popularity amongst law-books until it was re-edited and re-written out of existence. If you want to read Blackstone you must read him in one of the early editions in which alone the peculiar characteristics of his book are preserved.

HIS SUCCESS AT THE BAR

After this Blackstone became a practising member of the Bar in London and achieved, as might be expected, considerable success. He became a member of Parliament and later he was made a Judge in the Court of Common Pleas. He did not shine either as a member of Parliament or as a Judge. In the former capacity he supported the ministers in the quarrel which centred round Wilkes and the Middlesex election. What he said as a member was so much at variance with what he had taught in his book as to expose him to contempt. As a Judge he was weak and the full court often ordered new trials in the causes he had tried. His claim to fame rests on the authorship of a single book and having told you something about the author, I will now say something about his book for in spite of its weak points, which are not few, this book has exerted a very great influence in the world, not merely in England but in America and in other countries as well.

IN THE 18TH CENTURY

Before, however, I say anything more about the book I must first say a few words about the state of English law when the book was written, not as it exists in Blackstone's pages, but as it existed in fact. The distinguishing feature of the period was that English law had been left to look after itself for centuries. The efforts of Parliament to reform it had been extremely rare, and in the eighteenth century, law reform was neither desired nor understood by the aristocracy that then governed England. The old Courts and other legal institutions which had been founded under the Plantagenet monarchs had to

administer an ancient law, or rather two systems, Common Law and Equity. Old rules had been handed down from generation to generation unchanged in theory but, in practice, they had been quietly but effectively altered by astute practitioners so that they served, more or less effectively, the needs of the great commercial country that England had already become. Then, as now, the courts were free from corruption but they were quite inadequate to the needs of the country. For example there were no county courts or stipendiary magistrates. It is not too much to say that the whole system was hopelessly out of date and in need of that drastic reform to which it was eventually subjected in the middle of the 19th century. One good feature it did possess. The Common Law was a uniform system where it was applied, namely in England and Ireland, (but not in Scotland), whereas abroad in France, Italy and Germany there were multitudes of courts applying all kinds of local customs. Of course the modern Codes of those countries founded on the great Code Napoleon had not then been even thought of. Uniformity in law is a point of the first importance and its existence in England did much to extenuate the grave defects to which I have alluded.

IN SEARCH OF LAW

So much for the state of English law. Now a word or two about the book "Commentaries on the Laws of England." First the title is uninspiring and in modern times Blackstone would, no doubt, have profited by the example of one of our most deservedly popular authors and called his book "In Search of Law." Secondly the arrangement is defective. The four books are:—"Rights of Persons," "Rights of Things," "Private Wrongs" and "Public Wrongs." Any law student of to-day could point out the defects of this classification, but this line of criticism I do not propose to pursue. One might as well blame Nelson for being unacquainted with submarine warfare or Wellington for having failed to provide his troops with machine guns. The claim Blackstone has to fame is not as an original thinker, an analyst of the law, nor even as an enlightened critic of our legal system. He was, emphatically, none of these.

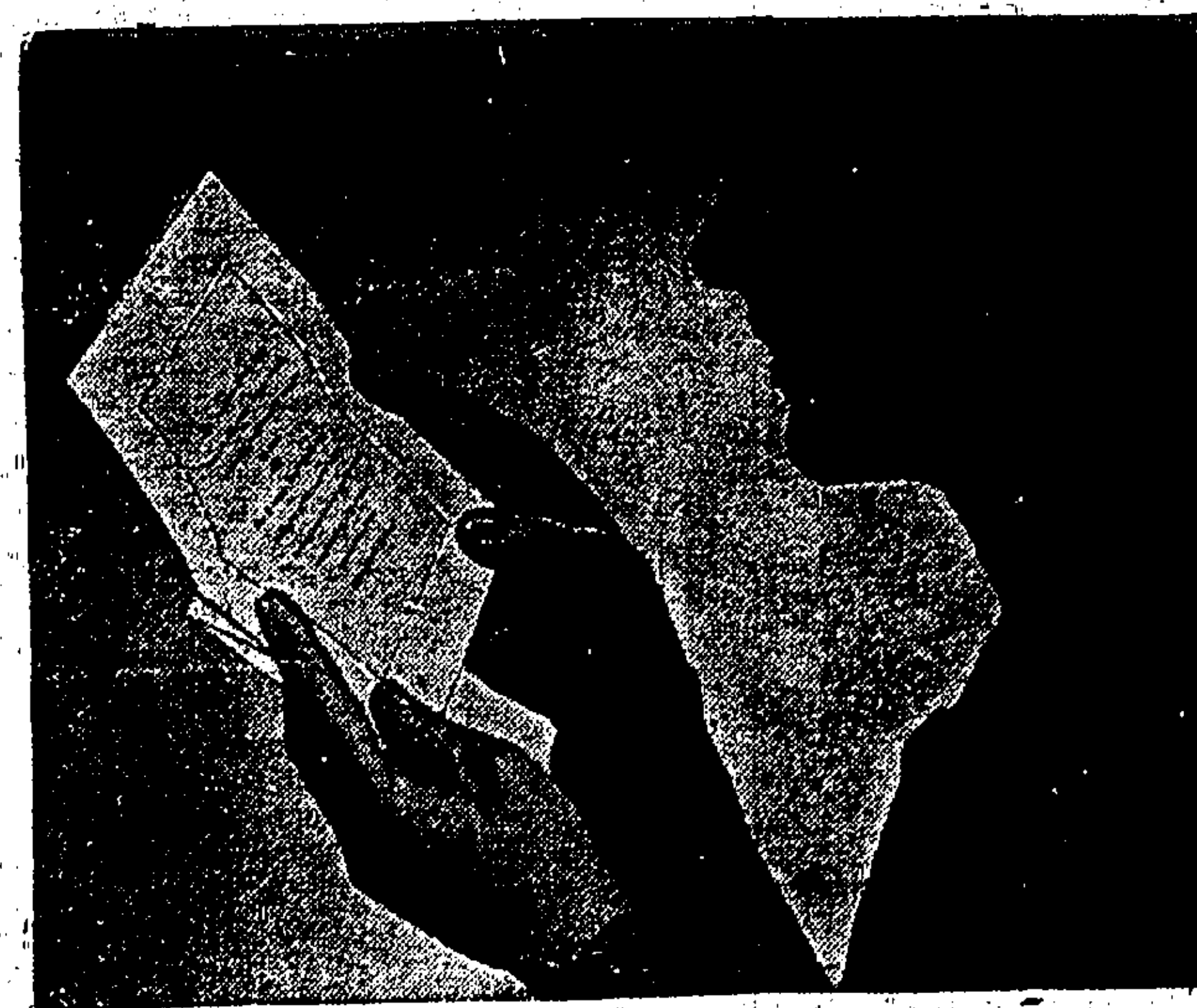
He was, however, as I have hinted, a descriptive writer of no mean ability. He, like the author of "In Search of England" and other travel books, does two things. He describes accurately enough what is, and at the same time he tends a charm to what is, by telling us in an anecdotal form, the history of the thing. This is his peculiar charm, which is by no means lost when we know, or suspect, that his "history" is spurious. He has a happy knack of finding an interesting history for our legal institutions and if authentic history fails he usually attributes the origin of any particular institution to King Alfred, who besides being a "part time" baker must have been, according to Blackstone, a person of extraordinary genius and industry. To descend from the general to the particular I will give you one or two quotations from the book itself, and first, the story of the whale.

(To be Continued)

HER BEAUTY DECIDES THE FATE OF WORLDS!



CECIL B. DE MILLE'S
"THE CRUSADES"
LORETTA YOUNG
HENRY WILCOXON
COMING TO
The STAR



The Job Printing Department

of the

HONG KONG DAILY PRESS

is equipped with all the latest and most up-to-date appliances for the production of first-class work.

All descriptions of Illustrated Catalogues, Circulars, Visiting and Invitation Cards with latest Royal Script Type.

COMMERCIAL PRINTING

turned out accurately, and with the greatest despatch, under the direct supervision of experienced Europeans.

Book Binding,

Machine Ruling,

Gold Lettering, and Marbling, etc.

All executed on the premises at the shortest notice.

Law Work,

Ledgers and Account-books.

A speciality, and at prices which compare favourably with any printing establishment in the Far East. Estimates furnished.

DAILY SHARE QUOTATIONS

Hong Kong Stock Exchange Sharebrokers' Association

Buyers	Sellers	Value	Nominal	TUESDAY, DEC. 3.	Buyers	Sellers	Value	Nominal
Banks								
...	H.K. Banks	...	...	...	...
...	Chartered Bank	...	...	...	...
...	Bank of East Asia	...	...	...	...
...	N. O. & S. Bank	...	...	...	...
...	Am. O. Fin. Corp.	...	...	...	...
...	Ch. Fin. Corp.	...	...	...	...
...	Prof. S.	...	...	...	...
Insurance								
...	Canton Insurance	...	...	...	...
...	Union Insurance	...	...	...	...
...	China Fire	...	...	...	...
...	H.K. Fire	...	...	...	...
...	International Assoc. S.	...	...	...	...
Shipping								
...	Douglas	...	...	...	...
...	Steamboats	...	...	...	...
...	Indus (pref.)	...	...	...	...
...	Do. (def.)	...	...	...	...
...	Shells	...	...	...	...
...	Waterboats	...	...	...	...
Mining								
...	Antamoks	...	...	...	...
...	Balates	...	...	...	...
...	Bongat Consolidated	...	...	...	...
...	Do. Exploration	...	...	...	...
...	Do. Goldfield	...	...	...	...
...	Big Wedge	...	...	...	...
...	Gold River	...	...	...	...
...	Gold Creek	...	...	...	...
...	United Paracoles	...	...	...	...
...	Salact Mining	...	...	...	...
...	Ipo Mining	...	...	...	...
...	Iogona	...	...	...	...
...	Kalinas	...	...	...	...
...	Langkats (single)	...	...	...	...
...	Explorations	...	...	...	...
...	Shanghai Loans	...	...	...	...
...	Venezuela Gold Flds.	...	...	...	...
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.								
...	H.K. & K. Wharves	...	...	...	...
...	Do. (old)	...	...	...	...
...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	...
...	Provident (old)	...	...	...	...
...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	...
...	H.K. & W. Dock	...	...	...	...
...	S. China Motors	...	...	...	...
...	Do. "A"	...	...	...	...
...	Do. "B"	...	...	...	...
...	Shanghai Docks	...	...	...	...
...	New Engineering	...	...	...	...
...	Hongkong S.	...	...	...	...
Land, Hotels, and Buildings								
...	H.K. Hotels	...	...	...	...
...	H.K. Land	...	...	...	...
...	Do. 4% Debentures	...	...	...	...
...	Shanghai Land	...	...	...	...
...	Metropolitan Land	...	...	...	...
...	H.K. Estates	...	...	...	...
...	China Do	...	...	...	...
...	Do. Debentures	...	...	...	...
...	Hampshire	...	...	...	...
...	New Asia Hotel	...	...	...	...
...	Asia Realities	...	...	...	...
...	Do. "A"	...	...	...	...
...	Do. "B"	...	...	...	...
...	Chinese Estates	...	...	...	...
Cotton Mills								
...	Ewas	...	...	...	...
...	Suan Cotton Mills	...	...	...	...
...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	...
...	Zong Sing	...	...	...	...
...	Wing On Textiles	...	...	...	...
Public Utilities								
...	Frankways	...	...	...	...
...	Post Office	...	...	...	...
...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	...
...	Star Ferries	...	...	...	...
...	Yamut Ferries	...	...	...	...
...	China Lights	...	...	...	...
...	H.K. Electric	...	...	...	...
...	Macao Do	...	...	...	...
...	Sandakan Light	...	...	...	...
...	Telephones	...	...	...	...
...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	...
...	China Buses	...	...	...	...
...	Tramways	...	...	...	...
...	Do. (pref.)	...	...	...	...
Industrial								
...	Malabon Sugars	...	...	...	...
...	Caldbeck	...	...	...	...
...	Macgregors (pref.)	...	...	...	...
...	Canton Iron	...	...	...	...
...	Cements	...	...	...	...
...	Hopewell	...	...	...	...
...	Aluminium	...	...	...	...
...	Dairy Farms	...	...	...	...
...	Amusement	...	...	...	...
...	Ch. Industries	...	...	...	...
...	Constructions	...	...	...	...
...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	...
...	Lane Crawford	...	...	...	...
...	Macintosh	...	...	...	...
...	Nanyang Tobacco	...	...	...	...
...	Sinacore	...	...	...	...
...	Watsons	...	...	...	...
...	Wm. Kowles	...	...	...	...
...	M. Greyhound	...	...	...	...
...	S. C. Enterprises	...	...	...	...
...	Ch. G. 6, 1925 G. 8 Bds.	...	...	...	...
...	H.K. Gov. 4% Loan	...	...	...	...
...	Do. 3%	...	...	...	...
...	Wallace Harper	...	...	...	...
...	H.K. Wing On	...	...	...	...
...	Shal Do	...	...	...	...
...	Vibro Pump	...	...	...	...

RESPECT TO STATE

[Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).]

Berlin, Dec. 2.

Anybody who fails to raise a arm in the German salute during the singing of the Horst Wessel hymn at ceremonial occasions, will be guilty of a hostile act towards the State, according to the new laws passed for police administration. These laws impose on the police the duty of counteracting "dangers calculated to menace public security and order" and was published by the Berlin "Tagesspiegel". Refusal to return the German form of greeting to an official is to be regarded as endangering public security, if the refusal is intentional or is intended as an expression of disrespect.

As an expression of disrespect, suicides "whom in the liberal State, police protected against themselves, to-day prejudice State's interests (labour and conscription)". Anyone who endangers the National Socialist movement damages the State.

If German girls sit in a public place with a Jew, it will be considered an injury to racial sensibilities and thus against public order. Indecent manner of dancing is considered a violation of German racial honour and can be prohibited.

In cases where land and property is held to Jews by "Aryan" German subjects, the Police can take action if such property can be regarded as a substantial part of German national wealth.

Amoy
A DECADE AGO AND NOW

(By C. L. C.)

We are now in the twenty-fourth year of the Chinese Republic, and old timers in China who are of a cynical disposition may still find much room for complaints. They can, with a certain degree of justification, point an accusing finger at Young China for various omissions and commissions of sins which are not in conformity with the promises made at the time of the revolution.

But before we do so, we should look around at the great and rapid improvements made in town planning, and in many cases, the entire rebuilding of cities. The credit is so much greater if we take into consideration that strife and turmoil have besieged China since the days of the revolution. There has not been a day without internecine troubles of some kind. Added to this there were disastrous droughts and floods resulting in great havoc not only to the people but also to the many public works which were undertaken and completed under the most chaotic conditions.

I intend in this series of articles to start with Amoy. In May 1926, I took up duty in this seaport of the Fukien province as Special Correspondent to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" and the "Shanghai Times". The nature of my work necessitated my living in Amoy proper and not in the island of Kulangsu, where sanitary conditions were by far better than in the city. After having lived in Shanghai for many years and getting accustomed to the manifold amenities of the "Paris of the East," one can readily imagine my disappointment upon landing at Amoy.

SQUALOR ON ALL SIDES

There were no streets worthy of the name. The widest thoroughfare was no more than ten feet wide, with squalid houses on both sides. Pigs and fowls were kept nearly by all the inhabitants. They ran wild all over the streets, and it was not an uncommon occurrence to have a snorter charging pell-mell against you and soiling your white garbade trousers into the bargain. On all sides were squalor and misery and there were no amenities of any sort.

The only place where one could take a breath of fresh air was The Bund—a stretch of land no more than three hundred yards long and about thirty feet in width. There were two pontoons for Butterfield and Swire boats to anchor alongside, and The Bund was under the administrative control of the Kulangsu Municipal Council, with Mr. Edwards, a Goanese, as Chief Constable, and Capt. H. G. Reed as Secretary and Chief of Police. The latter resigned a year or so later to take up an appointment with the Shanghai Fire Brigade.

There was no hotel in Amoy city where a foreigner could live with minimum comfort, but I was particularly fortunate in securing a room at the YM.C.A.—the only model and modern building in the entire city.

PLAGUE EPIDEMIC

At that time a plague epidemic was at its worst and no fewer than three or four hundred deaths were reported daily. Medical sciences

were unavailing in the fight against this deadly scourge in view of the most deplorable housing conditions prevailing at the time. There was no sewage system, and every house was a veritable germ nest. The stench during the hot months of July and August was terrible and at times corpses in the streets were allowed to remain for six or seven hours at a stretch, before the Chinese authorities would remove them for burial.

ONLY ONE MAIN ROAD

The main road, and there was only one at the time, was no better than one of the side lanes in the slum quarters of Hong Kong. There one could see a few dilapidated rickshaws plying for fare, and the well-to-do Chinese used them as their limousines in the evening to pay their nocturnal visits to singing song girls.

Over in the island of Kulangsu, conditions were far better. Kulangsu was and is still a little garden island. The streets are narrow, but they are well kept. Luxuriant trees and green verdure on the hillside give the island a most picturesque appearance, and one could not help feeling a sense of security and peace to live in the island of the "Drums of the Waves"—which is the Chinese translation of Kulangsu.

Such is the picture of Amoy a decade ago. If only my humble pen could describe it better! But it was no better or worse than any other Chinese city at the time. Even Swatow and Fochow, and in some respects Canton, were the same.

But what is the Amoy of to-day? One may well ask the question and it would take an abler pen than mine to describe the transformation which has taken place in the short space of ten years. I made a return trip to Amoy in July 1934, and literally stood stock still at the wharf for fully half an hour gazing with amazement at the changes which have taken place and inwardly comparing Amoy with Hong Kong. And the note of my comparison? Frankly admit, did not flatter the British Colony.

A TRANSFORMATION

True, the two pontoons were still there, but next to it the Netherlands Harbour Works were busily putting the finishing touches to a modern concrete pier for Butterfield and Swire. Concrete jetties for sampans and motorboats are plentiful along the Bund, and in the place of the squalid houses, there are now four and five storeyed buildings along the waterfront.

Work was almost completed for a stretch of wide highway linking the Bund with the Amoy Docks, which in former days must be reached by sampan.

After leaving the Bund, I went along Chungshan Rd., and the big shops and concrete buildings there made me think that I had arrived at a wrong destination. Gone was the Amoy of yesterday. Even the people seem to have changed. The Chinese women with their pigtailed and bound feet have been relegated to the dim past, and in their place, full chested women, bobbed, shingled, and marcel waved, and in the latest slits gowns walk about the streets with Chinese youths in Oxford bags, and the latest European attire.

(To Be Continued)

WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS FROM HARAR

[Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).]

Addis Ababa, Dec. 2.

The French organizer of the Abyssinian Air Force, M. Corriger, who has held this position for the past six years, has now been recalled to France to take up duties there. Corriger is already on his way to Djibouti.

The Abyssinian Foreign Minister has telegraphed the League of Nations that the Emperor has decided to immediately withdraw all troops from Harar, which in the future will be a hospital base for the wounded from Ogaden front, and will not have any significance whatsoever.

The Abyssinian Government hopes that this measure will result in the civil population and foreign residents of the town being spared from the aerial bombardments, and asks the General Secretary of the League of Nations to communicate this decision to all the League members.

REMARKABLE PRANKS BY CALE IN FRANCE

Paris, Dec. 2.

A gale which is at present sweeping France played two remarkable pranks to-day.

The first was when the famous great arch of the Trocadero Palace, erected for the Exhibition of 1878, collapsed with a terrific din. A quantity of dynamite had recently been assembled in readiness to remove the arch in order to make way for a new building in which to house the Paris Exhibition of 1937, but as events turned out, nature took the work.

In the second incident, the famous cedar tree near Provins, the biggest tree in France, was blown down. The tree had a girth of 25 feet, and its branches covered a hundred square yards. It was originally brought to France, as a small plant, in a hat from Lebanon by a botanist, being planted by the then Finance Minister, M. Trudaine in a park.

ACCOUNTS OF
P. & O.Strong Position
Revealed

London, Dec. 3.

The P. and O. accounts for the year ending September 30, show that the net voyage income is rather lower, at £1,054,882, than for the previous year. But the company has had a higher income from investments of a miscellaneous nature.

The balance sheet shows a strong position, for not only the company's £8,318,000 of gilt-edged securities but the fleet and fleet's subsidiaries, have been written down by amounts exceeding the five per cent. allowance.

The directors comment on the adverse results on their steamers of the Government restrictions on the Australian meat trade and report that they have encountered intense competition from foreign subsidised lines on the Indian and Far Eastern passenger route.

Shipments to and from Japan are appreciably larger for the year, with a decrease in exports from China.

The net balance of £156,998 is an actual improvement over the previous year's figure of £5,700.

CROWN COLONIES UNDER
MANDATES?

London, Dec. 2.

"I could not imagine anything more mischievous, after 38 years' experience in Malaya and Hong Kong, than the suggestions made in some quarters that the Protectorates and Crown Colonies should be placed under mandates," declared Sir William Peel, former Governor of Hong Kong, who was the principal guest at a dinner given by the China Association.

Sir William added that such a proposal would be entirely repugnant to the inhabitants of those places, whether Orientals or Westerners.

Referring to the relations between Canton and Hong Kong, Sir William said there had been friendly feelings but he was distressed that they had not shown more concrete results. He was afraid that their Canton friends, while stressing the friendship that had undoubtedly existed, had given few real examples of their desire to help the Colony.

GERMAN EVANGELICAL
CHURCH LAW

[Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).]

Berlin, Dec. 2.

A decree signed by the Minister for Church Affairs, Herr Kerl, defining the application of the law for the protection of the German Evangelical Church, of Sept. 24 was published in the official gazette on Monday.

These ordinances forbid the exercise of any powers of function of an administrative or authoritative character by any ecclesiastical associations or groups in all cases where the ordinances are set up by the church administration already in existence. Acts which are particularly prohibited are the appointment or living and curates, examination and ordination of candidates for the church, visitation in parishes, ordering proclamations to be read from the pulpit, collection and administration of church taxes, organization of collections in connection with parish functions, and the convocation of synods. Organizations which did not conform with the decree would be dissolved. The administrative body was the Reich alone, and not the state nor the Minister of church Affairs.

The Reich Church Committee and the Regional Church Committee had been selected and appointed by him after careful investigation of the suitability and good will of the members. The Government and he himself, however, were not the State church but the Free Church, which of its own free will demarch with the State, in which it lived and worked.

Transocean Kuo Min.

Generous

Hubby: "The bank has returned that check."

Wife: "Isn't that splendid! What can we buy with it this time?"

Bee-Hive.

S. E. Levy & Co.

7, 10, HOUSE STREET
INVESTMENT BANKERS & BROKERS

MEMBERS

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE
COMMODITY EXCHANGE, INC. N.Y.
CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE
CANADIAN COMMODITY EXCHANGE, INC.

CORRESPONDENTS FOR

WHITE, WELD & CO., NEW YORK

ETHIOPIANS' PRECAUTION
AGAINST SURPRISE

Addis Ababa, Dec. 2.

Fears that the reported Italian withdrawal from Makale may be a trap to lure the Ethiopians to destruction, were expressed in official circles to-day.

The War Ministry reported that it had warned Ras Seyoum to take every precaution against surprise. Usually well-informed circles are inclined to doubt reports of a wholesale Italian withdrawal on the southern front and believe the main aim of the invaders is to push northwards and escape the heat and foul water of Ogaden, with its scourge of camel bug, which causes large scores on man and beast.

In the south-west, Ras Desta, daring leader of an army of 100,000, divided into several columns of great mobility, claims to have held up the Italian mechanised column advancing north-west from Dolo along the Ganale-doria River. In this operation Ras Desta has used 20,000 of his warriors.

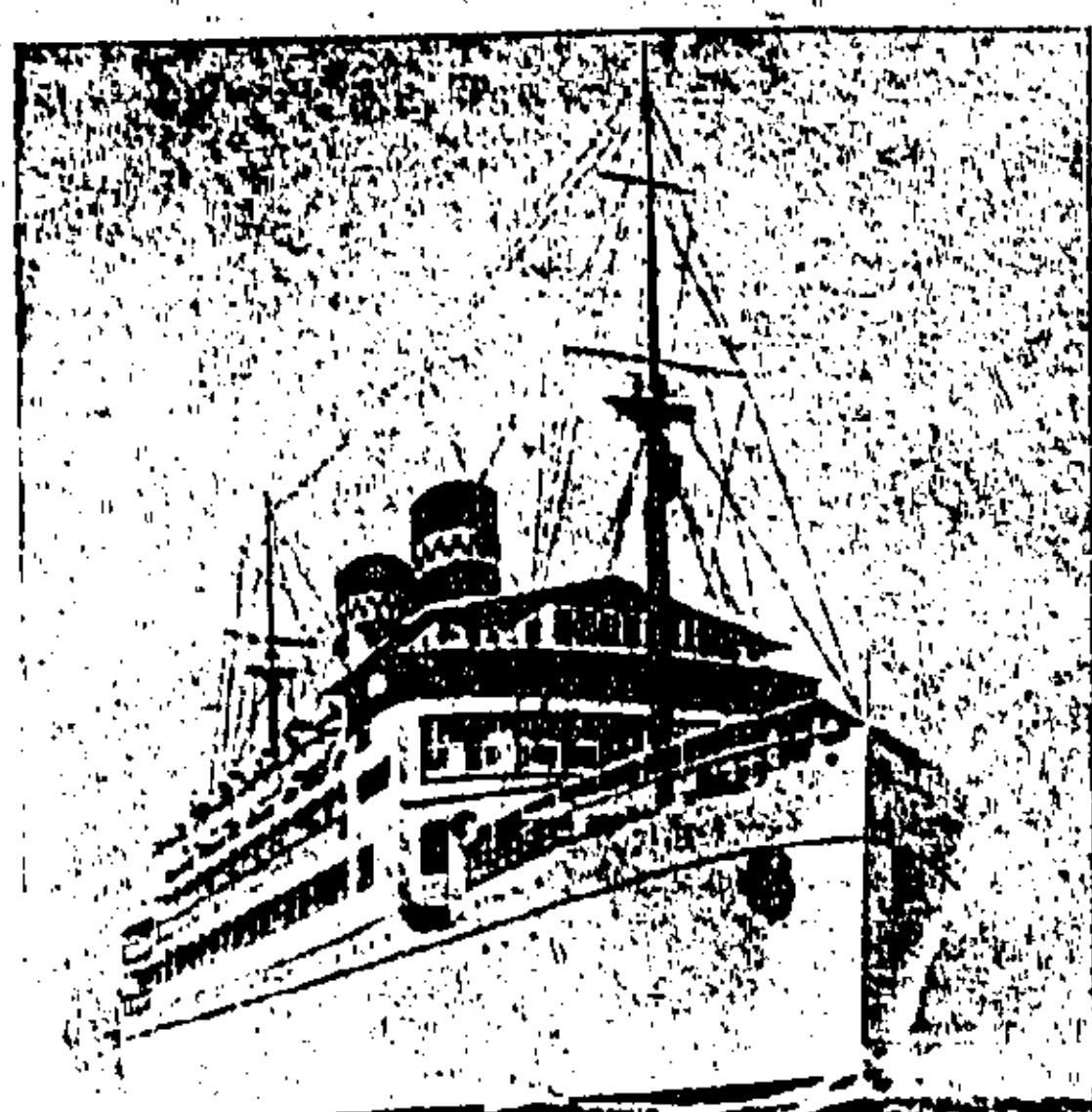
The majority of his troops, it is believed, are harrying the Italian villages in Somaliland, sniping along the road of their communication system and threatening their ease of supply.

Reuter.

NEW YORK STOCK AND
COMMODITY QUOTATIONS

(Through Reuter's Agency)

	Last	December 3	
--	------	------------	--

BURNS PHILP LINE
M.V. "NEPTUNA"PASSENGER & FREIGHT SERVICE TO
AUSTRALIA

Next Sailing 18th DECEMBER
for Saigon, Manila, Sandakan, Salamana, Rabaul,
Sydney & Melbourne.
Passengers must be on board by 11 p.m.
of the 17th December.

First Class Fare to Sydney:
Single: £47.10.0d. Return: £76.

Joint Passenger Agents:—
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.
P. & O. Building.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
King's Building.

WAR

HAS STARTED IN

ABYSSINIA

PICTORIAL MAPS OF THIS
COUNTRY ARE OBTAINABLE

AT
HONGKONG DAILY PRESS
PRICES:—
MOUNTED 50 cts. each
UNMOUNTED 25 cts. each

CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM
NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

CONSIGNEES per Co's Vessel
"XION"

are requested to take Delivery of Flour
and Lumber Shipments as soon as the
Vessel is ready to discharge and are
hereby notified that if their Lighters are
not placed alongside the Vessel as
required, their Shipments will be dis-
charged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, at
their expense, where the Cargo will
lie also at their risk and expense and
subject to the Terms and Conditions of
Storage at Holt's Wharf. Steamer will
commence Discharge on the 3rd Dec.

General Cargo will be discharged into
Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will lie
at Consignee's risk and subject to the
Terms and Conditions of Storage at
Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready
for Delivery from the Godown on and
after 3rd Dec.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods
are to be left in the Godowns, where they
will be examined on any Tuesday and
Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m.
and Noon within the Free Storage period.
No Claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Vessel's Godown, and
all General Cargo remaining undelivered
after 10th Dec. will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Vessel must
be presented to the Underigned on or
before the 24th Dec. 1935, or they will
not be recognized.
No Fire Insurance will be effected.
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents.
3rd December, 1935. (4035)

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL
STEAM NAVIGATION Co's
STEAMER "BHUTAN"

ARRIVED HONG KONG ON
1st DECEMBER, 1935.

FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, GIBRA-
LTA, MARSEILLES, MALTA,
PORTSAID, ADEN, COLOMBO
AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above-
named Vessel are hereby informed
that their Goods are being landed and
placed at their risk in the Hong Kong
and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Com-
pany's Godowns at Kowloon, where each
Consignee will be sorted out Mark
by Mark and Delivery can be obtained as
the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be landed here
including date of arrival will be subject to
Rent.
No Fire Insurance will be effected by
us in any case whatever.

Damaged Packages must be left in the
Godowns for examination by the Con-
signee, and the Company's Surveyors.
Messrs. Goddard & Douglas, at 10 a.m.
on Mondays and Thursdays, within the
Free Storage period.

Consignees are specially notified that
it is necessary for a Revenue Officer to
be present at the examination of
damaged dutiable cargo.

All Claims against the Steamer must
be presented to the Underigned on or
before 21st Dec. 1935, or they will
not be recognized.
No Claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Godown.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Agents.
Hong Kong, 3rd Dec., 1935. (4018)

THE EXCHANGE
MARKET

MESSRS. ROZA BROS.

The price for Ready silver rose
1/16 yesterday to 29 1/2 but the For-
ward rate was unchanged at 28 1/2.
Silver advances reported America
as having bought. The market
closed steady.

In America the rate was un-
changed at 65 1/2 for spot.
London/New York cross-rate
was lower at 4.92 1/2 and the New
York/London rate was also lower
at 4.92 1/2.

Market
Opened easy with some buying
enquiries but later the market ap-
peared a shade steadier but the
undertone was not robust.

Sterling
Opened with buyers at 1/5 11/16
with a small business arranged at
1/5 1/16 for cash followed by transac-
tions at 1/5 3/16 for January, 1/5
9/16 for cash and 1/5 1/16 for first
half of December. The market
then steadied up slightly and
transactions were again arranged at
1/5 9/16 for cash, 1/5 1/16 for De-
cember and 1/5 1/16 for January. The
market closed at 1 p.m. with sell-
ers at 1/5 1/16 for cash and first half
of December, 1/5 7/16 for Dece-
mber and 1/5 3/16 for January, buy-
ers at 1/5 1/16 higher respectively.

U.S. Dollars
Opened with buyers at 36 3/16
but business was subsequently ar-
ranged at 36 1/16 for cash follow-
ed by transactions at 35 1/2 for De-
cember. The market closed at 1
p.m. with sellers at 35 15/16 for
cash, and 35 13/16 for December,
buyers at 36 1/16 for cash and 35 1/2
for December.

Shanghai Dollars
Sellers were quoted at 121 for
spot.

Shanghai Market
Sellers of Sterling were quoted
at 1/2 15/32 and U.S. Dollars at
29 1/2 for spot.

IN THE AFTERNOON
The market eased off in the
afternoon but towards the close
the tone appeared a shade stead-
ier.

Sterling
Business was reported at 1/5 1/16
for cash, 1/5 3/16 for January 1/5
7/16 for cash, 1/5 1/16 for January
and 1/5 1/16 for January. 1/5 1/16
was also arranged for cash. The
market closed with sellers at 1/5 1/16
for cash, 1/5 1/16 for December and
1/5 for January, buyers at 1/16
higher respectively.

U.S. Dollars
The market closed with sellers
at 35 9/16 for cash and 35 15/16
for December, buyers at 1/8 high-
er respectively.

H. K. STOCK
EXCHANGEYESTERDAY'S OFFICIAL
QUOTATIONS

There is a little steadier feeling
in the market to-day with more
enquiries but shares are rather
scarce at the present low level.

BUYERS

Antismoke, \$1.05.
Providents (old), 80 cts.
Hong Kong Trams, \$13.35.
China Lights, \$10.
Cements, \$4 1/2.
Govt. 4% Loan, 4% Prem.

SELLERS

Hong Kong Banks, \$1290/1300.
Union Insurance, \$537 1/2.
Providents (old), 80 cts.
Hotels, \$4 1/2.
Electricity, \$61 1/2/62.
Cements, \$4 1/2.
Entertainments, \$3.40.

H. K. SHAREBROKERS'
ASSOCIATION

Buyers
Douglases, \$35.
Steamers, \$3.
Providents (old), 75 cts.
Trams, \$13.35.
Yamnat Ferries, \$15 1/2.
Lights, \$10.
Electricity, \$61 1/2.
Cements, \$4 1/2.
Dairy Farms, \$18.85.
Entertainments, \$3.40.
Govt. Loan 4% 5%
Sellers
Lights, \$10.15.
Dairy Farms, \$17.
Banks, \$1290.
Electricity, \$61 1/2.
Cements, \$4 1/2.
Dairy Farms, \$18 1/2.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE)

	November 30.	Dec. 2.
Paris	74 55/64	74 49/64
Geneva	15.26	15.24
Berlin	12.26	12.26
Athens		
Milan		1/2 1/2
Shanghai		4.93 1/16
New York	7.28 1/2	7.27 1/2
Amsterdam		
Vienna		119 3/16
Prague	629 S.	119 1/2
Bucharest	36 1/2	36 3/32
Madrid		1/5 11/16
Lisbon		29.16 1/2
Hong Kong	29.16 1/2	
Brussels		216
Montevideo	4.98 1/2	4.98 1/2
Belgrade	1/- 63/64	
Montréal		
Yokohama		
Helsingfors		
Rio		
Buenos Aires	29 3/16	29 1/2
Silver (Spot)	28 1/2	28 1/2
Silver (forward)		31 1/2 105 1/2
War Loan		

Closing Quotations

	December 2, 1935.		
On LONDON:—		On New York:—	
Telegraphic Transfer	} 1.54	Bank Bills, on demand	36
Bank Bills, on demand		Credits, 60 days' sight	37½
Bank Bills, 4 months'		On demand	52½
sight		1/58	On PARIS:—
Credits, four months'	1/64	Bank Bills, on demand	54½
sight		Credits, 4 months' sight	57½
On SHANGHAI:—		On SAIGON:—	
On Demand	130	On demand	54½
On SINGAPORE:—		On MANILA:—	
On demand	82½	On demand	72
On JAPAN:—		On BANGKOK:—	
On demand	135	On demand	127½
On INDIA:—		SOVEREIGNS: Bank Buying	
Telegraphic Transfer	} 96½	Rate	1.68½
Bank on demand		BANK SILVER, per oz.	39½

BERLIN SHARE
MARKET

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily
Press" (Copyright).)

Berlin, Dec. 2.

The erratic tendency of the share
market on Saturday was replaced
on Monday with a confidential
tone. Though the volume of
business transacted was small in
the majority of cases, buyers were
encouraged by the favourable in-
dustrial reports.

Fixed Interest Securities business
remained very quiet. Call Money
was at 3 3/4 to 3 1/4. Young Loan
was at 102 (unquoted on Satur-
day) Reichsbanks strengthened
5/8 to 179 3/8. Dye Trusts again
improved 3/4 to 150. Salzdettun
Potash rose a further 1 1/2 to
139 1/2. German Steel Trusts
were 1 higher to 76 1/8. Siemen-
shalske jumped 2 points to 169.
Bemberg Rayon were 1/2 better at
102.—*Transocean Kuo Min.*

REICHSMARK QUOTA-
TIONS

Berlin, Dec. 2.

Reichsmark quotations (without
guarantee):—
New York \$40.23
Paris \$50.60
Amsterdam \$59.35
London \$12.265
Sterling (low) \$74.87
Sterling (high) \$74.91
Dollar (low) \$15.1825
Dollar (high) \$15.185
Transocean Kuo Min.

DR. SCHACHT ADDRESSES
IRONMONGERS

Berlin, Dec. 2.

Prominence is given in Monday's
papers to the speech delivered by
Dr. Schacht at the annual meeting
on Sunday evening of the German
Ironmongers Association in Dus-
seldorf. The Minister of Econo-
mics paid a tribute to the impor-
tant research work carried out by
the association, which despite the
difficult times had resulted in Ger-
many's iron production securing a
position in the world trade, with-
out which Germany could not and
does not intend to subsist. One of
the principle tasks confronting the
speaker, was to provide for ade-
quate supplies of iron ore. Ger-
many was poor in high grade iron
ore, such as had been smelted in
recent times. "But Germany
for reasons that I do not want to
repeat, cannot use foreign ore for
her iron production to the same ex-
tent as hitherto. Germany how-
ever, cannot afford her newly won
military independence to be en-
dangered in the sphere of iron pro-
duction." The iron manufacturers
task was therefore, to find a means

SINGAPORE RAW
RUBBERLatest Singapore
Prices

Messrs. BENJAMIN & POTTS

Messrs. Benjamin and Potts re-
ceived the following Straits cur-
rency quotations (buyers) from
Singapore yesterday for Raw Rub-
ber:—

Spot 21 1/2 cts. off 1 ct.
Jan./Mar. 22 1/2 cts. off 1 ct.
Apr./June 22 1/2 cts. off 1 ct.
July/Sept. 23 1/2 cts. off 1 ct.
Market—Dull.

Messrs. H. B. JOSEPH & CO.

Messrs. H. B. Joseph & Co. re-
ceived the following Straits cur-
rency quotations from Singapore
yesterday for Raw Rubber:—

Spot 21 1/2 down 1 1/2
Jan./Mar. 22 1/2 down 1 1/2
Apr./June 22 1/2 down 1 1/2
July/Sept. 23 1/2 down 1 1/2
Market—Nominal.

LONDON METALS
MARKETS

Messrs. H. B. Joseph & Co. re-
ceived the following metal quota-
tions from London through Ren-
ters, December 2 (Monday).

Buyers
Copper:
Standard, Cash £ 35-11-3 up 7/8
Standard, 3 months £ 35-18-9 up 7/8
Electrolytic £ 39-10-0 up 10s

Tin:
Standard, Cash £223-0-0 up £1-10
Standard, 3 months £213-0-0 up £1-15

Lead:
Foreign, Official Price £ 17-12-6 down 6/3
Foreign Official 3 months £ 17-12-6 down 6/3

Spelter:
Ordinary Official Price £ 15-13-9 down 5s
Ordinary O.P. 3 months £ 16-0-0 up 1/3

Copper:
Standard, Cash £ 35-12-3
Standard, 3 months £ 36-0-0
Electrolytic £ 40-0-0

Tin:
Standard, Cash £223-10-9
Standard, 3 months £213-10-9
Final Afternoon Transaction
Tin, Cash £223-5-0 Nominal
Tin, 3 months £213-0-0 Paid and
Buyers

Straits Tin
New York Market—
Straits Tin, C.I.F. New York, (25
ton lots), sellers, per lb. 5 1/2 cts.
up 1/4 cts.

Market—Steady.
of utilizing the poorer grade of
German ore in requisite quanti-
ties.—*Transocean Kuo Min.*

LLOYD TRIESTINO

EXPRESS PASSENGER SERVICE
FAR-EST-INDIA-ITALY!
SAILINGS 1935/1936.

For Shanghai

M.S. "VICTORIA" ... 18th Jan.

For Singapore, Colombo, Bombay,
Port-Said, Trieste, Venice, & Trieste.
M.S. "CONTE VERDE" ... 8th Dec.

For Manila, Singapore, Colombo,
Bombay, Aden, Massana, Port-Said,
Naples & Genoa.
M.S. "VICTORIA" ... 26th Jan. 1936.

For Full Particulars and Reservations of Accommodation Apply to:—

LLOYD TRIESTINO
Queen's Building, Ground Floor.
Tel. Add. "LLOYDIANO" P. O. Box 143.
Telephone 33981.
Agents in Canton:—
DODWELL & CO., LTD., SHAMEN.

S.S. "BENCLEUCH"

Sailing for LONDON, ROTTERDAM,
ANTWERP, HAMBURG, HULL and LEITH
(direct) on or about the 9th December.

Cargo will also be accepted on through Bill
of Lading to the usual transshipment ports.

For Freight and Passage apply to:—

W. R. LOXLEY & CO. (CHINA) LTD.,
York Building.
Agents:
THE BEN LINE STEAMERS LTD.,
Homeward Service.

CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE M.V. "KULMERLAND"

having arrived from Hamburg and
Ports of call, Consignees of Cargo are
hereby notified that their Goods are
being landed and placed at their risk
into the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf
and Godown Company's godowns at
Kowloon, where delivery may be
obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will not be landed
here, unless Notice has been given 48
hours prior to vessel's arrival, but carried
on from port to port to the final port of
call to which the option extends.

No Claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Godowns, and all
Goods remaining undelivered after the
5th Dec. 1935, will be subject to
Rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged
Goods are to be left in the Godowns,
where they will be examined on 4th
Dec. 1935, at 10 a.m. by our
Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

To comply with the General Bonded
Warehouse Regulations, consignees must
have a Revenue Officer in attendance
when damaged dutiable goods are
examined.

All claims must reach us before
the 24th Dec. 1935, or they will
not be recognized.

No Insurance will be effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
JEBSEN & CO.
Agents.

Hong Kong, 29th Nov. 1935. (4006)

PRINCE LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

FROM
NEW YORK AND LOS ANGELES

THE Motor Vessel "MALAYAN PRINCE"

having arrived from the above Ports on
20th instant, Consignees of Cargo are
hereby informed that their Goods are
being landed at their risk into the Go-
downs of the Hong Kong and Kowloon
Wharf and Godown Company, Limited,
Kowloon, and stored at Consignee's risk
and expense.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods
are to be left in the Godowns, where
they will be examined on Friday,
6th Dec. 1935, at 10 a.m.

All Claims must be presented within
16 Days of the vessel's arrival here
after which date they cannot be re-
cognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Godowns, and all
Goods remaining undelivered after the
7th Dec. 1935, will be subject to
Rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned
by
FURNESS (P&S) LTD.
2nd Floor, Hong Kong Building,
Shanghai Road, Hong Kong.
Tel. 33165.

Hong Kong, 29th Nov. 1935. (4012)

CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

CONSIGNEE NOTICE.

S.S. "ATHOS II"

BRINGING CARGO
FROM MARSEILLES, &c.

CONSIGNEES are hereby informed
that at their godown with the ex-
ception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables
are being landed & stored into the godowns
of the Hong Kong Kowloon Wharf
and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, where
delivery may be obtained immediately
after landing.

All Claims must be sent in to me on
or before the 10th Dec. 1935, or they
will not be recognized.

Damaged Packages will be examined
by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs.
Goddard & Douglas in the presence of
the Consignee at 10.00 a.m. on 6th
Dec. 1935.

Consignees must have a Revenue
Officer in attendance when any dutiable
goods are examined by the Company's
Surveyors.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by
us in any case whatever.

R. OHL,
Agent.
Hong Kong, 30th November, 1935. (4015)

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO. LTD.

AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM
NAVIGATION CO. LTD.CONSIGNEES per Co's Vessel
"MENTOR"FROM "UNITE" KINGDOM
VIA SINGAPORE

are hereby notified that their cargo
will be discharged into HOLT'S Wharf
Kowloon, where it will lie at Con-
signee's risk and subject to terms and
conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf.
The Cargo will be ready for delivery
from Godown on and after 3rd Dec.

Optional cargo will not be landed
here, unless notice has been given
prior to steamer's arrival but carried
on from port to port to the final port
of call to which the option extends.

All broken, chafed, and damaged
goods are to be left in the Godowns,
where they will be examined on any
Tuesday and Fridays between the
hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon within
the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after
the Goods have left the steamer's
Godown, and all Goods remaining
undelivered after the 9th Dec. will
be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must
be presented to the undersigned on
or before the 24th Dec. 1935, or they
will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected
by
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
Agents.

Hong Kong, 29th Nov. 1935. (4016)

COMPANY, LIMITED.

For Freight or Passage apply to— **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**
 Telephone 30391, Agents.
 CARGO AND BAGGAGE CAN BE INSURED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

San Mar, N.Y.E., December 21. Tristram, Thompson, January 16.
Hayes, Dallas, Dec. 21. Trollius, B. & S., Dec. 11.
ville, Bank Line, Dec. 23. Victoria, Lloyd Tristram, Jan. 1951.

CANADIAN PACIFIC ANNOUNCES

Sailings for 1936

	Hong Kong	Shanghai	Nagasaki	Kobe	Yokohama	Honolulu	Yan- coover Victoria
Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Arrive
E/Japan	Jan. 14	Jan. 16		Jan. 19	Jan. 21	Jan. 27	Feb. 1
E/Asia	Jan. 20	Jan. 31	Feb. 3	Feb. 4	Feb. 6		Feb. 15
E/Canada	Feb. 11	Feb. 13		Feb. 16	Feb. 18	Feb. 25	Mar. 1
E/Russia	Feb. 26	Feb. 28	Mar. 1	Mar. 3	Mar. 5		Mar. 14
E/Japan	Mar. 6	Mar. 8		Mar. 11	Mar. 13	Mar. 19	Mar. 24
E/Asia	Mar. 20	Mar. 22	Mar. 24	Mar. 26	Mar. 28		April 6
E/Canada	April 3	April 5		April 8	April 10	April 17	April 22
E/Russia	April 17	April 19	April 21	April 23	April 25		May 4
E/Japan	May 1	May 3		May 6	May 8	May 14	May 19
E/Asia	May 16	May 17	May 19	May 21	May 23		June 1
E/Canada	May 26	May 31		June 3	June 5	June 12	June 17
E/Russia	June 12	June 14	June 16	June 18	June 20		June 29
E/Japan	June 26	June 28		July 1	July 3	July 9	July 14
E/Asia	July 10	July 12	July 14	July 16	July 18		July 27
E/Canada	July 24	July 28		July 29	July 31	Aug. 7	Aug. 12

Next Sailing to VANCOUVER
via SHANGHAI & JAPAN
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA
At NOON
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 13th.

Sailings to MANILA
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA 8 P.M. Dec. 5th.
EMPEROR OF JAPAN Dec. 20th.

Full information from your own Agent or
CANADIAN PACIFIC
Telephone: Passenger 20752. GACANPAC: Passenger Dept.
Freight: 20042. NAUTILUS: Freight Dept.
Canton Agents: JARDINE, MATHESON & CO. LTD.



GENERAL PASSENGER AGENTS IN THE ORIENT FOR
CUNARD WHITE STAR LINE.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports and Honolulu.
TATSUTA MARU ... Wednesday, 11th Dec.
ASAMA MARU ... Wednesday, 8th Jan.
TAIYO MARU ... Wednesday, 22nd Jan.

SEATTLE & VANCOUVER.
HIYE MARU (Starts from Kobe) Wednesday, 25th Dec.
HEIAN MARU (Starts from Kobe) Monday, 20th Jan.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM
TERUKUNI MARU ... Friday, 6th Dec.
HAKUSAN MARU ... Saturday, 21st Dec.
HARUNA MARU ... Saturday, 4th Jan.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila and Port.
NEPTUNA ... Tuesday, 18th Dec.
ATSUTA MARU ... Saturday, 24th Dec.
KAMO MARU ... Saturday, 25th Jan.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang and Colombo.
ANYO MARU ... Wednesday, 11th Dec.
TOYAMA MARU ... Saturday, 28th Dec.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.
RAKUYO MARU ... Tuesday, 17th Dec.

NEW YORK via Panama.
NOHIRO MARU ... Friday, 27th Dec.
NARUTO MARU ... Tuesday, 14th Jan.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Beyrouth, Istanbul, Piraeus.
Genoa and Valencia.
DAKAR MARU ... Wednesday, 11th Dec.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.
LIBON MARU ... Sunday, 8th Dec.
MALACCA MARU ... Sunday, 15th Dec.
NAGATO MARU ... Sunday, 29th Dec.

SHANGHAI, KOBÉ & YOKOHAMA.
KATORI MARU ... Saturday, 7th Dec.
KAMO MARU (Nagasaki direct) ... Friday, 20th Dec.
KASHIMA MARU ... Saturday, 21st Dec.

Burns Philp Line, Joint Passenger Agents,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.
† Cargo only.
Tel. 30291



FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS
Sailings from Hong Kong:

To SHANGHAI — KOBÉ.
PRESIDENT DOUMER ... 13th Dec.
ANDRE LEBON ... 25th Dec.
MAMBOUR JOFFRE ... 11th Jan. 1936.
SPHINX ... 25th Jan. 1936.
CHERONCEAUX ... 8th Feb. 1936.
ATHOS II ... 2nd Feb. 1936.

To MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti (Aden), Suez, Port Said.
ATHOS II ... 17th Dec.
PRES. DOUMER ... 31st Dec.
ANDRE LEBON ... 14th Jan. 1936.
MAMBOUR JOFFRE ... 28th Jan. 1936.
SPHINX ... 11th Feb. 1936.
CHERONCEAUX ... 25th Feb. 1936.

We can issue Through Tickets to Egypt, Syrian Ports, East Africa, Madagascar by Transshipment on our Mail Steamers at Port Said or Djibouti.
For Full Particulars apply to:
C/o. Des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,
Tel. 30291, 3, Queen's Building, 13

Shipping News

Daily Statement, Clearances,
Ships to Harbour, etc.

SERVICES AS USUAL

Vessels Using The Suez Canal

The outbreak of war between Italy and Abyssinia has not up to the present time, affected the voyages of ships of Liverpool shipping lines using the Suez Canal. Inquiries made at the offices of the various lines by a representative of The Journal of Commerce and Shipping Telegraph elicited the information that they are carrying on their services as hitherto.

Of course, as one of the directors of one of the large lines remarked, they can only legislate for the present, as they do not know what may happen within a fortnight. That appears to be the consensus of opinion of the officials of the other lines.

ARRIVALS

3RD DECEMBER.

Fionia, Danish steamer, 3,337 tons, Captain Lasmussen, from Singapore, buoy No. A2—East Asiatic & Co.
Selstan, British steamer, 1,571 tons, Captain R. C. Greer, from Swatow, Douglas Wharf—Douglas & Co.

Artzona Maru, Japanese steamer, 5,995 tons, Capt. K. Ishibashi, from Moji, buoy No. A1—O. S. K.
Hydrangea, British steamer, 561 tons, Captain P. W. Grierson, from Swatow, Chiu On Wharf—Chiu On & Co.
Hal Heng, Chinese steamer, 2,065 tons, Captain B. Schreiber, from Canton, China Merchant Steam Navigation's Wharf—C. M. S. N. & Co.
Hui, Chinese steamer, 2,055 tons, Capt. S. P. Teng, from Shanghai via Swatow, China Merchant S. N. Wharf—C. M. S. N. & Co.

Sumatra Maru, Japanese steamer, 4,272 tons, Captain T. Tomita, from Yokohama via Moji, buoy No. A15—O. S. K.
Sandviken, Norwegian steamer, 1,775 tons, Captain A. Norvald, from Canton, buoy No. B2—J. M. & Co.
Chengtu, British steamer, 1,338 tons, Captain W. J. King, from Canton, buoy No. B21—B. & S.

Ixon, British steamer, 6,524 tons, Captain J. Nelson, from Shanghai, buoy No. A17—B. & S.

Bright Vega, British steamer, 3,071 tons, Captain Kildgaard, from Manila, buoy No. A5—Wallem & Co.

Taiwan, Norwegian steamer, 3,389 tons, Captain S. R. Suttamsen, from Manila, Kowloon Wharf—Thoresen & Co.

D'Artagnan, French steamer, 9,008 tons, Captain P. Denoze, from Kobe via Shanghai, Kowloon Wharf—M. M. & Co.

Cremer, Dutch steamer, 2,785 tons, Captain Kummer, from Singapore, Kowloon Wharf—J. C. J. Line.

Tijssara, Dutch steamer, 4,324 tons, Captain J. d. van den Kolk, from Amoy, buoy No. A3—J. C. J. Line.

Menestheus, British steamer, 4,556 tons, Captain Mansfield, from Shanghai, Holt's Wharf—Butterfield & Swire.

NEWS FROM THE WATERFRONT

Freight And Asiatic Passengers Returns

(BY LONGSHOREMAN).

During the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday, the freight returns, received from the Harbour Office show a considerably high tonnage movement, a large proportion of which being contributed by British ships.

The total tonnage of general cargo carried by vessels to the Colony was 15,552 tons, with British steamers carrying 5,908 tons.

Through cargo for ports beyond the Colony amounted to 17,215 tons, of which 6,157 tons were carried by British steamers.

Asiatic deck passengers entering into the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were 790, of which 275 were from British steamers.

There were altogether 20 arrivals, of which 7 were of British registry, the remainder being of other nationalities, while of the 14 departures, 7 were British ships, the rest being of other different countries. Particulars as follows:—

Nationality	Ships	Tonnage
British	7	12,063
Dutch	2	6,756
French	1	1,275
Norwegian	1	133
Italian	1	802
Swedish	1	4,187
Danish	1	1,130
Portuguese	1	220
Japanese	3	5,755
Chinese	2	466
Total	40	32,767

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS

The E. & A. steamer "Nankin" left Manila for this port yesterday morning with the outward Mails, and is due here on the 4th instant at about 10 a.m.

The R.M.S. "Empress of Russia" arrived at Shanghai on the 2nd December (Monday) at 6.00 p.m., left Shanghai yesterday at noon, is due at Hong Kong to-morrow at 10 a.m., and leaves Hong Kong for Manila at 8.00 p.m. the same day.

The steam ship "Takada" will leave Amoy for this port on the 5th instant, and is due here on the 6th instant.

The E. & A. steam ship "Nankin" will leave for Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Osaka, Yokohama, Yokkaichi and Nagoya on or about Wednesday, the 4th instant at midnight.

The B.I. steam ship "Takada" will leave for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Rangoon and Calcutta on or about Sunday, December 8, 1935, at 10.30 a.m.

The B. & S. steamer "Sarpedon" will arrive from Singapore on 7th December, 1935.

FIGHT-WITH FLAMES

Steamer Puts In At Nagoya for Assistance

The freighter Misaki Maru (1,774 tons) had to put in at Nagoya recently in order to extinguish a fire which broke out in the bunkers.

For 19 hours the crew battled away, but were unable to get the upper hand, and the captain eventually decided to enlist assistance at Nagoya. The vessel ran into heavy weather when off Oshima Island, Shizuoka prefecture, and the fire started soon after.

The Misaki Maru is owned by the Hamana Shoten, of Kobe, and is a 1,774-ton ship.

SHIP SINKS IN FLAMES

Over 200 fire fighters were mobilised to extinguish a fire in a small motor ship off Tarumi Japan, on Nov. 6.

Fully loaded with sundry goods and firewood, the Pirel Maru (19 tons) of Oita prefecture was on its way to Osaka. When near Tarumi at about eight, the motor caught fire, and the ship was soon a raging furnace.

Assisted by over 200 fire fighters who sped to the scene, the crew endeavoured to extinguish the fire, but in vain. The ship sank.

SHIPS IN HARBOUR

WEARVES.

Kowloon:—D'Artagnan, Taiwan and Cremer.

Holt's:—Meerkerk and Mentor. Soonyon—Lanchukok—Yat Shing Jardine Matheson's—Sandviken. Douglas Laprak—Hal Yang. Salkang—Wing Wo.

Chiu On:—Hydrangea.

DOCKS.

Kowloon:—Ardent, Yuet On, Michael Jensen, Sul An, Kaitan-gata and Anna Maersk.

Talkoo:—H.M.S. Orpheus, Tung-chow, Yungpan, Hong Hsiang, Kau Sing, Stenator and Com. Henri Riviere.

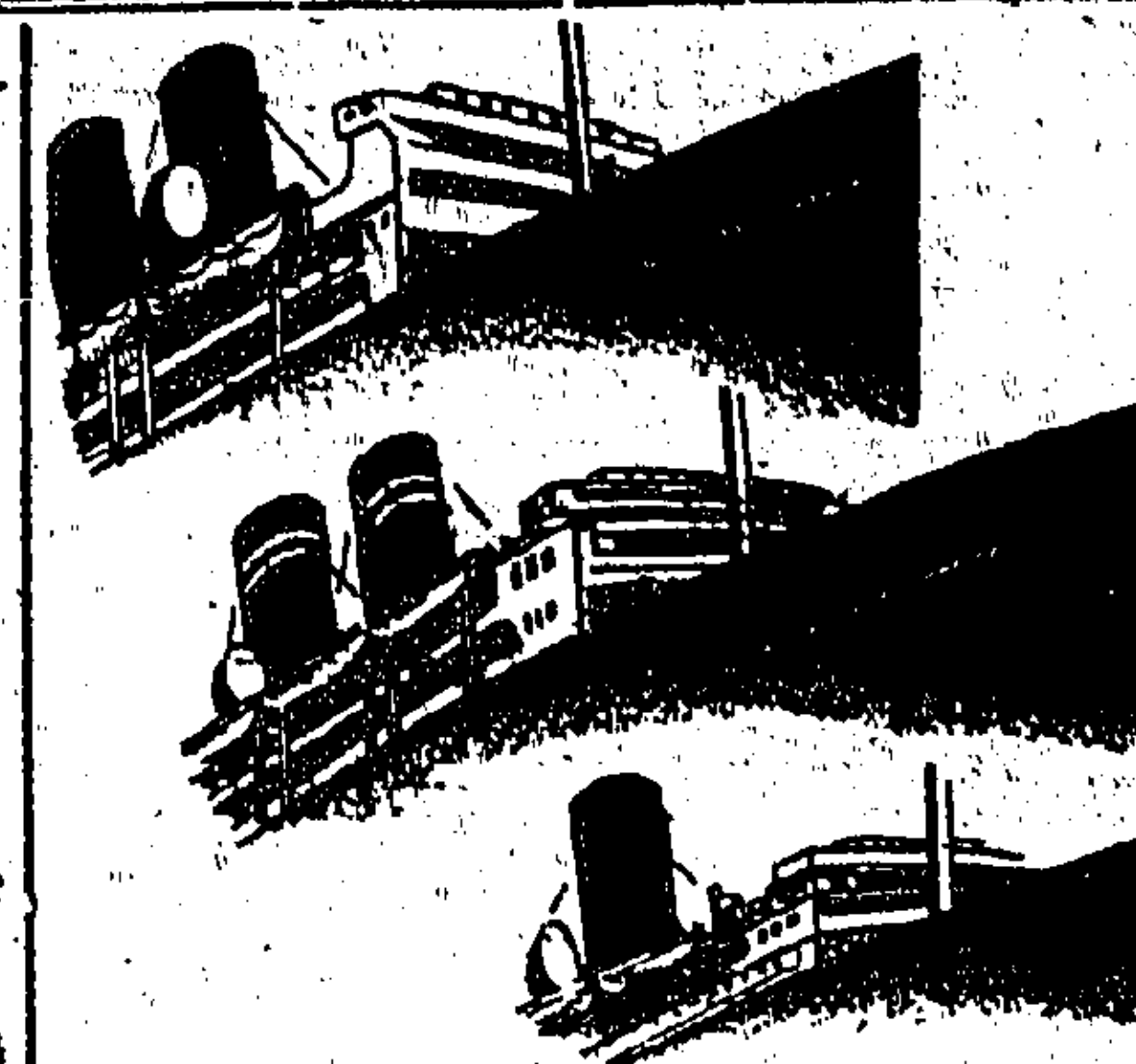
BUOYS.

No. A1—Artzona Maru.
No. A4—Maron.
No. A15—Sumatra Maru.
No. A17—Ixion.
No. B1—Kanchow.
No. B2—Sandviken.
No. B3—Nanchang.
No. B4—Lycemoon.
No. B5—Hellkon.
No. B6—Yung Chi.
No. B8—Hing Sang.
No. B10—Klungchow.
No. B14—Soochow.
No. B15—Kiangsu.
No. B16—Hiram.
No. B17—Yochow.
No. B21—Chengtu.
No. B22—Hin Sang.
No. C1—Froster.

SHIPS IN WIRELESS COMMUNICATION

The following list of ships are expected to be in wireless communication with Hong Kong radio:—

General Sherman, Dahloh, Corfu, Ahamo, Taiwan, Asama Maru, Sumatra Maru, Havanna Maru, Pacific Maru, Glenamoy, Tijssara and Sarpedon.



P. & O. BRITISH INDIA-APCAR AND EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES

MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS
TAKING CARGO FOR

Straits, Java, Burma, Ceylon, India, Persian Gulf, West Indies, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Queensland Ports and Red Sea, Egypt, Istanbul, Greece, Levantine Ports, Europe, etc.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS

under contract with H.M. Government

All sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (About)	Destination
PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL SAILINGS			
*BANGALORE	6,000	7th Dec.	Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
*KIDDERPORE	5,000	9th Dec.	Bombay, Karachi & Persian Gulf.
*ANCHUT	17,000	14th Dec.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*KALDEBA	14,000	28th Dec.	do
*BHUTAN	6,000	4th Jan.	Mars., Havre, London, H'bg, R'dm, Antwerp & Hull.
CARTHAGE	14,500	11th Jan.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*BEHAR	6,000	18th Jan.	Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
*RAJPUTANA	17,000	25th Jan.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*SOUDAN	7,000	1st Feb.	Marseilles, Havre, L'don, H'burg, R'dam, Antwerp & Hull.
CHITRAL	15,000	8th Feb.	Marseilles & London.
CATHAY	15,000	22nd Feb.	Marseilles & London.
*BURDWAN	5,000	29th Feb.	Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, R'dam, Antwerp & Hull.

* Cargo only. † Calls Casablanca. ‡ Calls Tangier.

All vessels may call at Malta.

Frequent connection from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Istanbul, Piraeus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (About)	Destination
*TAKADA	7,000	8th Dec. 10.30 a.m.	Singapore, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta
*TILAWA	10,000	20th Dec.	do
*SANTHA	8,000	3rd Jan.	do
*TALMA	10,000	17th Jan.	do
*SIRDHANA	8,000	31st Jan.	do

* Calls Port Swettenham.

Now is the time to visit Australia & New Zealand

lands of Sunshine and Romance. "Down Under" you will feel a new being and even if you are not inclined towards Sunbathing, Shooting or Mountaineering you will find that the Antipodes have plenty to offer you, including 25° for your pound.

On the way down your life aboard will be as you wish, quiet or hectic for the E. & A. will humor your every whim.

And by the way, there is no additional charge for Deck Cabins and there is of course a Sun Deck, Swimming pool, an Orchestra and a fine laundry.

A Surgeon and Stewards are at your disposal and last but not least—we had almost forgotten—the cuisine will set you listening eagerly for the Gong.

Regular monthly sailings from Hong Kong to Shanghai and Japan and Hong Kong to Australia.

Hong Kong to Sydney—12 days.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—
The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London and
The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via Suez.

The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (About)	Destination
NANKIN	7,000	3rd Dec.	Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane
NELLORE	7,000	1st Feb.	Sydney, Melbourne & Hobart
TANDLA	7,000	6th Mar.	do

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (About)	Destination
NANKIN	7,000	4th Dec.	Shanghai & Japan
SANTHA	8,000	15th Dec.	Amoy, Shanghai & Japan
*BEHAR	6,000	12th Dec.	Shanghai & Japan
CARTHAGE	14,500	12th Dec.	Kangshai, Kobe & Yokohama
TALMA	10,000	28th Dec.	Amoy, Shanghai & Japan
RAJPUTANA	17,000	27th Dec.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
NELLORE	7,000	5th Jan.	Shanghai & Japan

* Cargo only.

ALL DATES are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

For further information, Passage, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to the Agents:—

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

P. & O. BUILDING, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG

Phone 27721

BANK LINE (CHINA) LTD.

AGENTS FOR

ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT
S.S. "CITY OF WELLINGTON" ... Havre, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg. ... 8th Dec.
S.S. "CITY OF EASTBOURNE" ... Havre, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg. ... 9th Jan.

ANDREW WEIR & CO.

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA ... ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE

Loading for Mauritius Reunion, Tamatave, Lourenco Marques, Durban, and Cape Port.

EAST & SOUTH AFRICA. Luxurious Passenger Vessels. ... INDIAN AFRICAN LINE
M.V. "IRIPINGO" ... from Calcutta 4th Jan. ... from Colombo 10th Jan.
M.V. "INCANGA" ... from Calcutta 4th Feb. ... from Colombo 10th Feb.
M.V. "INCOMATI" ... from Calcutta 4th Mar. ... from Colombo 10th Mar.

Taking PASSENGERS and CARGO for Mombasa, Zanzibar, Pemba, Lourenco Marques, Durban, East London, Port Elizabeth, Mossel Bay and Cape Town.

All SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above lines apply to:

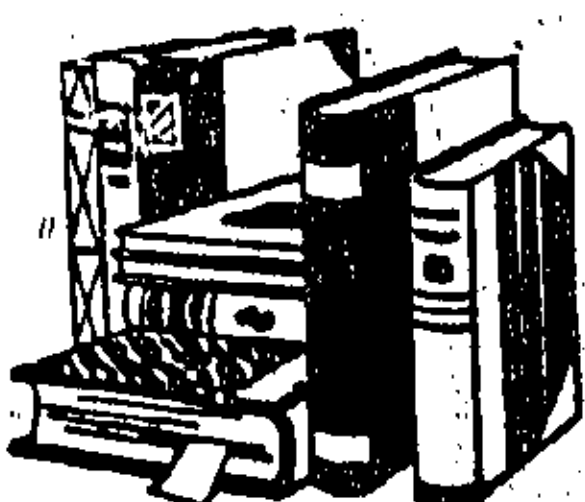
THE BANK LINE (CHINA) LTD.

Telephone 27791

Buying? OR Selling?

EARNEST BUYERS OR SELLERS WHO MEAN BUSINESS ARE PEOPLE WHO TURN TO THE HONGKONG DAILY PRESS WANTADS FOR QUICK RESULTS.

USE AND READ
HONGKONG DAILY PRESS
"WANT" ADVERTISEMENTS.



Good Printing
will get your
Sales Message
across faster—
in a way that it will stick!

Phone or Write direct to:—

HONGKONG DAILY PRESS

Specializes in Printing

Scientific Journals, Missionaries'

Tracts and Reviews.

All kinds of JOB printing,

Book-binding and Stationery

undertaken

At Moderate Prices.

Please call at the Printer's Office at 11, Ice House Street
(Tel. 30251) and not the Middleman for Estimates.

BARBER WILHELMSSEN LINE

MONTHLY SERVICE.

Pacific Panama Atlantic
SAN FRANCISCO PANAMA NEW YORK
LOS ANGELES CRISTOBAL (Colon) BOSTON.
NEXT SAILING

M.S. "TAI SHAN"

ON
18th DECEMBER

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION
FOR 12 PASSENGERS.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
AGENTS

QUEEN'S BUILDING. TELEPHONE 28021.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE

REGULAR AND FAST
FREIGHT AND
PASSENGER SERVICES

LONDON SERVICE

"MENEZES" Sails 4 DEC, for Marseilles, London,
Bremen, Hamburg, & Glasgow
"AENEAS" Sails 17 DEC, for Marseilles, London,
Bremen, Hamburg, & Glasgow

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

"TANTALUS" Sails 23 DEC, for Harer,
Liverpool & Bromborough

NEW YORK SERVICE

"MARON" Sails 4 DEC, for Boston, New York,
Philadelphia, Baltimore, & New Orleans

PACIFIC SERVICE (via Kobe, Yokohama & Honolulu)

"IXION" Sails 12 DEC, for Victoria, Vancouver
& Seattle

INWARD SERVICE

"SARFEDY" 7 DEC, From U.K. via Straits
"TROIUS" 11 DEC, From New York via Manila
"CALCHAS" 18 DEC, From U.K. via Straits
"DEUCALION" 25 DEC, From U.K. via Straits

Especially reduced fares are quoted for cargo steers with
limited passenger accommodation.

For freight, passage rates and information apply to

Butterfield & Swire,

Tel. 30235. Agents: 1, Connaught Road, C.

HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

Authorized Capital \$50,000,000
Issued & Fully Paid-up \$30,000,000
Reserve Funds:—
Sterling \$6,500,000
Silver \$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of
Proprietors \$90,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—HONG KONG

Board of Directors.

S. H. DODWELL, Esq., Chairman

C. C. KNIGHT, Esq., Deputy Chairman

Hon. Mr. W. H. Bell,

A. H. Compton, Esq.,

M. T. Johnson, Esq.,

G. Miskin, Esq.,

Hon. Mr. J. J. Paterson,

T. E. Pearson, Esq.,

J. A. Plummer, Esq.,

A. L. Shields, Esq.,

V. M. Grayburn, Esq., Chief Manager.

BRANCHES:—

Amoy, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Peking, Tientsin, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Manila, Cebu, Singapore, Batavia, Surabaya, Medan, Palembang, Sumatra, Java, Borneo, Penang, Malacca, Malaya, Siam, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Philippines, Java, Borneo, Sumatra, Malaya, Penang, Malacca, Malaya, Siam, Laos, Cambodia, Vietnam, Philippines.

Current Accounts opened in

LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED DE-

POSITS received for one year or

shorter periods in LOCAL CURRENCY

and STERLING on terms which will

be quoted on application.

Also up to date SAFE DEPOSIT

Boxes in various sizes To Let.

Hong Kong, November 1, 1935.

HONG KONG SAVINGS BANK

THE Business of the above

Bank is conducted by the

HONG KONG & SHANGHAI

BANKING CORPORATION. Rules

may be obtained on application.

For the Hong Kong & Shanghai

BANKING CORPORATION.

V. M. GRAYBURN,

Chief Manager.

Hong Kong, 25th February, 1935.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

Authorized Capital £5,000,000

Subscribed Capital £1,500,000

Paid-up Capital £1,050,000

Reserve Fund and Rest £1,247,500

DIRECTORS:

Sir T. S. Catto, Bt., Chairman.

Sir C. A. Innes, K.C.S.G., Esq., Deputy

Sir Thomas Smith, Kt., Esq., Chairman

Sir C. O. Barrie, K.B.E., Esq.

P. R. Chalmers, Esq.

C. J. Hambro, Esq.

J. M. Byrie, Esq.

W. H. Sheldrake, Esq.

BRANCHES:—

Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Hong Kong, India, Japan, London, Madras, Manila, New York, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Suez, Tientsin, Yokohama.

HONG KONG BRANCH:

Every description of Banking

and Exchange Business transacted.

Travellers Cheques issued.

Trustee and Executorships undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-

counts and Fixed Deposits at Rates

that may be ascertained on applica-

tion.

R. KENNEDY,

Manager.

Queen's Road Central.

Hong Kong, 24th July, 1935.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED

Capital (fully paid up) Yen 100,000,000

Reserve Fund Yen 12,450,000.00

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:

Alexandria, Hankow, Hong Kong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Suez, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Hong Kong, India, Japan, London, Madras, Manila, New York, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Suez, Tientsin, Yokohama.

HONG KONG BRANCH:

Every description of Banking

and Exchange Business transacted.

Travellers Cheques issued.

Trustee and Executorships undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-

counts and Fixed Deposits at Rates

that may be ascertained on applica-

tion.

G. KISHINAMI,

Manager.

Hong Kong, 12th September, 1935.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA, INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1858.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

Paid-up Capital £3,000,000

Reserve Fund £3,000,000

Reserve Liability of Pro-

prietors £3,000,000

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:—

ALOR STAR, BANGKOK, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, CANTON, CEBU, COLOMBO, DELHI, HAIPHONG, HANKOW, HARBIN, HONG KONG, KANGAROO, KUALA LUMPUR, KUCHING, MADRAS, MANILA, MEDAN, NEW YORK, PEIPING, PENANG, RANGOON, SINGAPORE, SOERABAYA, SOUTHERN, TIENTSIN, YOKOHAMA.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General

Banking Business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and

FIXED DEPOSITS received for One

Year or shorter periods at rates

which will be quoted on applica-

tion.

A. BREARLEY,

Manager.

Hong Kong January 1st, 1935.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, INC.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital U.S. \$6,000,000.00

Surplus U.S. \$1,183,633.06

Reserves U.S. \$ 370,731.05

BRANCHES:—

Amsterdam, Glasgow, London, Lyons, Madrid, Milan, Moscow, New York, Paris, Rome, San Francisco, Shanghai, Singapore, Suez, Tientsin, Yokohama.

HONG KONG BRANCH:

Every description of Banking

and Exchange Business transacted.

Travellers Cheques issued.

Trustee and Executorships undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-

counts and Fixed Deposits at Rates

that may be ascertained on applica-

tion.

E. W. DUGGAN,

Manager.

Hong Kong, 25th February, 1935.

THE CHASE BANK

6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

An American Bank offering com-

plete Foreign Banking Service in

the principal Markets of the

world.

Interest Rates on Application.

This Bank is entirely owned by

THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK, NEW

YORK, with Resources over U.S.

\$2,027,000,000.00

D. M. BIGGAR,

Manager.

BANK OF EAST ASIA, LIMITED.

Authorized Capital \$10,000,000

Paid-up Capital \$5,000,000

Reserve and Undivided

Profits \$4,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—HONG KONG

No. 10, Des Vaux Road, Central.

Board of Directors:—

Sir Shouson Chow, Chairman.

Li Koon Chun, Esq., Li Lan Sang, Esq.,

P. K. Kwok, Esq., Wong Chu Son, Esq.,

Wong Yung Tong, Esq., Kwa Ying Po, Esq.,

Chan Ching Shek, Esq.

Kan Tong Po, Esq., Chief Manager.

Li Tse Fong, Esq., Manager.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—

Amoy, Canton, Cebu, Hong Kong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Rangoon, Shanghai, Singapore, Suez, Tientsin, Yokohama.

HONG KONG BRANCH:

Every description of Banking

and Exchange Business transacted.

Travellers Cheques issued.

Trustee and Executorships undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Ac-

counts and Fixed Deposits at Rates

that may be ascertained on applica-

tion.

KAN TONG PO,

Chief Manager.

Hong Kong, 12th September, 1935.

THE BANK OF CHINA

Reorganized under special charter
of the National Government as an
INTERNATIONAL SAVINGS BANK.

Paid-up Capital \$40,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE:—SHANGHAI.

Branches, Sub-branches and

Agencies all over China.

HONG KONG OFFICE

4, Queen's Road Central.

Canton — Koo Yee Street.

Swatow — Yee Kam Fong.

Kowloon — Sun See Road.

Kingchow — Tak Sing Sha.

Offices in London and Osaka.

Correspondents in all commercial

centres of the World.

We transact general banking

business and extend to our clients

special facilities for domestic and

foreign exchange.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE

From December 4 to 10, 1935.

HIGH WATER. LOW WATER.

Day of Week. Day of Month. Hong Kong Standard Time. Height. Hong Kong Standard Time. Height.

Wed. 4. h. m. f. m. h. m. f. m.

Thurs. 5. 12 55 5 6 10 04 2 4

Fri. 6. 1 39 5 7 1 54 3 8

Sat. 7. 2 01 5 8 2 18 3 4

Sun. 8. 2 19 5 9 2 36 3 0

Mon. 9. 2 37 5 10 2 54 2 6

Tues. 10. 2 55 5 11 3 12 2 2

HONGKONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, Dec. 3.

Previous On Date On Date

Day at 4 p.m. 1 a.m. 4 p.m.

Barometer 30.7 30.24 30.13

Temperature 86 83 83

Humidity 77 83 76

Wind Direction NNE NE N

Force 3 4 3

Weather O O O

Rain 0 0 0

Highest open-air Temperature, 27.1

Lowest open-air Temperature, 3.63

B=Blue sky; C=Cloudy; D=

Drizzle; F=Fog; L=Lightning;

M=Mist; O=Overcast; P=Passing

Showers; J=J squalls; R=Rain;

T=Thunder.

JOB PRINTING.

The HONGKONG

DAILY PRESS, LTD. wish